

TOON TRIUMPH THE BIG GAME THAT **NEWCASTLE WON** 

COCO CHANEL LIVES AGAIN IN A CHELSEA GARDEN



# INDEP

# Rich nations snub pleas of the poor

THE LEADERS of the rich nations words at the end of the Group of Eight summit in Birmingham, the provement in the very limited measures at present in place.

The prime ministers and presito support a "speedy and deter- quate, unworkable and unfair. mined" extension of debt relief to more countries and announced an of- main topics discussed at a less forfer of "interim" relief.

The words came not in a joint communiqué, as the G8 bas issued on other issues, but in a statement issued by the British Prime Minister, Tony Blair. It was interpreted as evidence of a split within the G8 leaders whom the British failed to

courage all eligible countries to take summits in the Seventies. While the policy measures needed to em- jobs and training, transnational bark on the process as soon as pos-. crime and world economic growth the international institutions and the subject that bad aroused most other creditors to ensure that when they qualify, countries get the relief lief measures whenever necessary."

Countries' Initiative (HIPC). It did oothing to address the urgency of poor countries, particularly in Africa, making major cuts in bealth and education budgets - to free money to ers had promised less than Gordon pay debts - at a time when child mor- Brown, the Chancellor, had proposed

tality, malnutrition and illiteracy is in his Mauritius mandate under soaring throughout the continent.

After a weekend in which some yesterday turned a deaf ear to the 60,000 demonstrators ringed the G8 pleas of the world's poor for more conference centre calling for urgeot effective debt relief. Despite warm action on debt, aid agencies ex- things. They wanted: pressed grave disappointment at the a reduction in the number of years lack of new measures. While British meeting offered no significant im- officials insisted that the proposals represented a breakthrough in advancing debt ooto the international agenda, deht campaigners branded dents of the major powers promised the summit's response as inade-

Third World debt was one of four

Plea to Pakistan, page II Leading article, page 18 Paul Vallely, page 19

Inside

persuade to more radical measures. mal, more focused summit designed The statement said: "We eo- to recapture the spirit of the early d: "We will work with were also on the ageoda, debt was

popular interest in Britain. Tens of thousands of people they need, including interim debt re- from churches, aid agencies and community groups - came out on to This was largely a reiteration of the streets of Birmingham on Satthe existing Highly Indebted Poor urday under the banner of the Jubilee-2000 coalitioo to call for a one-off cancellation of poor countries' debt for the millennium. A spokesman for Jubilee 2000 said that the G8 lead-

which three-quarters of the world's poorest countries would qualify for

debt relief by 2000. Campaigners had hoped for four

(six) that poor countries bave to follow a strict IMF economic reform programme before they qualify for HIPC debt relief;

war-torn countries like Rwanda to be exempt from the six-year-rule; more relief to be made available to the few who do qualify - Mozambique HIPC has reduced debt by just 27 pence per Mozambican a year; and countries to be allowed to set aside money for bealth and education before calculations on debt pay-

None of this bas been done, though Mr Blair said that special arrangements for countries that had suffered war or civil strife were in prospect and that G8 members will "enhance" mutual co-operatioo on infectious and parasitie diseases, including malaria and Aids.

Members of the US pressed satisfaction with the need for 'sound" reforms in recipient countries - an emphasis which aid agencies interpreted as evidence that

harsb conditionality would continue. Ed Mayo, Jubilee 2000's chairman, one of the debt campaigners who met Mr Blair after Saturday's sixmile-long human chain rally, said the Prime Minister's warm words theo had not been matched by the final statement. "There's a sense of deep disappointment," be said.

#### 300,000 turn out to salute Arsenal's foreign legion



A young Arsenal supporter shows his enthusiasm for his heroes at Islington Town Hall, north London yesterday Photograph: Rui Xavier

day that legends of a different era bad made this journey.

From the art-deco portals of Highbury to the adoring throng at Islington Town Hall on board an open-topped bus, the route was the same. So too was the cargo: the Championship trophy and the FA

Cup.
Only the names were different. In 1971, the last time Arsenal com-

FOR the middle-aged meo nursing pleted the clusive Double, it was the Vieira, squeezing out a rhyme from to remember these men as heroes enerously from frayed Arsenal and Kennedy, managed by Bertie Bergkamp, one banner read "100 If we have to wait this loog ag jerseys, it seemed like only yester- Mee, who proved they were the finest of their generation.

In 1998, it was Overmars, Bergkamp, Anelka and Vieira, managed by Arsène Wenger, who achieved the same feat. But, under blue skies and mid-day heat approaching 90F, the names did not matter to the 300,000 fans who lined the route of the celebrations.

"He comes from Senegawww , he plays for Arsenawww", they sang of love the old heroes but I want Adam disorderly.

manuel Petit they sang: "He's tall, then."

be's quick/ His name's a porno flic." In short, the sea of red had taken them to their hearts as if they had been born inside the Highbury ground itself.

"As soon as they put that shirt on, their nationality is Arsenal," said Adrian Terry, 33, who celebrated with his five-year-old son, Adam. "I

bangovers, their beer guts spilling likes of Radford, George, Wilsoo the words Arsenal and Senegal. Of the next time we win the Double. per cent Arsenal. And of Em- be might have a son of his own by

As each of the team boisted the trophies in turn, the crowd went wild. But it was a day of peaceful, if hoisterous, celebration. On Saturday, after Arsenal's 2-0 defeat of Newcastle, trouble spilled out of several Highbury pubs, two cars were set alight and 38 people were arrested, mainly for being drunk and

# Blair enlists Clinton for 'Yes' vote

By David McKittrick Ireland Correspondent

PRESIDENT Clinton yesterday lent his personal weight to the campaign for a Yes vote in Friday's referendums in Ireland, holding out the prospect of major oew US investment for an agreed new political settlement. Together with Tony Blair, the Pres-

ident appealed to voters to make a new start, saying they had nothing to lose by giving the Good Friday agreement

In Birmingham for the G8 summit, have a very interesting, very rich, very good life if they vote to live together. No on Friday. If they vote to stay apart, they are still going to be frustrated, distrustful, an-mending a No vote was that of Lord gry and a little bit left out.".

ground of increasing Government anxiety about the Unionist vote in the 10 MPs in opposing the agreement. Northern Ireland refereodum, fol- In his intervention, President Clinmajority of Protestants intend to vote braced, anybody who returns to with your friends, you make peace and which Mr Blair is due to make to



he declared: "The people are going to Tony Blair and Hillary Clinton chat before a concert at the G8 summit

The latest Unionist voice recom-Molyneaux, David Trimble's prede-His comments came against a back- cessor as leader of the Ulster Unionist pose it. party, who has joined six of the party's

violence is never going to be a friend of the United States. We won't tolerate it, we won't support it, we will do everything we can to affirmatively op-

He recalled the late Israeli prime minister Yitzhak Rabin telling him in 1993; before signing an agreement

then you make friends." He said the

but the risks of doing it are so much less than the risks of walking away. Why take the risk that this moment won't present itself again for another generation?"

The Government will be hoping that lowing opinion surveys showing that a ton stressed: "If this agreement is em-

Belfast this week, will change the pattern of recent weeks, which bas seen a steady growth in the number of Unionists intending to vote No.

Mr Blair himself sought to soothe Unionist opinion with assurances on the future of the RUC, the position on accelerated prisoner releases and the arms decommissioning issue.

He said of the possibility of an adverse referendum result: "We are here and we will try and pick up the pieces as best we can. We pick up the pieces when everything goes wrong, but we would be in a situation where it wouldn't be the status quo."

Meanwhile, a large car bomh left outside an RUC station in the town of people of Northern Ireland "can get Armagh was made safe yesterday by over this. It's a little bit of a leap of faith army experts. The device, which contained 760lb of explosives, is assumed to be the handiwork of a dissident republican faction.

Unionists march towards No vote, page 19

## Britain's fifth richest woman turns screw on her tenants

By Steve Boggan

A PROPERTY company owned by Britain's fifth-richest woman one place shead of the Queen - is attempting to increase rents for some of its tenants by more than 200 per cent. Bankway Properties, part of

Pears. 64, a pensioner whose family is worth \$260m, has applied for the increase to the Rent Officer Service, which fixes fair rents for secured tenants.

If approved, it will result in rent rises from £82 a week to £250 for some residents, and from £120 to £250 for others. Bankway Properties, part of a network of companies owned by the William Pears Family Holdings group, has made the application in respect of Hylda

a group headed by Clarice Court, a 1930s mansion block landlords because rents can be to squeeze out its ulder tenants of 30 flats near Hampstead, north London.

Some residents, who include pensioners who have lived there for more than 30 years, claim the increase is part of a business plan aimed at pricing them out of their homes. As tensured shorthold tenancies.

charged at market rates. Bankway acquired Hylda

Court in March 1996 when all the residents held protected tenancies. Since then, some residents have been issued with demands for rent arrears they claim they do not owe; some ants with old-style protected have been issued with notices tenancies, they have more to quit; others have simply left rights - and usually lower rents because of constant noise as va-- than the moré common as- cated flats are renovated and let out at higher rents. The latter is favoured by The company denies trying

but does admit to wanting to make as much money at it can. "We're not social landlords

or a council housing depart-

ment or a housing association," said the company's estates manager, Nick Stanley. "The idea is to maximise the income from the building. But we have done nothing wrong and we have nuthing to be ashamed of. We are simply trying to get the market rate for the flats." The reclusive landlady, page 6

#### in brief Winchester fear

WINCHESTER College, Britain's oldest public school, may net £100m from a huge bousing development that could threaten the character of the historic city. Page 3

#### lakarta waits

JAKARTA was oo tenterhooks as two generals struggled to wrest power from President Suharto, and an opposition leader promised to hring a millioo protesters out oo to the streets. Page 14

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WEATHER, P2 CROSSWORDS, P24 AND EYE P10 TODAY'S TELEVISION, EYE P12 FULL CONTENTS, P2

#### TOMORROW

#### **■** Terry **Pratchett:** why Discworld is just like High Wycombe

**■** Phil Hammond: secrets of an after-dinner

speaker

■ Network+ Breaking up is hard to do what next for Microsoft?



**G8** Summit Foreign Features Leader & letters Comment **Obituaries** The back page Sports Tabloid Crosswords 24 & The Eye 10 TV & radio The Eye, 12



# Tories seek judge for Sandline inquiry

Andrew Burcombe

THE INDEPENDENT inquiry into the Foreign Office handling of the "arms to Africa" crisis is expected to be headed, not by a judge or barrister, but by a former civil servant.

The inquiry into the possible in supporting mercenaries, could begin in days now that the separate Customs & Excise investigation is believed to have come down against prosecuting military consultants" Sandline International Ltd.

It is believed that one of the reasons a prosecution is unlikely to take place is that Sandline would argue the "Matrix-Churchill" defence, claiming they believed they were acting with official approval.

The Conservatives will today in the Commons try to put Robin Cook, the Foreign Secretary, on the spot by calling for an independent inquiry headed by a judge.

But The Independent has learned that that has been ruled out by ministers. One insider said: "He is not a judge or a barrister but he has a legal background, and knows the working of government." However, the move could open the way for accusations of a whitewash, if the inquiry fails to be seen as rigorous in its work.

Michael Howard, the Shadow Foreign Secretary, who will lead the Tory attack today, said on GMTV: "We need an independent inquiry outside Parliament - someone like a judge who has full powers to hear all the evidence from all the witnesses, to go through it meticulously and then reach a view and publish a report.

We want all the evidence in public so we can all see ex-

actly what went on."

derstood to have concluded that while there is evidence that the shipment of arms to Sierra Leone, in support of the elected president Tejan Ahmed Kabbah, may have been in breach of UN sanctions, they have decided there is little prospect of a conviction.

Sky Air Cargo Services, the involvement of senior officials airline which actually flew the weapons, is also unlikely to face

> A decision on whether to prosecute has still to be made by the Attorney General, John Morris. His decision, to be announced by Customs, could be made public today.

An announcement that no criminal prosecution is to be carried out would clear the way for the Foreign Office inquiry to be set up by the Foreign Secretary. It would allow us to get cracking," said a source.

Lt Col Tim Spicer, the former British Army officer who heads Sandline International, was yesterday understood to be pending the day on a beach on the south coast with his children.

Sandline has always insisted it acted lawfully in supplying arms and training to reinstate President Kabbah, who was deposed in a coup in May 1997, even though the shipment appeared to breach a UN resolution banning arms sales to the country. It said it had regular hriefings with senior officials in the FCO.

The Foreign Secretary has denied giving a "nod and wink" to Sandline and is said by friends to be "relishing the prospect" of a debate against the Tories to put his side of the case.

Tony Blair vesterday continued to defend Mr Cook saying he led the restoration "from a brutal military coup d'état of a democratically elected regime.... The person in charge of doing that was the Foreign Secretary The Customs inquiry is un- and he did it excellently."



## Straw allays fears on human rights laws

Home Affairs Correspondent

JACK STRAW, the Home Secretary, has made a concession to religious leaders to allay their fears that new human rights laws could allow homosexuals to marry in church.

Religious leaders were concerned that the resistance to gay weddings in church could be interpreted as a breach of the European Convention on Human Rights, which is now being incorporated into British law.

But the Government will today appounce an amendment to the Human Rights Bill to ensure that courts recognise "the importance of the Convention right of freedom of thought, conscience and religion".

cussions between Mr Straw and church leaders. A Home Office spokesman said: "The amendnent that the Government has tabled addresses the church's concern about the potential effect of the Human Rights Bill on religious organisations."

Bishops and religious leaders have already inflicted three defeats on the Government in the Lords amid claims that the new laws could lead to changes over church policy on homosexuality and education. It was further feared that the legislation could

force churches to allow divorcees to remarry in church. The Roman Catholic church was concerned that it might be challenged on sex discrimination grounds by women who were pre-

vented from becoming priests. Another amendment, this time to the Education Bill, will also be announced today to address the concern of religious leaders that the new laws might render them powerless to prevent atheists teaching at church

schools. News of the amend-

ments prompted speculation of

a political clash between Mr Straw and the Lord Chancellor, Lord Irvine of Lairg, who was understood to have thought that such changes were unnecessary. But yesterday the two de partments quickly closed ranks.

spokesman for the Lord Chancellor's Department said. the amendments had been "fuldiscussed and agreed" between the relevant ministers.

Leading article, page 18

#### Cudlipp, giant of the tabloids, dies

By Andrew Buncombe

LORD CUDLIPP, the man considered by many to be the : greatest ever tabloid journalist, has died after suffering from lung cancer.

His family announced that he died at home in Chichester, ·West Sussex, yesterday morning. He was 84. Cudlipp remains Fleet Street's

youngest-ever editor, having taken charge of the Sunday Pictorial - later the Sunday Mirror - at the age of 24. But it was on the Daily Mirror that Hugh Cudlipp really made his mark. During the 1940s and 1950s, he transformed the paper into something both

Former Daily Mirror editor Richard Stott said: "Hugh Cudtabloid journalists there ever journalism".

popular and high-minded. . .



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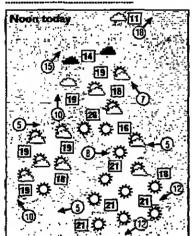
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was. He was the architect of the Mirror of the 40s and 50s."

Mike Molloy, editor of the Daily Mirror from 1975 to 1985, described Cudlipp as "the most lipp was one of the greatest exciting man you could meet in

#### WEATHER



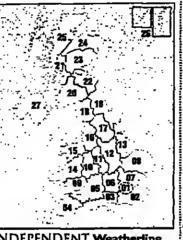
England and Wales will have another line day with an early fog clearing to leave prolonged spells of strong surshine. It will become pleasantly warm in most There may also be a few troublesome patches of seamist near the north-east coast. Northern Ireland and most of Scotland will also have a line day with surnov periods developing after a misty start. However, the tar north of Scotland will be cloudy with drizzle possible.

Outlook for the next few days Tomorrow will be dry and survey again over England and Wales. Northern freiand and southern Scotland will also remain fine, but northern Scotland will be duller with rain. On Wednesday, rain will push south through suriny over most of England and Wales. Thursday and Friday will be fine and bright, but Scotland will be noticeably cooler with overnight pround frost possible

British Isles weather most recent available figure 2 noon local aloo C.cloudy; Cl.clear; Etale; Fg.fog; Hz.haze; M.mist; R.rake; Aberdeen S 1559 leverness Ayr Bulfast S 1753 Ipswinh

S 1753 Isles at ScillyF 1561 Birmingham S 1955 Jersey Blankpont S 1955 Liverpant Buerdemath F 2170 Loods S 1763 Manchester S 1986 F 2068 Newcastin S 1864 Carditt S 1763 Ortord S 2058 Plymenth C 1763 Searberoegh F 1551 Oablin S 1561 Southumpter S 2272 F 1457 Southend S 1881 Edinburgh S 1854 Sternoway Eneter

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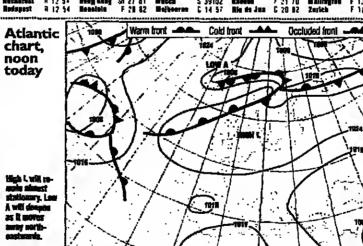


INDEPENDENT Weatherline

1917 54

Moon rises 01 35 Moon sets 11 22

Atlantic chart,



What if something goes wrong



**HARTSTON** WEATHER

WISE

casting the weather is mainly one of timescale. Thanks to increased knowledge and faster computers, today's short-term forecasts are remarkably accurate up to a day or two of long-term trends means that we can be pretty confithree days and 10,000 years about, it is good to know that

The ambitious programme on their efforts.

of the International Clivar Project Office, however, intends to tackle it.

Clivar - a study of Climate Variability and Predictability is a new project of the World Climate Research Programme which spans a wide range of timescales. As its director, Dr John Gould, explains: "It will conduct research aimed at such questions as: Can we predict whether next year's monsoon will be good or bad? Can we say when the next EI Niño will be? ... Can we define precisely what its impacts will be?"

. The answers to questions THE PROBLEM of fore- such as these will give perhaps the only real measure of the extent to which we are able to forecast the weather more

than three days ahead. The Clivar project office is in the process of moving from ahead, and our understanding Hamburg to Southampton which, as we mentioned on Friday, was the bottest place dent that the earth will suffer in the country last week. Even another ice age within the next if this is not a clear confir-10,000 years or so. It's those mation that these Clivar chaps irritating periods between know what they are talking that are the main problem. the weather gods are smiling

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# Winchester College's £100m housing scheme could threaten the character of historic city

By Michael McCarthy **Environment Correspondent** 

WINCHESTER College, Britain's oldest public school, may net £100m from a huge housing development that could seriously damage the character of the historic cathedral city.

The college has let it be known that it is prepared to sell its 300-acre Barton Farm estate on the edge of Winchester, which it says has potential for 2,000 houses, if the land becomes zoned for residential development. Local surveyors say that in the current booming land market, each house plot would be worth £50,000. However, the development

would destroy a substantial green wedge" on the north side of the city - the opposite side from the college - and seriously damage the city's character, according to a government planning inspector who last year threw out an initial attempt by the college to have the site zoned for housing, with scathing criticism.

Undaunted, the college is now making it clear that it remains willing to sell the land, and the huge pressure for bousing space in Hampshire may yet give it another opportunity.

It could be part of Hampshire County Council's forthcoming structure plan, which will allocate planned housing cil planning committee and across the county for the years now a senior member of the 2001 to 2011, starting with a crucial meeting today.

The college's willingness to allow Barton Farm's rolling

with bricks and mortar is producing all-party concern in

Davies, leader of the Labour group on the city council. This would completely undermine and the water meadows of the the character of Winchester if it goes ahead."

"I think it's appalling," said Mrs Pat Edwards, a former Tory chairman of the city coun-"It's well away from the college, so I suppose it doesn't bother them. It's just an easy way for them to make a lot of money."

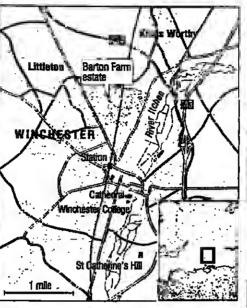
ham's 14th-century founda-"It's shameful," said Patrick fees of £14,000 a year, the highest academic standards,

sex, called Cala Homes (South) take advantage of the vibrant Winchester Preservation Trust. market for housing land in Hampshire, worth £750,000 an acre - once planning permis-

exquisite medieval huildings,

company from Staines, Middle-

sion is given.

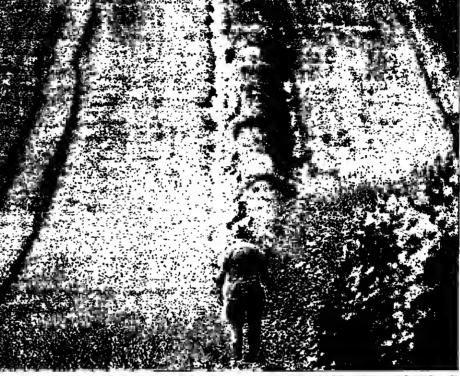


Critics say selling off Barton Farm to make way for a housing development would alter the character of the city (top and right), but the college, Britain's oldest public scho (left), is sticking to its decision Photographs: John Lawrence; Newsteam

To do so, William of Wyke- inspector who backed the council's rejection of the tion, whose 675 pupils enjoy, for scheme pointedly referred to what it would destroy.

"Winchester is characterised by long wedges and fingers of countryside running River Itchen, has teamed up into the city," he wrote. "These with a property development create the green setting for which the city is famous." Barton Farm was nine such.

he said, it made a hig contri-Together they are trying to bution to the character of the north side of the city, and housing on it would be substantially intrusive. It would hring the urban edge of of the city out into the countryside "in



thereby seriously affecting the deputy prime minister and ensetting and character of Winintervene to restore this.

Today, after more than a year's discussion, Hampshire sen, reserve areas for major committee is likely to decide on the number of houses Hampshire is committed to hulld in tres on Barton Farm, will be our assets." trolling Tory group is likely to

be 42,400. However, government planlast year on the draft of the county's structure plan said

vironment secretary, could still

If the latter figure is cho-County Council's planning housing development in the county will be needed, and north Winchester, which centhe perind 2001 to 2011. The one of them: it was visited by figure put forward by the con- councillors from Hampshire, Portsmonth and Southampton on 9 March.

The following month, an ning inspectors whn reported interview with the college's estates bursar, Robin Chute, appeared out of the blue in Winthat the figure should be chester's weekly newspaper, In 1995, the government an unacceptable manner, 56,000, and Juho Prescott, the the Hampshire Chronicle, in

dom, decide there should be housing to the north of Wiochester, we will liaise with them to see that the housing is nf the most sensitive kind that can be there, and that it meets the needs of the local people." he said. He confirmed that the num-

if it were designated for hous-ing. "If the council, in their wis-

ber of houses the college envisaged was 2,000. "If the county decided they wanted to develop the entire farm, you could probably get that num-

Mr Organ said he did not know how much the land would be worth. However, Winchester's leading land valuer, Hume Johnson, a partner in James Harris, the city's 150-year-old firm of chartered surveyors, said it would be worth £50,000 per plot.

"If they were to put that land on the market, they would be knocked over in the rush of developers," he said. "The market here is extremely buoyant." Another surveyor confirmed his figure, saying: "This would be magic money. The market is red-hot

Winchester College is described in a current guide to public schools as "a marvellous school for robust, able boys." The atmosphere is said to be "friendly, stimulating, decidedly intellectual", and the teaching "outstanding", offering several languages, compulsory Latin Mr Chute was not available and exceptionally strong maths, science and computing.

Environmental studies, however, is not in the curricu-

## TVs' top women fight for current affairs role

Media Correspondent

THE major ITV regional companies will bid this week for a new £10m curnent affairs series which is expected to be the flagship of serious news coverage on the network.

Six bidders will line up to pitch for the prime-time, hour-long weekly current affairs contract, said to be worth £10m a year to the victor. Although bidders have been warned not to compete to sign deals with star presenters in order to keep costs down, several key names in television current affairs are said to be involved in the bids, including Kirsty Wark, Trevor MacDonald and Sue Lawley.

The new series has been tentatively mooted to air at 10pm if and when News at Ten is split into two half-hour bulletins at 6.30pm and

11pm. ITV has given no official notification of the programme's scheduling, but bidders say they have been nudged towards "that kind of

Whichever tender emerges on top, News at Ten producer ITN will work with the winner, lending editorial support, news footage and --sources to the series. That is where the common ground ends.

The leading contenders are Granada Televisinn and Carlton Television. Granada is rumoured to be banking on Desert Island Discs presenter, Sue Lawley to provide the necessary gravitas. The Granada bid is believed to focus around the long running World in Action, which has been at the centre of rumours about its future following the abrupt departure of its editor.

Also part of the Granada Media

week confirmed that it had signed a long-term agreement to bring arguably ITV's most famous investigative reporter, Roger Cook, out of retirement. The deal guarantees at least two separate hour-long specials Kirsty Wark is a good bet to

from Cook early next year.

Granada's main rival, Carlton Television, has mooted the "dream and this current affairs flagship. team" of Channel 5's headline-grabhing news anchor Kirsty Ynung and News at Ten mainstay Trevor Mac-Donald in an attempt to hold on to the traditional audience, but also pull in some younger viewers. Carltnn's hid is named 24:7.

Sources within ITV consider Carlton's bid unlikely to triumph this week, despite a strong team. ITV has three major factual series to commission this year: the ITV Debate



host ITV's current affairs show

Carlton is currently lined up to produce the first two - three might look like favouritism.

A favoured outsider is Scottish Television, which has teamed up with a Glasgow-based independent production company, Wark Clements. The hidders declined to comment on whether the independent's cofounder and Newsnight anchor Kirsty Wark features in their proposal, hut Wark has been spotted in and around

#### ready to fight biggest antitrust case By David Usborne in New York A DEFIANT Bill Gates yesterday

declared that Microsoft, the company that has made him the world's richest man, was innocent of charges being laid against it by the United States defend itself in what promises to be one of the biggest anti-trust court cases in American history.

Mr Gates spoke ont after lastditch negotiations between Microsoft and government lawyers ended in abrupt failure on Saturday. It now seems certain that lawsuits will be filed against the company this morning by the US Justice Department as well as by the attorneys general of

about 20 US states. The simple act of filing the lawsuits is likely to cast a chill on the US hi-tech sector and could trigger a mnrning, some Wall Street analysts warned last night.

Gates says 'I am innocent', and gets

willingness to sell.

He was reported as saying:

"We have told the county we

will make available our land at

Barton Farm for housing if

directed. We have got to think

about how to make the most of

The college needed large

sums to maintain its Grade 1

listed ancient hulldings and to

replenish its foundation funds,

for comment at the weekend,

but his colleague Bill Organ,

the college bursar, confirmed

that the land would still be sold

he told the newspaper.

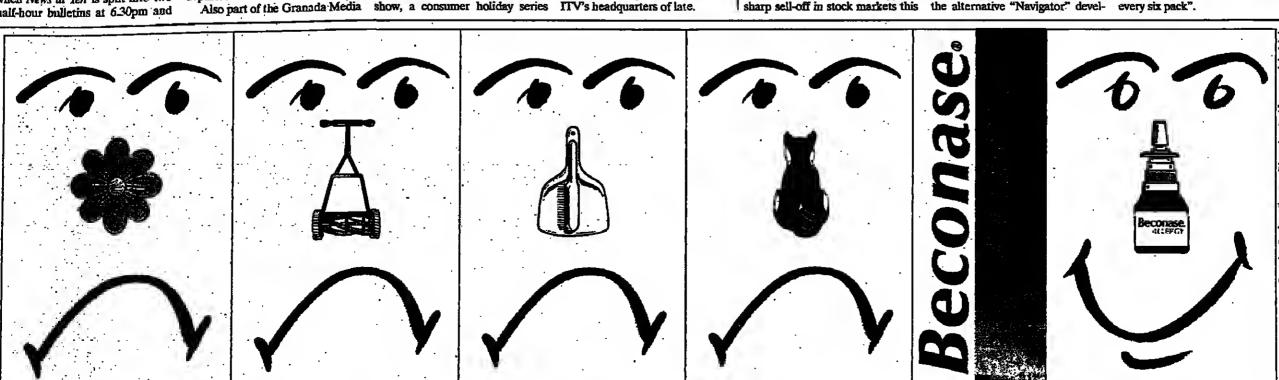
Microsoft said that it would begin shipping Windows 98 to computer makers today and that it would stick to its deadline of 25 June for having it in computer shops.

The government and the 20 states government and was ready right to are expected to accuse Microsoft of illegally abusing its dominant position in the operating system market to restrict consumer choice and to extend its grip to the Internet sector by flattening all potential competitors, most notably arch-rival Netscape Communications.

> A key concern for government lawyers is Microsoft's ability to "bundle" additional functions of its own intn the Windows start-up menu, such as the "Internet Explorer" browser that gives users direct access to the World Wide Web. Thus few consumers pause even to consider

oped by Netscape. In a video-taped ssaged distributed by Microsoft, Mr Gates said he was "very disappointed" by the collapse of the peace talks. "Microsoft is innocent of any of these charges and we're certainly going to defend ourselves vigorously," he said.

Sources close to the meetings, however, suggested that they had broken up only after Mr Gates himself ordered his lawyers to withdraw concessions they had put on the table. Mr Gates is thought to have been enraged by demands that Microsoft actually incorporate Netcape's Navigator browser as a function automatically appearing on the Windows 98 menu. The request was dismissed as "simply nutrageous, over the top,". by Microsoft spokesperson, Greg Shaw. It would, he said, he "like telling Coke that they have to have three cans of Pepsi in



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These are crucial days for the Good Friday agreement, which goes before the electorate in Northern Ireland on Friday. David McKittrick, Ireland correspondent, looks at the early release of prisoners, a key issue for the Protestant community



Michael Stone is serving a life sentence for six murders and four attempted murders, his attack on a republican funeral at Militown In March 1988 got graphic and international coverage in the media. Last week he appeared at a rally supporting the Yes vote.



Patrick Magee was part of an IRA team which almost succeeded in assassinating Margaret Thatcher and other Cabinet ministers at the Grand Hotel in Brighton in October 1984, Five



William Moore was one of the Shankill Butchers gang which carried out a series of sectarian murders, some of them involving sadistic torture. Moore pleaded guilty to 11 murders. He has been out of jail on day release, doing community service in Belfast.



Hugh Doherty and the Balcombe Street gang carried out about 50 bombings and shootings in the early 1970s and killed at least 16 people. Their jail sentences totalled more than 2,000 years. Last week, they appeared at the Sinn Fein meeting which endorsed the "yes" vote.







Gordon Hamilton-Fairley, a cancer specialist, was killed in October 1975. His daughter Dr Diana Hamilton-Fairley is campaigning for a yes vote. She said: "People in Northern Ireland must find a way to live in peace and I believe the peace agreement must be supported with a resounding yes."

# Protesters • Will put ancient law on trial 10 56 in Europe

By Ian Burrell Home Affairs Correspondent

HELENSTEEL, one of the protesters who took on fast good giant McDonald's in the longest-running libel frial in English legal history, will today make a court challenge to the government over its 600 year-old breach of the peace legislation.

Ms Steel will appear before the European Court of Human Rights in Strasbourg to claim that her arrest and detention for attempting to disrupt a grouse: shoot was a breach of her human rights. She is among six plaintiffs who are claiming that the breach of the peace law, which dates back to 1361, is being used by police to deny people their right to freedom of expression and freedom of assembly.

The cases are being supported by the civil-rights organisation, Liberty. Philip Leach, Liberty's director of law and policy, said that because the law had oever been defined by parliameot, its meaning was vague and open to wide interpretation.

"This effectively makes it impossible for protesters to stay within the law," he said.

Ms Steel was arrested during a protest at a grouse shoot in Whitby, north Yorkshire, in 1992. She was charged with causing a hreach of the peace and was detained for 44 hours to prevent any further breach. After refusing to be bound. over, she was jailed for 28 days.

Also challenging the law in Strasbourg are three protesters, Andrea Needham, David Polden and Christopher Cole, arrested while distributing leaflets during a London demonstration against the sale of fighter belicopters. Another challenge will come from Rebecca Lush, detained after being arrested during a protest against the M11 extension in east London.

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All the cases will now be heard in court, together with that of Sally McLeod, who is challenging the use of the breach of the peace law to justify police actions in a matrimonial dispute.

The European Commission of Human Rights ruled in April 1997 that there had been no violation of human rights in respect conceded that there had in relation to the helicopter protest-

Ms McLeod is challenging the Commissioo's finding in 1997 that the police entering her flat to help her husband retrieve his belongings did not amount to a violation of her human rights.



Thomas McErlean, one of the mourners, was killed in the attack. His mother Sally (above) was angry at seeing Stone at the rally in Ulster Hall. She said: "I don't think he feels any remorse. He killed my killed my son and killed other people. I certainly don't think he should be released."



Harvey Thomas, who was the organiser of the Tory party conference that year, survived the blast without serious injuries despite being thrown up to the ceiling back down again. Mr Thomas said Magee should serve his time for all the pain and suffering he had caused.



Cornelius Neeson, a 49-year-old bingo-caller, was attacked by the Shankhill butchers. One of the gang, scouting for a Catholic victim, struck Mr Neeson with a hatchet and then hit him repeatedly. William Moore then kicked him viciously about the head, face and upper body.

# Killers who hold Ulster vote to ransom

ONE of the ironies of the present that Northern Ireland has for many ers with paramilitary associations years had the most liberal prisoo pol- are likely to benefit from the proposed icy in the UK.

For well over a decade prisoners degree. have benefited from release schemes caused very little political controversy, with almost all parties either openly or quietly io favour of it.

In the cootext of the Good Friday agreement, however, Protestants and Unionists questioned for opinions cite the proposed early release of prisoners as their main reason for intending to vote No in Friday's alists, are now free after serving sen-

The actual numbers involved have wave of Unionist disapproval to the received little attention. The figures idea of early release of prisoners is show that approximately 400 prisonarrangements, to a greater or lesser 'release proposals.

Overall, no official figures are markedly more lenieot from those in available for the oumbers who have operation in Britain or indeed in the over the past three decades been to of victims who have spoken publicly Irish Republic. The approach has prisoo for paramilitary offences. A rough estimate, however, comes up with a figure of around 13,000 who have been behind bars.

A precise figure can be given for those who have been released after serving life sentences, almost all of which were imposed for murder, 408 lifers, half republicans and half loytences varying from eleven years to

20 years. The lifers release scheme began in 1984 with the support of almost all parties, including that of the Rev Ian Paisley's Democratic Uniooists. which takes greatest exception to the Over the years criticism of the sys-

tem from the victims and their relatives has been muted and a majority in recent weeks appear to be in rayour of a res referendum vote.

have been minimal, and partly because lifers were influential in bringing about the paramilitary ceasefires.

Among those released already have been most members of the in-

who in the 1970s were jailed for 19 murders, including a series of killings of Catholics killed with knives and

One loyalist who has been released was actually sentenced to death in the early 1970's for the murder of a policeman. Among the republicans released are many jailed for killing soldiers and police officers.

This policy has been in striking nai poucy in Britain. The scheme is regarded as a suc- where the Thatcher government authorities reserving the power to re- would in any event be released by July cess for a number of reasons, partly made it clear that those jailed for terbecause instances of re-offending rorist murders could expect to serve at least 20 years behind bars.

The Good Friday agreement sets out a programme to benefit those prisoners whose paramilitary organisations maintain a complete ceasefire. famous Shankhill Butchers gang. A new body will consider the cases in the Irish Republic, where repub- Royal Ulster Constabulary

of prisoners oo an individual basis, with provisions to keep inside those judged to represent a continuing threat. The intentioo is that prisooers will receive a "discount" of ooethird of the period they would have previously expected to serve.

Anyone still in custody in July 2000 would be released at that point, provided their organisations cootinue to observe ceasefires.

call those who go back to terrorist ac- 2000, which means they will benefit

Those who expect their freedom include some of the hest-known republican and loyalist inmates of the Maze prison.

Similar arrangements will operate

off over the last four years. The Maze prison presently holds 88 lifers and 232 serving other sentences, with a further 87 on remand.

lican prisoners such as the Balcombe

Street gang will be freed. Northern Ire-

land's jails were in any eveot empty-

ing as longer-term prisooers reached

the end of their sentences and the flow

of convictions in the courts lessened

as the general level of violence tailed

only marginally from the release scheme. Assuming there are no new coovictions, only 16 prisooers would have remained inside by the year

■ Tomorrow, the reform of the

# referendums. TOP GEAR MAGAZINE ACTION ARENA · MEET THE TOP GEAR TEAM CO-PILOT A SEAT RALLY CAR FOR YOUR KARTING SXILL SLIDE OFF TO THE LOMBARD ACTIVITY ZONE - RIDE HIGH IN A HELICOPTER · DRIVE WITH PROFESSIONAL RACERS · WATCH AWESOME STURTS AND DISPLAYS . SEE THE SEXIEST SUPERBIXES WORTH £5 CALL NOW ON OUR CREDIT CARD HOTLINE: DON'T FORGET TO BRING YOUR DRIVING LICENCE!

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	£3,960	10.5%	£105.06	L1,782.16
LLOTOS .	64,500	14.7%	£205.20	67,387.39
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5/NEWS

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# Will Cool Britannia be hot enough to sell the nation at Lisbon's Expo?

Nonie Niesewand gets an exclusive preview of the British pavilion at Expo '98

BRITAIN has a chaoce to prove that it really is Cool Britannia when Expo '98 opens in Lisbon on Thursday, with the heritage of the ocean as the main theme.

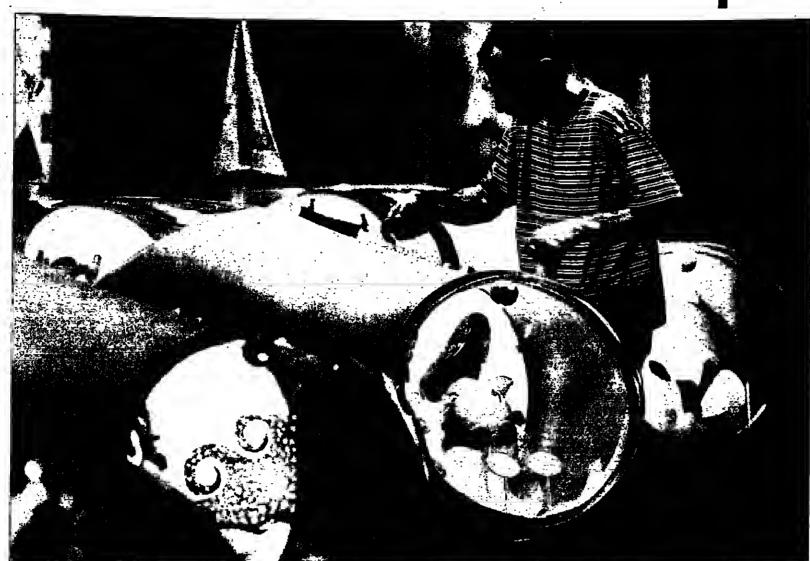
The Independent was granted an exclusive preview of the British pavilion where visitors from around the world will decide whether Britain still rules

Visitors can go on an underwater voyage with sound and light designed by architects Branson Coates. Swirly blue light plays on the walls like an animated Hockney. New Age flotation tank music pulses along as spectators move through the stand oo a travelator, slower than their luggage oo an airport carousel.

The trip begins on land with an outline map of Britain made of umbrellas. Clusters of umbreilas open up regionally to coincide with images on a big screen. The Angel of the North appears as Mary Poppins beneath her umbrella seems to fly over the Tyne.

Diving masks set in the walls fill with water to indicate depth schanges as you wind down the apiral. Inside bubble screens like submarine portholes, touch screens give information on British maritime inveotions: Jon Buoy, Hydrodig, Autosub, remote-sensing and Atlantic frontier oil rigs.

On the ocean bed four wavy sea cucumbers showcases reveal Royal College of Art designs on a sea theme. There are huge speakers shaped like the Nautilus shell. A weather-reactive alarm clock, the world's first radar reflective emergency rescue kit with a kite, Red or Dead fashion label marine life clothing, and an inflatable octopus wearing



A worker putting the final touches to the British pavilion in preparation for Expo '98, which opens in Lisbon on Thursday

experience at Expo to last just 18 minutes, a crowd-control quick, if as Expo '98 anticipates, 16 million turn up.

"People will enjoy the expe-Fatchett, Minister of State at the Foreign Office, "Japan's stand at Expo '98 is the same size as ours but has too many storylines. It looks a little dated. We appear different and innovative."

In his slipstream there are a rave at Sony Square at Expo. three members of Panel 2000, the group of advisers to the Foreign Office oo Britain's image abroad: Zeinab Badawi from

Gary Campkin of the Confederation of British Industry.

Britain's oatiooal day at Expo will be on 28 June. The day will begin with songs of the celebrations," he said. Any more rience of Britain," said Derek sea and lunch by invitation-only on board the HMS Chatham with the Prince of Wales. It ends rather more dramatically with a street party and the midsummer solstice burning of four huge corn dollies, followed by

The sponsor Allied Distributors is anxious to transfer to a Lisbon club when Expo shut at Channel 4, John Sorrell, chair- Roger Westbrook, knows all world have budget shortfalls on world's oceans with meltdown

sunglasses. Designers time the man of the Design Couocil and about Portuguese nightlife since funding expositions, sponsors at the eod of the Ice Age. club music drifts up to his embassy most nights until dawn. "But we can't ignore the young opinionmakers of the next century in our than he can ignore commercial

sponsorship for which he has raised half a million pounds from British companies with a high profile in Portugal. The Foreign and Commonment of Trade and Industry each

have upped the ante. Rover demanded a car on the roof of the British pavilion. It was a try-on, it says oow, but it resulted in logos all over the ramps and a picture pasted to the walls of a yacht with Rover's name ballooming on the soinnaker. With Expos coming up every

two years the world's imaginatioo is sorely strained. This wealth Office and the Depart- year's theme oo oceans gave land-locked Zimbabwe an excontributed £1m towards Expo cuse not to attend. Zaire white-'98, but it is a drop in the ocean. water-rafted down the Congo Expo blocks blatant advertis- and Switzerland glacially 2.30am. Our man in Lisbon, ing. As governments all over the showed that it had sourced the

There were no whales oo the Japanese stand where turtles were made of glass fibre in the children's theatre. There was no cod from Iceland, and Spain fished for compliments on eovironmental pollution rather than fishing rights.

Cultural events are less important than thrills. Lisboo is still fatigued from one hundred days of culture. This British branding caters for all on time and target with a crowd-pulling show. Expo '92 in Seville, Spain was a graveyard for the DTI officials who organised it. Expo '98 is a diplomatic coup.

#### Blair wins union support for employment reforms

DESPITE protests from some senior left-wingers, Tony Blair was yesterday winning over the union movement to his package of employment reforms.

By last night, three union barons had lined up in favour of the predicted contents of the "fairness at work" White Paper due to be published this Thursday - albeit with varying degrees of enthusiasm. While welcoming improvements to the rights of individual workers, Bill Morris, leader of the Transport and General Workers Union, declared his intention to continue a campaign against the Prime Minister's insistence that 40 per cent of any workforce must support union recognition before it is granted, rather than just a simple majority of those voting.

However, Ken Jackson, right-wing leader of the Amalgamated Engineering and Electrical Union, declared his unequivocal acceptance of the proposals in the *Independent On Sunday*, declaring that it was a triumph of "social partnership" between government, unions and employers. — Barrie Clement

#### Police question child-killer

PAEDOPHILE child-killer Sidney Cooke is to be questioned by police about the death 14 years ago of a seven-year-old boy. Cooke, who is being held in protective police custody and is said to be living in fear as a result of public anger at his release last month from prison, is to be quizzed over the death of Mark Tildesley, the Mail on Sunday reported yesterday. Mark vanished from Wokingham, Berkshire, after visiting a funfair in June 1984. The paper says Cooke, who police believe was part of a paedophile gang that abducted, abused and strangled the boy, will be asked where the body is buried.

#### Honour for Bob Hope

VETERAN comedian and entertainer Bob Hope has been awarded an bonorary knighthood.

News of the award from the Queen, which was presented at the British Embassy in Washington DC, was announced in February by the Prime Minister Tony Blair during a visit to the United States.

The award is in recognition of the contribution of London-born Mr Hope, who will be 95 on 29 May, to the worlds of song and film.

It is also seeo as a reward for his long record in eotertaining troops in the past.

#### **DNA** test for murder riddle

DETECTIVES are reinvestigating a 20-year-old murder mystery using modern DNA testing techniques.

Police yesterday confirmed they were reviewing the case of Mary Gallagher, found dead with her throat cut at the age of 17, but said inquiries were at an early stage. They confirmed a man aged 39 was detained on Friday, but said he had been released without charge. A man who allegedly told relatives he killed her is said to have voluntarily given a DNA sample which is being tested at a laboratory in The Hague which can extract DNA from samples despite the lapse of many years.

#### Four share lottery rollover

FOUR ticket-holders scooped Saturday's night £11.8m National Lottery rollover draw, each winning £2,969,954. The winning jackpot numbers were 2, 4, 6, 10, 34 and 44 with the bonus num-

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At this very moment, the population of Southern Sudan stands on the brink of starvation. Crops have all but failed and fierce fighting has hampered the efforts of aid agencies. A massive displacement of the population has been followed by widespread malnutrition. Médecins Sans Frontières has set up Feeding Centres in the area, providing intensive feeding, regular medical attention and vital vaccinations to restore a child's normal weight. While MSF actively sets up more Feeding Centres in the region, our volunteer doctors and nurses provide the expertise necessary to save lives. All they need is your money.



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# Secretive world of landlady who is richer than the Queen





a oorth Londoo pensiooer worth £260m, beat the Queeo -net worth £250m - to take fifth

that his landlord wanted to increase his rent from about £82 a week to £250 - a rise of more

Although their fortunes are

ers are connected by a rundown two-bedroom flat in Hylda Court, a fading but architecturally impressive mansion block in north London. The connection is simple: Mrs Pears is the land-

group of tenants with protect- vast network of companies uled rights (whose rents must be approved by the Rent Officer Service) in the 30-flat building who are finding life increasingly difficult under the stewardship. of Mrs Pears's company,

timately owned by William

Pears Family Holdings. This company stunned the City when, in 1996, it paid out a £42.4m dividend to Mrs Pears, her three sons, Mark, David and Trevor, and a oumber of family trusts. Even after such an outpouring of cash, the company still boasts £112m net assets and profits after tax of £11.9m.

Yet the family is astonishingly ecretive. Mrs Pears is reclusive and staff at the family's fourstorey hrick headquarters in a mews in Hampstead, north London, say her sons are not ofteo to be seen. Three of the four family members list their address as Clive House, Old Brewery Mews, Hampstead - the company headquarters. Only Mark has listed another address. in Totteridge, oorth London.

Estimates of their wealth ary. Their estates manager, Nick Stanley, denies one report that they owned more than 10,000 properties across the country, but one housing officer said she believed the figure was as high as 40,000.

The residents of Hylda Court and the Pears family came into each other's lives in March 1996 when the compamy bought the mansion block,

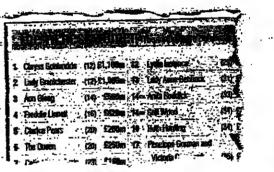
by the Reot Officer Service. Wheo the Pears family took over Hylda Court, all 30 flats enjoyed protected status. Now, according to the residents, only 17 remain, leaving the vacant flats ||apar

to be let at much higher rents. "They just want us out," said Mr Lambert, pointing to his. damp walls, grimy kitchen, jammed windows and his bathroom cold water tap from which comes only a trickle. "When I got the demand for more rent. I got a hell of a shock. What will

I do? I've lived here since 1959." Other tenants tell of demands for arrears which they describe as "bogus". The managing agents, B Bailey & Co. agreements because the previous ageots. Keningtons, failed to pass on accounts. Keningtons confirmed that all details were passed on upon completion of the sale of the building.

Nevertheless, tenants who believed they owed nothing have been threateoed with eviction:

Malcolm Collins, 63, and his wife, Suzanne, 66, have lived at Hylda Court for 34 years. Bankway Properties has applied to increase their rent from £113 a week to £250 and is suing them for £1,350, which they claim they do oot owe.



The Sunday Times article showing Clarice Pears as Britain's 5th wealthiest woman, ahead of the Queen

a 1930s art-deco style property, for just £1.4m. In comparison with many Loodoo huildiogs, it is relatively well maintained. From the outset, however, the company wanted to make as much mooey from

the property as possible. "We're not social landlords or a council housing department or a housing association - we're in it to make money," said Mr Stanley. "The idea is to maximise the income from the building. But we have done nothing wrong and we have nothing to be ashamed of. We are simply trying to get the market rate for the flats. The fioal decision oo our application to increase the reots will be with

the Rent Officer Service." Protected tenants, however, a vanishing group of people, are not a lucrative source of income. More lucrative are assured shorthold tenants who have no is impossible," he said. "It security of tenure and whose rents do not have to be approved since they bought the place."

"The planned rent rise is just pure greed," said Mrs Collins. "This place is like a building site with workers upgrading all the flats they have got empty so they can let them at higher rates. But the workmen doo't come anywhere near residents' flats to carry out our repairs.

"That will only happen after we get driveo out, when we can no longer afford to live here."

Mr Stanley said there was no question of that. "If these people are pensiooers, then they will be entitled to claim Housing Benefit to make up the difference, so they will be okay."

But that will provide little consolation to residents in work or, like Tom Sharp, a 47 year old teacher, in between jobs. He is among those who have received demands for arrears he claims he does not owe. "They told me I owe more than £9,000, which would mean I had paid nothing

#### **NHS** waiting lists show further rise

A FURTHER rise in National Health Service waiting lists and new figures showing that class sizes are at their highest level for more than 20 years will put pressure Tony Blair this week to avoid Labour hreaking its election pledges, writes Colin Brown.

The figures will be used by cabinet ministers Frank Dobson and David Blunkett to argue for more money for health and education in the Chancellor's comprehensive spending review to be announced in July.

President Bill Clinton yeserday advised Mr Blair on BBC1's Breakfast with Frost programme that keeping pledges made in the campaign was one of the priorities for securing a second term of office. Commitments to cutting

waiting lists and cutting class

promises at the general election. But figures published this week will show that around 1.3 millico primary school pupils are in classes of 31 or more.

sizes were among Labour's five

The Secretary of State for Health is expected to announce he will be spending £68m from the £500m already allocated to reducing waiting lists on schemes to allow patients to leave hospital for care at home. The figures are expected to show a rise of a farther 40,000 patients on the waiting list since the start of the year, a pushing the total waiting to 1.3 million patients. Labour promised to cut 100,000 off the waiting lists, but they went up by 100,000 in the first nine months:

Opposition parties last night demanded an urgent Commons statement from Mr Dobson.

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Griffin get Your cas Memories led veteran back to Thailand, reports Ethan Casey in Bangkok

WHEN he returned to Kan-chanaburi, two hours west of read it and wrote to him, Na-British prisoner of war Trevor Dakin hoped to make a personal peace with the horrors of war he cupying Japanese more than four decades earlier.

"I thought by facing up to the that I'd be able to put the bad memories behind me," Dakin, a former army corporal who died on 15 April told journalist Micool Brooke in 1990: "I hurned bridges back home to come here. I expect to live and die out here. But not before telling my tale."

The visit of Emperor Akihito of Japan to Britain oext week could be overshadowed by former prisoners of war who will demonstrate to demand a formal apology from the Japanese for their behaviour - an apology that Dakin always wanted.

prisoo camp was so harrowing that even half a century later, telling it remained his only way to ease the pain. "It's a form of therapy," he admitted.

"He got lots of backpackers dropping to to see him," remembered Brooke, a 35-year-old Australian whose articles in the Brooke. "He had a deep per-Bangkok Post newspaper first brought Dakin to public atten- the significance of that just tion, and who became his close didn't dawn on many Thais, infriend. "He loved it. It gave him a reason for being there; he was of the cultural gulf was the

other Allied prisoners of war act the bombing raid that blew and 100,000 Asian slave labour- up the hridge, which he thought ers died of disease, malnutrition, execution and torture building

Bangkok, to live in 1987, former gase became well known a few years ago as the torturer of Eric Lomax, author of the bestselling memoir The Railway had endured there under the oc- Man. Brooke arranged for Nagase, who has made seeking foriveness from his former victims

his life's mission, to meet Dakin most horrific period of my life at the Kanchanahuri War Cemetery in 1994. In his book Captive of the River Kwae [sic] (1995), Brooke quotes Dakin telling Nagase: "I respect you because of your tireless mission of atooement."

Until Dakin died, he and Nagase were planning to tour Japan together this August, to lecture schoolchildren about the Death Railway.

"Some people were suspicious: What was Trevor's motive for being friends with Nagase?" says Brooke. "But I had seen him give lectures to groups of visiting Japanese, and he pulled His tale of life in a Japanese no punches ... He was just being open-minded and trying to get through to the next generation of Japanese."

Dakin's experience living in Thailand frustrated him, "He didn't understand the Thais, and he was upset that the Thais didn't understand him," said sonal reason for being bere, and cluding his wife ... The symbol doing something constructive." tourism and the annual River Some 16,000 British and Kwai Festival, when they reenwas a bonky-tonk carnival."

Even more offensive to what became known as the Dakin was the award-winning Death Railway, a line from 1957 film Bridge on the River



Thailand into Burma that Japan Kwai."It was disgraceful," he needed for its planned invasion of India. Dakin, who had been any bloody commando raid or captured in the fall of Singapore in February 1942, was one of the

lucky ones. "When the war ended they wept for joy," said Brooke. Whenever be told that story he always broke down crying. He would quote the sergeant major, Sandy Goodwin, who walked into the barracks and said, "Boys, you're free.""

Dakin returned home to Luton, in Bedfordshire, but had difficulty rejoining society. '1 didn't like what I saw happening to England," he said. "For £67 I was able

to start a new life in Canada." There he worked selling encyclopedias for the next 30 years. "He said he learnt the art tres from Kanchanaburi, ocof salesmanship by trading with the Thais for food when he PoW camp in which Dakin sneaked out of the camp during

the war," recalled Brooke. Kanchanaburi bakery in 1989. No one had ever interviewed him before. He was just living But overall he remained very there, completely unknown," Brooke remembered. "And without his story to tell, I wouldn't have written my book."

Wheo Brooke published an article about the Death Railway in a Japanese newspaper, a

told Brooke. There was never any rubbish like that."

Dakin's health began to fail early this year. "It was a real experience watching Trevor dying and fighting for life,"said Brooke. "He had everything to live for. And he was fighting for life just as he did during his captivity, when all you can do is lie there saying "I'm going to live, I'm going to live."

Dakin left oo will, so after contacting his children in Canada and oegotiating with reluctant local officials, Brooke was left to carry out his wishes, cremating him and scattering his ashes near Chang Kai War Cemetery.

Chang Kai, four kilomecupies part of the site of the

was incarcerated. Asked if his friend ever did The two met by chance in n find peace, Brooke replied: "Probably not. Maybe periodically, for a few hours at a time. confused and a hit resentful.

Dakin would have turned 78 years old on 15 May. "There have been a few Second World War veterans who have come back to Thailand to live," said





Trevor Dakin as an army corporal (right) and (third from left) embracing Nagase Takashi (second left) on the bridge over the Kwai at VJ Day celebrations Main photograph: Anat Givon

Excellent News.

(The BBC has just won more awards).

The BBC warmly congratulates all Royal Television Society Award winners who won on Thursday night.

Award Category	Winners	Service	
Journalism Awards	•		
Judges' Award	Peter Snow	BBC News	
Jonrnalist of the Year	Ireland Correspondent Denis Murray	BBC News	
Interview of the Year	Jeremy Paxman: for his Newsnight interview with Michael Howard	BBC News	
News Event Award Joint Winner	The Death of Diana	BBC News	
Current Affairs Award	Correspondent Special: Getting Away with Murder	BBC Broadcast	
International Joint Winners	Panorama: Valentina's Story	BBC Broadcast	
Daily News Magazine	BBC Midlands Today	BBC Midlands	
Sports Awards	·		
Regional Sports News	BBC Look North: Kevin Keegan's Resignation	BBC North East & Cumbria	

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# Pupils return to school that nobody wanted

A boy of six who has been in a class of his own since February is to get company. Ben Russell reports

THE strange tale of the school with just one pupil will take a further twist today. Three sets of parents have decided to return their children to Potter Heigham School in Norfolk.

quadrupling the size of the class ar a stroke. Six-year-old Richard Marlin has been the primary school's only pupil since February. Other parents withdrew their children after the school

spectors, but Richard's parents sent him back saying he had been bullied at his new school in the neighbouring village of Catfield. Norfolk county councillors had decided to close the school, which is costing £3,200 a month to keep open, but

now villagers hope to persuade their

was declared as failing by Ofsted in-

local authority that it has a future. Lynne Sheppard, chairman of the governors at Potter Heigham, last night praised the work of the school's acting bead Stephen Bloore, and its new teacher Julie Hornal, who have been teaching Richard since February. "A group of parents got together and decided they were going to send their children back. They are going to keep Richard company.

"We have had a senior county head teacher who has been doing a brilliant joh. The main criticism of Ofsted was that the school needed

long term leadership. We have now got a good management there." She said several children were already signed up to start at the school

new head is very high"

ley Durrant and Eve Sheppard, all aged six, are all friends of Richard. Parent Dave Sheppard said: "We in September. "The confidence in the

when Richard Marlin came back, all happen did. A wonderful acting school. It is now for central governwere told that the staff problems and head teacher appeared who has ment to show its commitment to other difficulties at the school were transformed the school in the space small village schools."

The new arrivals, Ryan Salt, Ash- almost impossible to deal with. But of a few months. This is the parents' first step in showing their strength the things we'd been told couldn't of feeling and confidence in the

Another father, Graeme Salt, said: "We are putting our child into the school now to show them that there is a commitment amonest parents to keep it open."

Richard Marlin, who will no longer be the only pupil at Potter Heigham school when he is joined by three friends today: Photograph: David Rose

cised the decision to close the school. She said: "It seemed to be a case of 'go quietly and we'll transport your children wherever you want them to go', rather than solve the problems at the school."

Meanwhile, children as young as four are being given lessons in business under a new scheme imported from America which may prove a model for schools across Britain,

Hundreds of children in nursery and primary classes are being given an introduction to the world of work by businessmen and women under the pilot scheme pioneered by Young Enterprise.

The project, involving 47 schools in Northern Ireland, is being closely watched by educationalists on the mainland after Tony Blair threw his weight behind "tuckshop tycoons" by hacking a report which recommended extending business education

into primary schools and universities. Thousands of secondary school pupils already gain experience of the world of work through the popular . Young Enterprise scheme, setting up their own mini-businesses with

shareholders and dividends. The Northern Ireland experiment takes the concept further, bringing the idea of running your. own business into the reception class, with sessions for four-year-olds.

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# **UK funds Colombian** in human rights row

and Toby Follett

A COLOMBIAN politician criticised by human rights campaigners for his support of security groups, many of which have been linked to paramilitary atrocities, has received a Foreign Office grant to study at one of the country's leading universities. Alvaro Uribe Velez, the for-

mer governor of the Antioquia region of the country, is a senior associate member of St Anthony's College, Oxford, where he is attached to the Institute of Latin American Studies. He education, having heen awarded up to £10,000 from the FCO in a Chevening scholarship.

But protesters claim that away from St Anthony's, Mr Uribe Velez's social policy has little regard for democracy.

Last week, Colombian human rights campaigners protested outside the institute. Onc protester, Oscar Silva, 35, a theatre worker originally from Bogota, said: "We said that he (Uribe Velez) is one of the higgest promoters of the Convivir groups and that during his time as the Governor he has encouraged them."

The Convivir, short for Asociaciones Comunitarias de Vigilancia, or Community Vigilance Associations, were set up towards the end of 1994 to provide information for the state about potential guerrilla activity. But human rights groups say there is evidence many of the groups act as little



Alvaro Uribe Velez:

more than death squads, killing any people the Colombian government considers "dissident", including trade unionists. Their creation reflects the growing polarisation of politics in Colombia, where anyone critical of the state faces accusations of being a member of a guerrilla movement which has also been responsible for scores of deaths in a country with one of the highest murder rates in the world. Last year there were 3,000 politically motivated murders.

Last week the European Parliament approved a resolution condemning recent assasinations of buman rights workers and calling for the immediate disbanding of the Convivir.

Human rights campaign group Amnesty International said: "The Convivir have been implicated in serious human rights violations. The office of the attorney general has opened

DAILY POEM

From the Kindertotenlieder

I often think: they're out walking, that's all.

Any minute they'll be back.

Any minute they'll be back.

And if they've wandered

It's a lovely day. Pipe down. Relax.

They've gone the long way round.

Relax. Pipe down. It's a lovely day.

and have long since ceased to care

about coming home, it doesn't matter.

Relax. Pipe down. They're out walking.

Listen hard and you'll hear their cries.

Blake Morrison has translated five of Friedrich Ruckert's "Songs on the Death of Children" - well known in their setting by Gustav Mahler - for Robert Lepage's new staging of the cyele. The production runs at the Lyric Theatre, Hammersmith

A day to savour, a day to explore.

further than usual, up the hill,

we can soon catch up with them

they've run ahead, that's all.

When the sun's out on the hill, we'll catch up with them.

It's a levely day, up on the hill.

Listen hard and you'll hear their cries.

By Friedrich Ruckert, translated by Blake Mornson

at least 35 criminal investigations into (such) cases ... involving Convivir groups. These represent at most the tip of the iceberg."

One of the worst atrocities took place at the town of La Horqueta in November 1997, when at least 14 people, including two children, were killed. It later transpired that one of the paramilitaries involved in the massacre was the representative of a Convivir

A report published earlier this year by the United Nations High Commissioner for Human plied to the office refers to violations of the right to life of ordinary criminals, homeless persons, drug addicts and prostitutes attributed to members of the 'Convivir' associations."

Mr Uribe Velez, tipped to be one of Colombia's leading presidential candidates in 2002, was vesterday unavailable for com-

In the past, however, he has spoken in favour of the Convivir gronps. Last year he told El Tiempo newspaper: "In exercising constitutional and legal responsibilities to public order by adopting a politics of authority with firmness we have promoted and approved the Convivir associations and the local security fronts. In Antioquia we have 48 Convivir made up of honest people, not criminals. They are different to the guerrillas and paramilitaries because they are committed to human rights."

Sir Marrack Goulding, warden of St Anthony's, said the college was aware of the controversy surrounding Mr Uribe Velez but that they felt it was not a reason for him not to join them. He said: "We would never have admitted him if we, thought he was involved in human rights abuses."

The FCO spends around £28m a year on Chevening scholarships, allowing people from around the world who are likely to become influential to study in Britain.

A little can mean so much

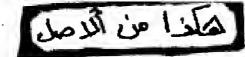
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# Jail bullies thrive on fear and extortion

Home Affairs Correspondent

THEIR favourite targets are the fraggles, the nonces and the muppets. But anyone showing tell-tale signs of fear is a target for violence and extortion for Britain's jail bullies.

A shocking picture of the way prisoners can be victimised and exploited by other inmates has been painted in a study conducted inside prisons and published today.

The scale of the bullying alarmed the researchers from the University of Oxford Centre for Criminological Research who found that 46 per cent of young offenders and 30 per cent of adult prisoners were assaulted, robbed or threatened in any given month.

Kimmett Edgar, one of the report's authors, said: "It's one thing to take people's liberty away, but to put them in conditions where they are not safe is another thing.

The bullies have been categorised into four groups who use different tactics to intimidate prisoners they regard as weaker than themselves.

The "predators" are described as "persistent and calculating" in their efforts to ohtain drugs or goods that could be exchanged for drugs. The researchers found that predators enjoyed a high profile on their prison wing and were often popular with staff.

One told the study: "Every day I go to every cell, 60 or 70 of them, and tell them to sort me out. No one refuses me."

Another group, the "fighters", specialised in violent victimisation. "Their desire was primarily for recognition rather than material gain or drugs," said the report.

known as "traders", sold cigarettes to other inmates, luring them into debts which were often enforced with violence.

One trader told the study: "We set targets every week. We had a stock and we never wanted to dip below that stock any week. The stock was about 200 cigarettes, every chocolate on the canteen list, tins of Coke. juice ... I would estimate our profits at £40 a week."

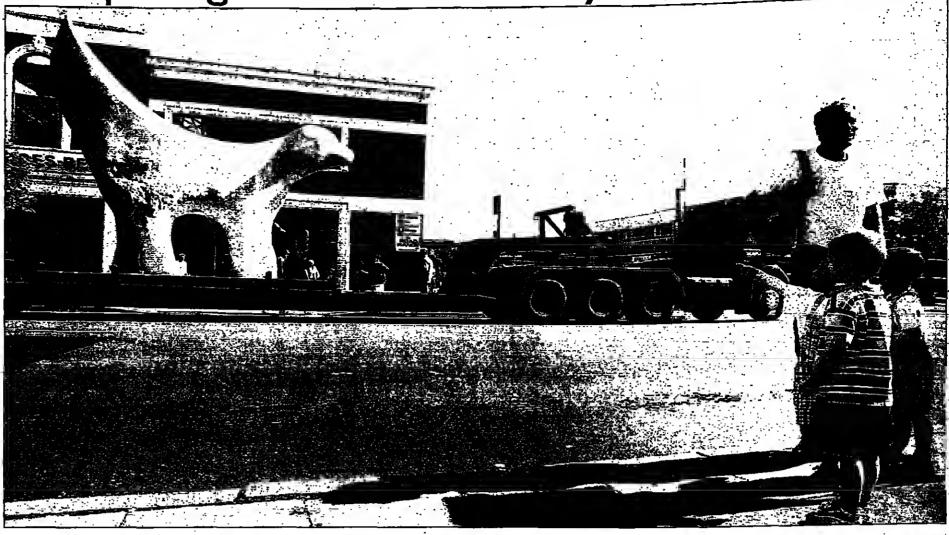
The fourth group, the "avengers", were often motivated by feuds which had begun outside prison.

The researchers found that a majority of prisoners - and particularly young offenders felt that "some kinds" of inmates deserved to be picked on.

Most despised were the "nonces" (sex offenders), followed by the "grasses" (informers). But the researchers also complained that timid or vulnerable prisoners (nicknamed "muppets") and immates with mental health problems (described in jail as "fraggles") were also subjected to dehumanising language which should be challenged by staff.

The researchers were, however, impressed by the efforts of prison officers in attempting to tackle the problems of bullying. They called on prisons to take greater steps to isolate bullies and move them to units within the jail where their behaviour could be addressed.

The study recommended that victims should be given access to trained counsellors and be able to pass information to staff in the knowledge that it will be treated in confidence. But according to one inmate, there was only one way to escape the bullying. "Fight back," he said. You've got to stand up to them." Liverpool goes bananas over yellow sculpture



THE latest bizarre addition to the Liverpool skyline - a giant halflamb, half-banana sculpture - is manoeuvred into position.

The seven-and-a-half tonne concrete and steel piece, titled Super Lamb Banana and designed by the Japanese artist Taro Chiezo, was

craned into place at the Ventilation Building, Pier Head, near the city's Albert Dock, yesterday.

More than five metres high and five metres long, the bright yellow sculpture features a lamb's head and body sweeping into the shape of a banana. It was built by four local sculptors Andy Small, Julian -Taylor, Ray Stokes and Tommy Reason, using the designer's model.

Mr Small said: "Taro sent us a 10cm model, and we built it on a scale of 50 to 1. It's a playful image, and bopefully represents an exciting, innovative future for our city."

Super Lamb Banana is one of more than 50 works commissioned for the Artranspennine98 exhibition, which opens on 23 May.

Organised by the Tate Gallery Liverpool and the Henry Moore Sculpture Trust in collaboration with private and public sponsors, the exhibition features the work of more than 50 artists from 15 countries. The work is being shown in museums and more enconventional locations in Liverpool, Manchester, Leeds and Hull, as well as the surrounding countryside.

Photograph: Rich Marsham/nti

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## Swipe card spells end for the Giro society

By Colin Brown

Chief Political Correspondent

THE Giro society could be a thing of the past under proposals being drawn up in Whiteball to introduce an electronic swipe card for claimants of welfare benefits.

The unemployed, low paid and others on benefits could be given the social security cards to use in shops and supermartheir accounts over the counter at post offices.

The embattled Cabinet minister David Clark, the Minister for Public Service, who is pioneering the idea, is engaged in a round of talks with the High Street banks to allow the cards to be used in their "hole in the wall" cash machines.

The introduction of cash cards for welfare claimants

kets, but they could get cash on could bring an end to the black swipe cards in machines in market in stolen Giro cheques, and give many of those in poverty a personal account for the first time through the Post Office.

Mr Clark has told MPs it is part of the "quiet revolution" be is carrying out in improvements of service to the public. Other ideas he is promoting include making it easier for people to renew their TV licences and road fund "tax discs" by using

shopping malls, rather than queuing at the Post Office.

The minister is fighting to retain his seat in the Cabinet, following speculation that it is likely to go to Peter Mandelson, at present the minister without portfolio, in Tony Blair's next reshuffle. Mr Mandelson told a committee of MPs this week that he would be publishing a Freedom of Information Bill be-

fore the summer recess, in July. .He is also planning to put the

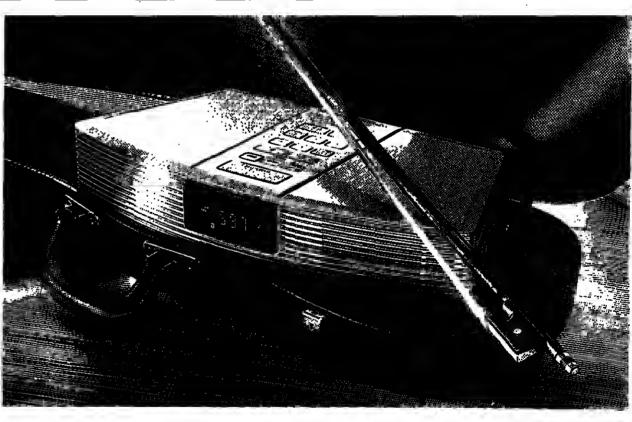
majority of Whitehall documents up to classified level of secrecy on a ministerial computer system, which has been tested against hacking. It would allow ministers to read each others' documents.

Labour MPs took the unusual step of coming out in. favour of Mr Clark, with a Commons motion timed to co-

incide with his appearance before the Committee on Public Administration, chaired by Labour MP Rhodri Morgan.

The committee is expected to praise Mr Clark for his work behind the scenes in the Government, hut warn that it may not be enough. Peter Bradley, the MP for The Wrekin, told Mr Clark: "You talk about a quiet revolution. I would like the volume turned up."





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CI GROSS

Substantes.

# \* Clinton pleads with Pakistan to hold fire over nuclear tests

ly Mary Dejevsky

'RESIDENT Bill Clinton and senior US officials pleaded with Pakistan yesterday not to unleash a nuclear arms race on the Indian Subcontinent by conducting a nuclear test io response to the series conducted

Mr Clinton and his team in Birmingham for the G8 summit had been briefed on the mood in Pakistan's capital Islamabad by Strobe Talbott, the US Deputy Secretary of State, who was dispatched at the head of an emergency American mission to the country immediately after India's action last week.

Pakistan denied an Indian report that it tested a nuclear device yesterday, but said it would go ahead when it was ready. "It's just a question of niming, foreign Minister Gohar Ayuh said. "It's a matter of when, tot if, Pakistan will test, ... The lecision has already been takenby cahinet."

In a television interview, during which he also reinforced Touvolair's call for a "Yes" vote in Northern Ireland, President Clinon said the answer to the protecns of India and Pakistan was not for India to become a niclear power and then for Pakstan to match it stride for

Setting out a scenario that hal China and Russia then mwing troops to support Pakisan and India respectively. Mr Cinton said: "It's a nutty way tego, it is not the way to chart

In a second - and unscriptd - appeal, immediately after ae conclusion of the G8 sumait, Mr Clinton told reporters aat he still had hopes that Pakstan would not carry out a nulear test, holding out the promise of enhanced US security assistance for Pakistan if it refrained.

"In the long run," Mr Clinton said, "and indeed before then, the political, the economic and the security interests of Pakistan and Pakistan's US would dissuade the Pakstanding in the world would be istani leadership from going dramatically increased if they walked away from a test. The



Police and supporters of a 'Reclaim the Streets' campaign, timed to concide with the G8 summit, clash in Birmingham Photograph: John MacBrayne/NTI

whole rest of the world would think they were stronger and would be profoundly impressed."

For people to think that conducting a nuclear test was "a new measure of either national security or national greatness," he said, would be "a terrible signal" to send the

Mr Clinton's plaintive tone suggested a recognition that no warning or incentive from the ahead with tests.

Mr Talbott decline

out publicly the response he had found in Pakistan or the specific arguments he had presented on Mr Clinton's behalf.

But he stressed that the Pakistani leaders he had met the prime minister, foreign minister and chief of staff of the armed forces - fully understood the considerations against following India's precedent, but reserved the "sovereign right" to decide what to do.

He said he felt "very strongthat at least when he left Islamabad, Pakistan had not taken a decision. They are, he

them is an extremely difficult and vexing dilemma" and "clearly regard India's action as directly threatening their na-

The US is believed to have offered terms for the unfreezing of a consignment of F-16 aircraft that Pakistan has paid for hut not received, and also proposed additional security guarantees.

tional security".

US officials have also spelt out that Pakistan would be subject to US sanctions identical to those imposed on India. but that the effect would be more drastic because of Pak-

istan's greater dependence on aid and foreign loans.

In a formal statement adopted in Birmingham, the Group of Eight condemned India's action, urged future restraint and called on India to move immediately towards signing the Nuclear Non-proliferation Treaty and the Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty.

The Eight, however, could not agree joint action and Pakistan expressed disappointment with a response it regarded as woefully inadequate.

■ Russian President Boris Yeltsin told President Clinton

he has taken new steps to clamp down on exports of missile technology, a step the America leader hopes will curb Iran's nuclear ambitions.

Mr Yeltsin also pledged to push his parliament to ratify the Start II pact that would cut US and Russian nuclear arsenals.

But Mr Yeltsin appeared confused over the date of a planned summit with Mr Clinton, and it was not clear how he could persuade the Communist majority in the Duma to pass the arms control treaty, which has stalled since it was signed

# Dinners, chats and plenty of time for the Cup Final

THIS YEAR, the British hosts promised, it would be different - and it was. The tangible results of the Group of Eight summit of leading world powers which ended in Birmingham yesterday may have been less than electrifying. But the way the occasion was organised was a change and, by common consent of the participants at least, it worked.

This weekend there has been far less of the "declaration diplomacy" which turned last summer's summit in Denver into a circus - not least thanks to the absence of foreign and finance ministers who had met, almost unnoticed, a week earlier in London.

Inevitably, the Eight issued statements about the big international issues of the moment, from Indian nuclear tests to the referendum in Northern Ireland. But the final communiqué ran to a mercifully brief eight pages, and the topics for discussion kept to three or four.

In other words, back to the "fireside chat" format of Rambouillet, the chateau outside Paris where President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing assembled the leaders of the United States, Britain, Germany and Japan for the first such summit in 1975.

G5 has now become G8, but at Weston Park in Shropshire on Saturday the trappings were similar, with the 2,000 journalists kept outside as the heads of government went into retreat, for a relaxed review of world affairs. If anything, maybe, too relaxed.

So uncontentious were proceedings that the day's business wrapped up an hour and a half ahead of schedule - just in time, by happy to catch Arsenal and Newcastle in the FA Cup Final.

Yesterday, too, the Eight wrapped up their husiness an hour earlier than they were supposed to. Birmingham 98 may be remembered for India and Indonesia. More likely though it will go down as the "Cup Final" summit.

Which raises the old questions about G8 summits: are they worth it, and are the right countries represented? The leaders themselves firmly believe that chattier, less formal, arrangements work.

This is the right way to do these things," the German Chancellor Helmut Kohl said, promising that the 1999 summit in Cologne would be along similar lines - even though, if pre-election opinion polls are right, he is unlikely to be hosting it. The will have left its mark.

Rupert Cornwell asks how useful these meetings are and who are they for

French and Japanese, too, professed themselves well

But having a nice time is different from having a useful time. In the end, the actual discussions, including a working dinner and the much-touted "retreat", occupied barely 10 hours of their time. The rest was banqueting, concert-going and photo-opportunities. If there were any profound and penetrating debates, no participant gave any sign of one.

If so, the case for more radical shake-up becomes more powerful. If G8 is an informal "directory" of leading powers, then Enrope with four members (or five count-

If there were any penetrating debates, no participant gave any sign of one

ing Russia) is grossly overrepresented. And without an Asian power, G8 no longer represents the balance of global economic power.

"Personally, I'd very much like to see China in," President Jacques Chirac said yesterday. The US and other countries who are adamant that only democracies should be allowed in the club will beg to differ.

But Tony Blair was speaking on behalf of the entire G8 when he heaped public tribnte on China for its behaviour in the Asian economic crisis, and the French President went further still: "Had China devalued its currency, the effect would have been catastrophic for the whole world."

Thus, while a G9 is unlikely any time soon. Peking may be rewarded for its virtue by easier access to the World Trade Organisation, to which China has been seeking entry for 11 years.

It claims the United States has been blocking the way. If that harrier falls as a result of Birmingham, this blandest least contentious of summit

#### Turmoil abroad hijacks a simple agenda Blair's plan for informal seclusion went awry, reports Mary Dejevsky in Birmingham

TONY BLAIR and seven of the most powerful men in the world were closeted at Weston Park in rural Shropshire for much of the G8 meeting. This was the informal seclusion Mr Blair bad wanted for "his" global summit.

But in the months of planning for a quieter, simpler summit, the Prime Minister reckoned without the world's unpredictable ways. This year, for the umpteenth time since such world summits were inaugurated at Rambouillet in France in 1975, the agenda was overtaken by events - Indian nuclear tests and riots in Indonesia.

The advance agenda - combating international crime, Third World debt, and employment - was not calculated to produce fireworks. The countryside venue for discussions ensured that the media were kept physically at arm's length. The number of "summiteers" had also been slimmed down by the decision to banish finance and foreign ministers. who met last weekend in Lon-

crises are not so easy to banish.

In the five days between the dispersal of the foreign ministers' meeting and last Friday, when the leaders arrived at Birmingham, India conducted five underground nuclear tests. Then Indonesia, recently congratulated for taking the medicine prescribed by the International Monetary Fund. erupted in riots that may topple President Suharto.

da had to be augmented. The media could not be kept at bay. and the Birmingham summit

disappointed.

But sudden international

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Inevitably, the summit agenbecame a focus for the world.

In fact, hijacked agendas are by now almost a tradition of Group of Seven summits (now eight, to include Russia). Seven years ago, in Loodon, an only half-bidden guest, then Soviet leader, Mikhail Gorbachev, turned the spotlight on to his creaking empire and the fragility of his own position, but left

Two years ago, at Lyons, the new French President, Jacques Chirac, wanted to concentrate

on social inequity in the developed world - one of the messages from his election campaign. But on the eve of the summit, terrorists bombed a United States barracks building in Saudi Arabia and the fight against international terrorism became the order of the day. Last year, at Denver, it was

the American hosts who found themselves outflanked. High on their agenda was to broadcast the success of the US "economic model". In a conference centre so close to abject dereliction that even the chairffeured leaders

could catch a glimpse, the Europeans and Canadians, led by a furning President Chirac. made common cause against US "triumphalism".

It was in response to this combination of negative culture wars and the formalistic paragraphing of interminable foreign policy statements, that Mr Blair wanted to recapture something of earlier, more innocent, summits. He wanted ideas exchanged in an atmosphere where, because formal agreement was not mandatory, disagreement was no shame.

India and Indonesia made this almost impossible. The US, Europe, and Russia were all at odds over how to respond to India, while Indonesia offered even more fertile soil for discord. With the deteriorating situation in Jakarta has come the search for culprits: is it the IMF, President Suharto, or the years of US indulgence of a corrupt, but pro-Western, regime?

As the leaders reemerged into the limelight, it was clear that Mr Blair's quiet and simple summit had turned out to be nothing of the kind.



Tony Blair: Could not keep international crises at bay

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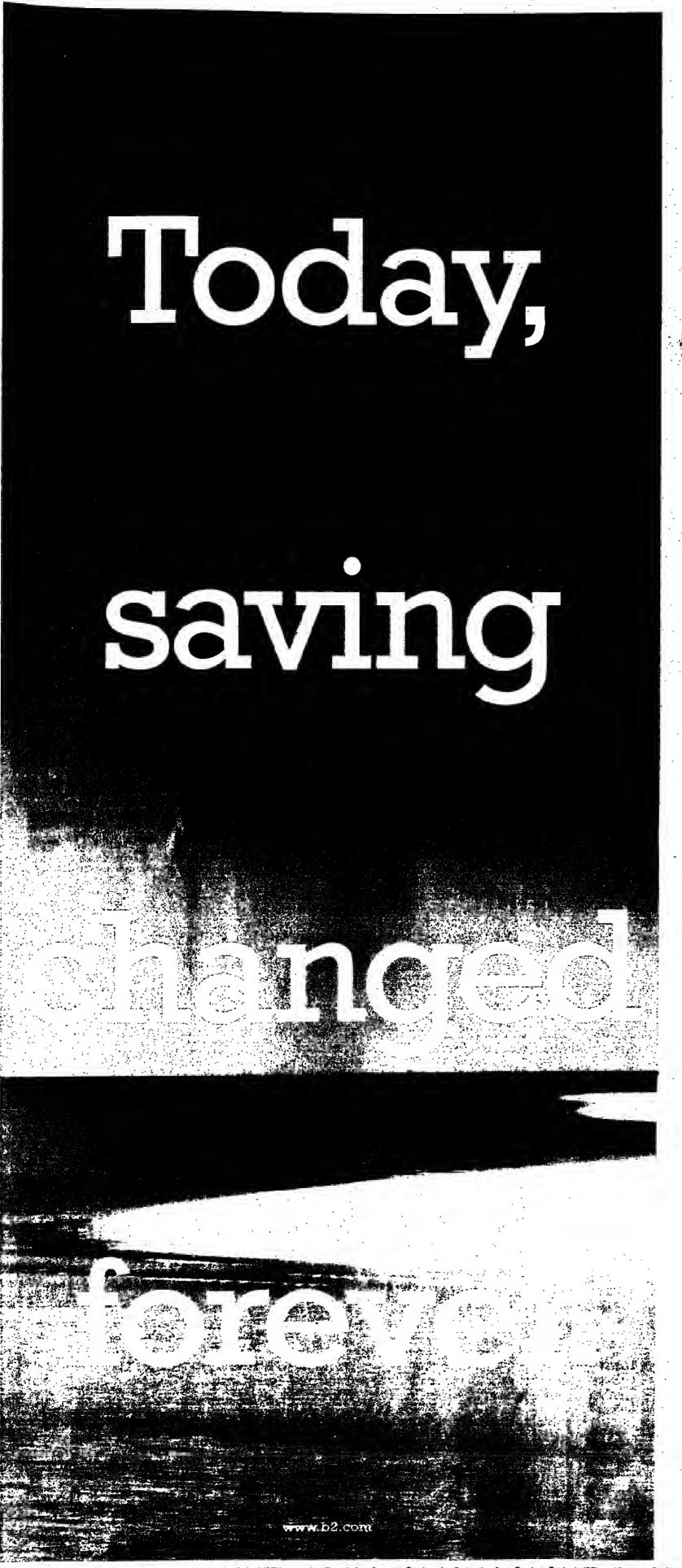


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# Lebed set velue of to seize Siberian ) with it powerbase

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ALL EES in Russia were yesterdapu the Siberian region of Krasovarsk, where elec-tions fo the post of governor are seems a test of whether the former paratroop general Alexaner Lebed can successfully capaign for the Russian presidecy in 2000.

After the gravelty voiced Lebedorged ahead of the incumbet governor, a rather lacklyire academic called Valer Lubov, in the first round of vong last month, Communists nd market reformers joine in urging voters not to from the bottle a genie who suid become a dictator in at century.

first results last night

he vote is a test whether he an win the residency of ussia in 2000

sugested General Lebed would sweep he board, with abut 60 per cut of the votes, and that Mr Zibov would gain ony about 36per cent.

Russia's Communist leader, Gunady Zyganov, did not moce his wids when he rechtly compard General Lebed Augusto Piochet, the former ilitary dictior of Chile.

General Lebed is a good irmy office who saved the ormer Sciet republic of Moldova from ethnic clashes afes the Sovit Union broke up. a politicial He did so well in Ressia's residential elections in 1996 the the victorious Boris Yeltsin tok him on to the Kremlin am, making him Na-

tiqual Schrity Adviser. But alough he managed to ong the disastrous war in break-awy Chechnya to an end, Gerral Lebed became involved ingly intrigues with his colleages in government and the Prejient sacked him after only a few months for being "a bad team player".

Since then, General Lebed has nursed a grievance against Mr Yeltsin while smoothing his own political image and improving the cut of his nowcivilian suits. He has travelled to both the United States and France, where he has been well received in some political and business circles, and has built up considerable campaign funds.

He bas told Krasnoyarsk voters he wants to be a good governor and has no further ambitions of national leadership. Only the most naive believe that.

Pundits continue to include General Lebed in pre-2000 opinion polls that show him running more or less level with several other anti-Communist presidential candidates.

In the first round of voting in Krasnoyarsk in April, Governor Zubov, who had seemed certain of winning a second term on his home territory until General Lebed threw his hat into the ring, found himself upstaged by the charismatic outsider.

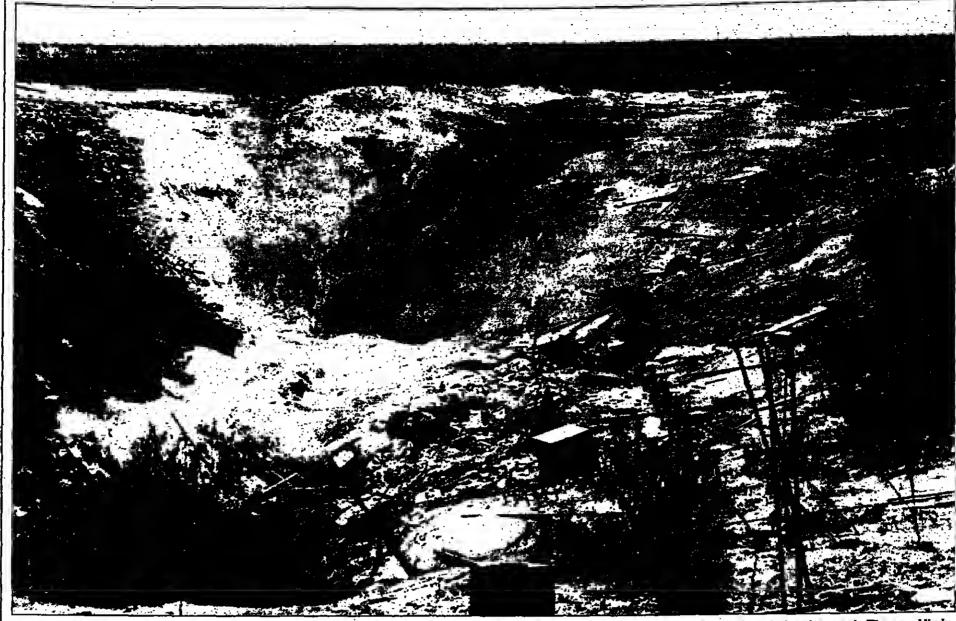
The general-turned-politician delivered bags of potatoes to hungry peasants in neglected rural areas and managed to hure on a visit to Siberia the ageing French matinée idol, Alain Delon, whom Russians adore.

Ahead of the second round, Mr Zubov hit back. National politicians pormally as mutually bostile as Yuri Luzhkov, the dynamic Mayor of Moscow, spoke out in favour of the beleaguered governor while the pop díva Alia Pugacheva flew out to lend her support.

However, there was also another singer in Krasnoyarsk, Lyudmila Zykina, a folk performer as big in Russia as Frank stage outfit was a white, winged affair that many took to be a gesture of support for Lebed. (His surname means "swan".)

General Lebed's own campaign posters promise "Truth and Order", an appealing slogan for many, including the workers at blocking the trans-Siberian railway in protest over unpaid wages, who feel the benefits of Mr. Yeltsin's democracy have passed them by.

India releases the first pictures of its nuclear test site



The crater and debris at the Shakti-I nuclear test site at Pokhran, Rajasthan, near the Pakistan border, where India exploded five nuclear devices last week. The new Hindunationalist-led government in Delhi met with international condemnation for its actions, which could provoke Pakistan into conducting nuclear weapons tests Photograph: AFP

# Court-room love affair puts Canadian law in a spin

By Hugh Winsor

A SEXY-looking 43-year-old single mother has turned the Canadian criminal justice system on its head by allegedly seducing a man accused of participating in a gangland-style murder while she was on the jury trying

The man and five others were acquitted of two first-degree murder charges after a six-month trial in 1995. But last week the juror, Gillian Guess, was charged with obstructing during the trial.

Authorities say there has never been a similar case in Canadian legal history and prosecutors have announced they will set another legal precedent by subpoening her fellow jurors and forcing them to testify about what happened in the jury

The prosecution contends that Guest influenced other jurors to acquit her lover and the other accused. Under Canadian law, jury deliberations Guess In Wonderland

Off With Her Head!!!

of jury secrecy will be lifted.

The case has already made history since the judge last week ordered Guess to stop writing her Diary of a Mad Juror on her personal web site. The web site carried a heading, "Off with her head", and a photograph of the queen of hearts. The web site also has a photograph of Guess looking seductively defiant and one of the topics about the trial was entitled, "The

Witch Hunt." Guess has admitted having an af-

are supposed to remain secret, so the fair with Peter Gill, the accused, but gin until after the acquittal. Evidence was introduced on Friday, however, that off-duty RCMP (Royal Canadian Mounted Police) officers saw the

couple "squeezing and hugging" at a

popular Vancouver nightchub during

the first week of the trial. Gill was on bail and not in police custody during the trail. The jury was not sequestered. Guess was well known to the Mounties because she had worked with them as a counselfor of victims.

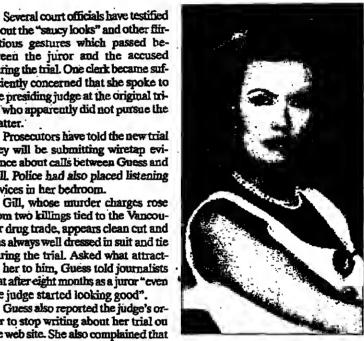
about the "saucy looks" and other fiirtatious gestures which passed between the juror and the accused during the trial. One clerk became sufficiently concerned that she spoke to the presiding judge at the original trial, who apparently did not pursue the

Prosecutors have told the new trial they will be submitting wiretap evidence about calls between Guess and Gill. Police had also placed listening devices in her bedroom.

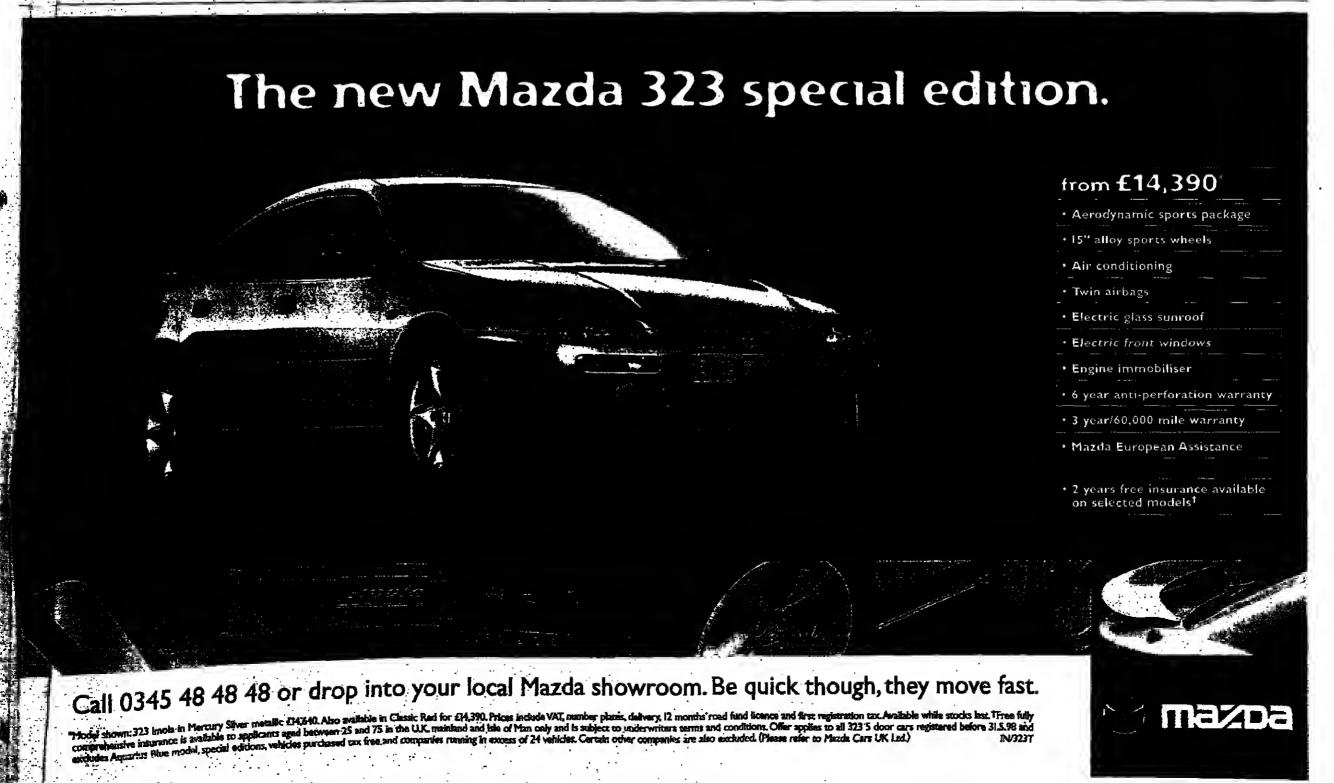
Gill, whose murder charges rose ver drug trade, appears clean cut and was always well dressed in suit and tie during the trial. Asked what attracted her to him, Guess told journalists that after eight months as a juror "even the judge started looking good".

Guess also reported the judge's order to stop writing about her trial ou the web site. She also complained that most media were condemning her, heavily relying on the crime of short skirts and high heels".

The trial continues tomorrow



Gillian Guess, above, who is charged with obstructing justice; and left, the web site where she wrote her Diary of a Mad Juror



# Generals struggle to oust Suharto

By Richard Lloyd Parry in Jakarta

JAKARTA was no tenterhooks last night as the country's two most powerful generals struggled to wrest power from President Suharto, and a leading opposition leader promised to bring a million protesters out onto the streets.

Amien Rais, leader of Muhammadiyah, a 28-million strong Muslim organisation, predicted a day of "people power" on Wednesday when nationwide demonstrations are planned against the 76-year-old President's rule.

Suharto will be held responsible if more killings take place in the future," he said yesterday. "The people] have a single demand - that he has to step down.

"There is no party who can guarantee that the 20th May will be peaceful and non-violent, especially after we witnessed the looting and rioting and the flames all over Jakarta and other cities."

A senior member of the President's own ruling party told The Independent that - four days after devastating rints destroyed large areas of Jakarta - President Suharto will soon sign over much of his authority to an emergency committee with almost unlimited powers of detention and investigation.

The move looks like Indonesian history repeating itself, as President Suharto himself rose to power after pressuring his predecessor, President Sukarno, into making a similar concession in 1967.

"It will amount to huilt-in martial law," said Sarwono Kusumaatmadia, a member of the President's Golkar party, who served as environment minister until March. "From the President's point of view it's become a necessity. But it may even be welcome - it all depends on who is in charge of the committee."

Despite sustained protests which have occurred all year on campuses throughout Indonesia, the civilian democracy movement has failed to highlight any single leader with sufficient support to challenge President Subarto.



Since last week's riots, attention has been focused on the next generation of military leaders. Battling for the post of head of the emergency committee are the Indonesian armed forces' two most important officers: General Wiranto, the 51year-old commander in chief, and Lieutenant-General Prabowo Subianto, commander of the élite Strategic Command and son-in-law of the

General Wiranto is the senior member of the "Red and White" faction, a group of nationalist officers who take their name from the

colours of the Indonesian flag. In the past two weeks, in public at least, he has adopted a conciliatory line towards the protesters, urging dialogue and apologising for the shooting to death of six students at Trisakti university last Tuesday.

General Prabowo is linked with the "Green" or Islamic faction, some of whose members are said to favour turning Indonesia, which is 90 per cent Muslim, into an Islamic state.

"He's a very real and life-like. lethal toy soldier," said one observer with close links to the government. According to diplomats, opposi-

tion activists and even members of the government, some of last week's riots, and the Trisakti killings which triggered them off, occurred at the instigation of the Green faction which wanted a pretext for claiming new and dictatorial powers for itself.

"If you want to be a fire-fighter," said an Indonesian political observer, "sometimes you have to start the fire yourself".

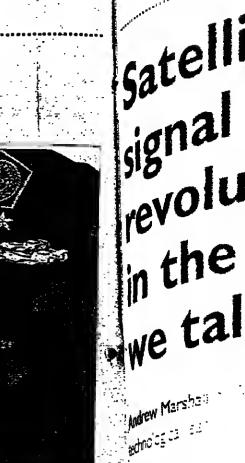
Sources close to General Wiranto say he presented a report alleging this last week, but the President forbade him to make it public. An intense struggle was said to be under way last night between supporters of General Wiranto, who include the commanders of the navy and air force, and those of General Prabowo, who include the President's daughter, Siti Hardijanti Rukmana, better

known as Tutut. Jakarta has been relatively calm since Friday when three days of devastating riots and looting petered out. According to the official figures, 3,000 buildings were destroyed, including more than 500 banks; along with at least 1,000 cars and 500 motorbikes, at a cost of some \$230m (£144m). At least 500 people died,

many of them children and teenagers burned to death in shopping malls which were set alight while they were being looted.

A mass funeral for many of these victims, most of whom were burned beyond hope of identification is expected to be held today and is likely to be a focus of renewed anger and

Although President Subarto appears to be in control, and has promised to reshuffle his cabinet, every day a few more of his former allies desert his side.



Soldiers (left) relaxing on armoured personnel carries at the Kostrad, the Indonesia army's strategic centre in: lakarta; President Suharto ordered 10,000 troups to kep order after the riots in the country last week. (Above). General Prabowo, the Musin hardliner who is one of two military leaders attempting to wrest power from the President

Photograph: AP/Bullit Mare

isters and retired military offices were quoted in the Jakarta Posts calling for his resignation. "Peopl's sovereignty must be returned to te. people whose freedom and rigis have been torn apart," said Keml Idris, the 75-year-old former hed of the the armed forces Strateg Command

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The scale and bloodiness of lar week's riots has chastened the student movement in Jikarta, Lasnight it was not clear whether demonstration of students from 50 of the city's universities expected today would go ahead.



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## Peking makes sure of victory before Hong Kong even votes

By Stephen Vines in Hong Kong

PRO-DEMOCRACY candiwin by far the lar share of the vote in next Sunday's elections for Hong Kong's legislature, the first to be held under Chinese rule. But they will have no role in government and will only be able to secure a minority of the seats in the Legislative Council.

Unlike other Asian countries, Hong Kong will not suffer from allegations of ballot fraud. There will be no need, as the system has been exquisitely rigged by the authorities to ensure that the most popular candidates have absolutely no chance of gaining control of the legislature.

At the heart of the rigging process is one simple fact: most of the electorate, comprising 2.8 million registered voters, can only elect one-third of the legislators. About 139,000 people representing various social constituencies have the right 10 elect half the members, while a special committee of 800 supporters of Peking will have the power to fill the remaining

15 per cent of the seats. The voting system in Hong Kong, much of which was inherited from the benevolent dictatorship of British rule, is highly complex. So much so that npinion polls consistently show that most of the population have no idea how it works.

This is understandable because, not content with ensuring that a minority has the power to elect the majority of



Mock voting in Hong Kong. The real poll takes place on Sunday Photograph: Andrew Buurman

legislators, the government has come up with a method to stop popular candidates from realising the extent of their support in the five constituencies open to universal suffrage. A system known as the

'largest remainder formula" has been grafted on to the proportional election system under which seats are allocated in these constituencies. This allows the redistribution of votes away from the most popular party lists once those candidates who took most votes have secured not or two seats. The system is so complicated that it takes three A4-size pages of a government propaganda

booklet to explain how it works. The government overturned the electoral reforms introduced by the last British governor, Chris Patten, within hours of coming into office. These reforms broadened the franchise for those seats elected by various small groups. Now these reforms have been scrapped, most of these seats will be selected by tiny electorates, often without a contest.

es, the democrats are set to win. The government fears the election system will lead to fewer people voting than in the Patten era. Officials are preparing the ground for that setback by talking about political apathy. Michael DeGolyer, of the Hong Kong Transition Project. a survey of public attitudes, disagrees. "People are not apa-

In the few constituencies which

have a sizeable electorate, such

as those for teachers and nurs-

freedoms and their human rights, they are apathetic about

voting in a rigged system". Nevertheless he is sure that the Democratic Party, led by Martin Lee, will sweep the hoard where there is a genuine vote. "It's a revenge ballot", he said. Opinion polls show candidates identified as pro-government will win only three or four of the 20 seats that are genuinely open to universal franchise.

A review of the present electoral system is promised in 2007. But Tung Chee-hwa, the head of Hong Knng's government, has shown little cothusiasm for greater democracy. In March he told an American delegation that a decade might be too short a space of time in which to introduce an elected legislature chosen by all voters.

#### **Assass ns** gun down mayor n Sri Lanka

terday shot and killed te first mayor to be elected in 7 years in Jaffna, a former Tan separatist stronghold that as recently seized by the arm.

Mayor Sarojini Yogevaran. was meeting with are residents when the two assass entered her house and firedbout 10 shots. The area is 185niles north of the capital, Colubo.

Ms Yogeswaran, 63 had turned down government fers of protection and insiste on having no bodyguards. Henusband Vettivela, a Tamil awmaker, was assassinated by suspected Tamil separatis in the Colombo in 1989.

The government blameces Yogeswaran's assassinational the Tamil rebels who have ben fighting since 1983 for anndependent homeland in nonern and castern Sri Lanka.

The rebels accuse the Sihalese majority of videspred discrimination in education at jobs. Tamils comprise 18 pr cent of the population of 18. million, while Sinhaese make

up 70 per cent. Ms Yogeswaran was elected mayor in January against opposition by the main rebel group, the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam. The poll the first in Jaffna since 1983, established local councils that will be given more autonomy under a plan the government hopes will

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From the age of Alexander Graham Bell to the wireless phone of the future

Andrew Marshall in Washington on a technological leap in communications

IF YOU ARE still catching up a smart guy like you make my with the explosion of new information technologies and you've just got used to the idea that the future is wired, then think again. Here comes the wireless revolution, blasting off from California.

The launch of five new satellites in a Delta II rocket from Vandenburg Air Force base, expected today, will complete the complex weh of satellites that make up the Iridium constellation. It will enable anyone, anywhere, anytime to stay connected to a phone or pager when it begins operation in September and, eventually, to any other service deliverable down a telephone line.

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Iridium is a private consortivm bringing together the United States electronics giant otorola and an array of corbrations and investors around ie world. The system relies oo 6 low-earth orbit (LEO) sateltes linked in six different orital planes that form a web which ties together the world.

With a normal cellular phone, of course, you can communicate internationally - but only if there is a oetwork, and then using the long-distance lines of the country you are in. Iridium users can communicate using only the Iridium system, whether or not there is a cellnlar network, or use a mixture of Iridium and local cellular.

Satellite phones already exist, using the Immarsat satellite. But they're big, they need a large clunky aerial, and they are expensive. Iridium phones are little bigger than a normal mobile, and should be cheaper than

Inmarsat, the company argues. The origins of the system supposedly go back to a holiday taken by Bary Bertiger of Motopla and his wife Karen in the Bahamas in 1985. Her mobile youldn't work; so she askedner husband: "Why can't

phone work?"

The answer to that question turned out to be extraordinarily complicated, and has taken 13 years and \$5bn. It has involved creating the world's largest private satellite network, agreements with relecom authorities around the world, and software that will locate you and your phone wherever you are, and work out the billing arrangements. Not surprisingly, some Iridium executives can express little but awe. "If you believe in God," said Raymond Leopold, the chief technical officer in 1996, "Iridium is God manifesting himself through us."

But will it work? There are technical obstacles, which required the company to shift from its original vision of a satellite-only system to add in cellular, hut the biggest problems, at the beginning, may be business obstacles.

Iridium needs to bring in about 5 million customers to get. started. The first generation of customers will divide into two groups, Mauro Seotinelli, executive vice-president of Iridium, believes. There will be wealthy globe-trotters who want to be in touch all the time. - what Iridium calls the "horizootal" customers. And corporations that want to run their own networks in places where cellular phones doo't work and there are no landlines - "vertical" customers, often operating in only one country.

As time goes on, costs come down and equipment gets smaller, they expect the first category to grow; but initially, this will require a collection of different gadgets to get the world's different cellular sys-

There will be competition, when Globalstar and Teledesic get similar systems under way. The service woo't be cheap.

tems to talk to each other.



with handsets expected to cost around \$2,500, (£1,500) and calls charged at 30 per cent more thao existing longdistance calls. The service isn't yet global, since it relies on striking deals with every country in which it hopes to operate. And there are already vast investments under way in oew technologies such as super-fast

But the future may well be wireless, for many people. In the early years of the new millennium, the number of wireless phones will overtake the number of wired ooes. With a wired telephone network, each individual has to be physically connected to the network. With wireless, once the basic infrastructure has been created, you just huy the handset and switch

optical fibre oetworks.

The relationship between cash flow and fixed investment capital makes it very attractive financially, says Mr Seotinelli. He believes there will be pressure for single solutions: companies will want easy technical answers, and consumers will

want to deal with as few suppliers as possible.

In the US, there is a solid

single wired network created by AT&T, but highly fragmented mobile systems, with many different standards. In Europe, there are dozens of national wired networks, with different plugs, regulations, standards and operators, but GSM has rapidly grown up as the single mobile system. In Europe, wireless will probably triumph, while in America, wired has the advantage, Mr Sentinelli says. In developing countries - especially those that now have low levels of telephone penetration, huge - wireless may make sense as a first step, using solarpowered telephone hooths in the most remote sites.

Satellite phones, cellular phones, computers, televisions. and normal, wired phones will become harder to distinguish. And if you are speaking on your mobile via satellite and land line to someone on a cordless phone, then is it wired or wireless?

Leading article, page 18

#### West Bank clashes continue

PALESTINIAN youths threw stooes and bottles at Israeli troops yesterday who respooded with rubber bullets, wounding six Palestinians in a fourth day of West Bank clashes. The latest round of violence began oo Thursday with mass Palestinian demonstrations to mark al nakba, or the catastrophe - which is how Palestinians view Israel's founding 50 years ago. Five Palestinians were killed in Thursday's clashes.

#### Australian right in lead

AUSTRALIA'S conservative government, which last week dolivered the country's first hudget surplus in eight years, would win the next election if it were held now, according to an opinion poll published yesterday. The Sunday Age ocwspaper poll found that 49 per cent of voters preferred the Liberal-National coalition government, 45 per cent preferred the Labor opposition, and 5 per cent were undecided. - Reuters, Canberra

#### Albanians killed in Kosovo

THREE ethnic Albanians died during clashes with Serbian police in the village of Iglarevo on the main Pristina-Pec highway in central Kosovo yesterday. Most of the highway from Pristina to Pec has been closed for more than a week due to KLA attacks, an ethnic Albanian insurgeot group lighting for

#### Temple artefacts seized

CAMBODIAN police have seized more than three tonnes of ancient statues and carvings which were about to be smug-gled to oeighbouring Thailand, Police seized the cache of artifacts hidden in the back of a truck in the town of Siem Reap in north-west Cambodia oo Saturday. Cambodia is struggling to contain a thriving black market trade in artifacts stolen from the 12th-century Angkor temple complex, near Siem Reap. - Reuters, Phnom Penh

#### Norway expels neo-Nazis

NORWAY ordered the expulsion of nine Swedes among 45 neo-Nazis detained yesterday to prevent possible protests disrupting Norway's National Day celebrations. The nec-Nazis were detained oo suspicioo of planning to disrupt National Day parades, when thousands of flag-waving children march past King Harald's palace in Oslo.





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#### TELL ME ABOUT...

#### What supermodels and ketchup have in common

Scrabble, thisotropy is a word that links supermodels. tomato ketchup, non-drip paint and earthquakes.

Put scientifically, a "thixotropic" liquid is one where the viscosity depends on the shear force; the greater the force (the more you stir or shake the liquid) the lower the viscosity becomes, so that it flows more easily when it's being agitated than when it's left alone.

How does that involve supermodels? Because they use mascara - which, in its container, is solid until disturbed with the brush. For a while, it stays liquid, then, on the eyelashes, it solidifies again, not by losing moisture, but because there's no shear force on it.

What makes a thixotropic substance? Geoerally, complex structures which, when quiescent, bold large amounts of water bonded into a structure like a house of cards with the water in between the stacked cards. The viscosity is thus very high. Shake the cards, and the water is freed, and the cards can move individually - the viscosity has dropped. Once the force moving the "cards" stops, the structure can reassert itself, bonding the water once more. Think of what happens

BESIDES being useful in with tomato ketchup. You can hold it open over your food for ages, yet nothing happens. But shake it up and suddenly it is a liquid. Commercial ketchup behaves like a kind of gel with fine hits of solid tomato and seasonings dispersed through the liquid.

Non-drip paint? Probably you're getting the idea by now. It doesn't drip off the hrush, yet you can spread it on to a surface, where it will remain quite happily.

The idea that earthquakes and thirotropy could he entangled may seem surprising, hut the effect is one of the more dangerous ones. Clay can act as a thixotropic substance. In Alaska in 1964, an earthquake struck on Good Friday. In Anchorage, the underground clay turned instantly to mud, because of the shockwaves. Many well-built houses turned into wrecks.

Why? Because the matrix of clay particles, which held the water in place, became dislocated by the ground's movement. That's why city planners in earthquake zones take great care finding out what lies below the ground before they approve building plans.

Charles Arthur, Science and **Technology Editor** 



remains solid until stirred by the brush. When it is once again. not because of a loss of but becar there is no movement Photograph:

# Looking at the big picture

Scientists working on the Very Large Telescope say it will be powerful enough to show an astronaut walking on the moon. By Alexander Hellemans

THE SILVER buildings on the summit of the Cerro Paranal mountain in the Atacama desert, in Chile, looks like the set for a science-fiction film. In fact, this is where the European Southern Observatory (ESO) is huilding a very large telescope. The name? The Very Large Telescope - more usually, VLT

largest, most powerful optical telescope available to astronomers, capable, in theory, of seeing an astronaut on the Moon. Except that it isn't a telescope it is four telescopes.

Engineers and technicians are working feverishly to complete is unique is that the VLT will the first of four large telescopes.

expected to see its "first light" at the end of May. Together with three other identical telescopes, to be completed in the next few years, its 8.2-metre mirrors will allow observation of celestial objects not seen before. "What

combine very high sensitivity

says the ESO director-general Riccardo Giacconi.

The key to its success is the co-ordination of the telescopes. Together, they will gather as much light as a single 16m mirror. So why not just build a single 16m telescope?

Until recently, ground-

When complete, it will be the Unit Telescope 1 - or UT1 - is with very high resolution," based telescopes suffered two problems. First, the size of the mirror was limited to about 6m, because if it was any larger it would sag under its own weight when pointed in different directions, destroying optical quality. Second, the atmosphere itself. Turbulence in the air causes images to wiggle, as anyone can see in the twinkling of stars. In a telescope, images become smeared and resolution is lost.

One solution came from Star Wars (the defence concept, not the film). During the 1970s, American military engineers developed adaptive optics devices deformable mirrors that would allow control of the beam of a laser weapon over long distances in air. They compensated for the effects of air turbulence by continuously changing shape. Much of the technology was declassified in the 1980s and astronomers were quick to use it to improve the resolution of

ground-based telescopes. In the VLT each 8.2m mirfor is supported by 256 actuators, all driven by a computer which continuously monitors the reflection of a reference star on different parts of the main mirror. The same actuators also compensate for gravitational deformations of the mir-

ror as its alignment changes. The greatest challenge is linking the optical signals of the four telescopes so they function like a single mirror with an aperture as large as the distance between the two most distant telescopes. It is a technique already widely used in "longbaseline" radio telescopes. But radio waves are comparatively



The first of the telescope's 8.2m mirrors

same results in the VLT, light from the four telescopes will travel through 60m optical delay systems that will continuously equalise the distance each beam of incoming light travels. At a central point, the four beams will meet and overlap, creating the interference fringes familiar from school laboratory experiments. Computer processing of these fringes will allow the reconstruction of images with a resolution 100 times greater than by direct imaging. "We expect the first fringes in 2001," says Giacconi. Then the second telescope epoch that is within five per cent will be completed and linked up of the life of the universe."

easy to combine. To achieve the same distance, the control margins of the moving mirrors will have to he much smaller than one wavelength. "This is really at the forefront of optical technology," says the astronomer Eduard Zuiderwijk, an astronomer of the University of Groningen in the Netherlands. "If this succeeds, we will be able to observe objects with such detail that, up to now, astronomers could only dream of," he says. We expect to see galaxies at larger distances and larger redshifts... we will study the formation of galaxies at an

The astronomers also expect Because the four light to expand their information beams must cover exactly the on planets that circle around stars. "There is a campaign being put together to measure extrasolar planets that have already been found," says-Giacconi. Their investigation will slied light on "how likely it is that conditions for the emergence of life exists in the universe", he adds: "We will be able to measure directly the diameter of a large number of nearby stars and confront this with our theories. I'd bet my right arm that we are in for some surprises," says Zuiderwijk.

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Many people will point out that there is already a very serviceable telescope at wort - the orbiting Hubble Space Telescope (HST). But Alan Moorwood, who is responsible for the development of the instruments that will be attached to the VLT explains that the observations by the HST and the VLT will iomplement each other. "The HST will see the very sharp points of light in distant galaxies, but not necessarily see the extended diffuse part, while an 8m telescope on the ground is much beter at seeing the diffuse part of the galaxy, but less good at seeing the sharp spots."

Such sophistication doesn't come cheap. The VLT will out about £347m. But Professor. Rolf Kudritzki, director of the University of Munich's institute for astronomy and astrophysic, believes the cost is justified "Mankind wants to know when it comes from, where it is going. Astronomy stimulates people's curiosity by following up these questions more deeply and thoroughly than any other science. Astronomy gets to the roots of knowledge.

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#### TECHNOQUEST

## Inuit diet/ Nerves/ Population/ Seagulls

Questions for this column may be submitted via e-mail to sci.net@campus.bt.com

Q Citrus fruit does not grow in the Arctic, so how do the Inuit [Eskimos] avoid scurvy?

Earlier this century, Vilhjalmur Stefansson argued that it was possible for people of European stock to live for lung periods on a traditional and entirely carnivorous inuit diet, and that many Arctic explorers had developed scurvy (caused by lack of vitamin C) because they would not follow the Inuit and trust their instinct and experience,

He and a colleague volunteered to subsist an nothing but meat, under medical supervision in New York, for one year starting in February 1928. They each consumed between 100gm and 140gm of protein a day, with the remaining calories coming from fat. Both men remained in good health and showed no sign of scurvy.

It has been estimated that a traditional,

daily Inuit diet, even without any plant material, would contain 40mg of vitamin C, enough to avoid scurvy. But some flora including rose hips, a good source of the vitamin - grow in areas where the Inuit live.

Q What is in a nerve besides nerve cells? Packed between the neurones are the glial cells. These make up the neuroglia, tissue which supports the neurone network, protecting it and providing the neurones with nutrients. Glial supporting cells make up about half the weight of the human brain, outnumbering neurones by 50 to 1. In other parts of the nervous system the proportion is much lower, about 10 to 1.

Q What will the world's population be In mid-1997 the world's populating was

estimated at 5.8 billion. By the year 2050, it could have decreased to 4 hillion because of falling hirth rates. But most calculations suggest h could be anything up to 15 hillion.

Q Why don't you see seagulls in the

Actually, you dn. But the Mediterranean has a lack of fish compared with places such as the North Sea. This means the number of all sea hirds is lower. But there is one guli species called the Mediterranean gull, which looks like our black-headed gull, and nne called Audouin's gulls, whose breeding area is confined in the Mediterranean.

You can also visit the technoquest World Wide Web site at http://www.sciencenet.org.uk Questions and answers provided by Science Line's Dial-a-Scientist on 0345 600444.

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#### 17/FEATURES

# All the rage, and how he survived it



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I MEET Tony Slattery in Dundee. Why here, in this cold, wet, place, where the "best hotel" in town is the only one I've ever stayed in where the chambermaid comes in having a fag? We're here to see Tony installed as Rector of Dundee University. This is a serious appointment. The Rector is responsible for representing the students' interests, both generally and at the University Court. Tony will have to come up here several times a year for the next three years, and hold surgeries. He says to the students: "I am going to pour my beart and soul into this." And: "This is my first step hack into the real world." And: "This is the most important thing I've ever done. I've done the telly. And it cracked me

Tony did do a lot of telly. Tons of it, in fact. Indeed, for more than a decade he was rarely off our screens: Whose Line Is It Anyway?, S&M. Saturday Night At The Movies, This is David Lander, P's & Q's, Tibs & Fibs, That's Love, The Music Game, Wimbledon Grandstand with the lovely Sue Barker. OK, I made the last one up but, he'd probably have done it if it had been offered. He was almost omnipresent although, furnily enough, never much liked. I mean, did you ever overhear anyone saying: "I just love that Tony Slattery"? Or. "What a genius!". Well, as it turns out, Tony Slattery didn't much like Tony Slatery either. It was, it seems, even worse being Tony Slattery than having to watch him fritter away what was obviously a good mind on increasingly rubbishy game shows. He did crack up, yes. Or, as his psychiatrist told him: "You've lost it. Big time."

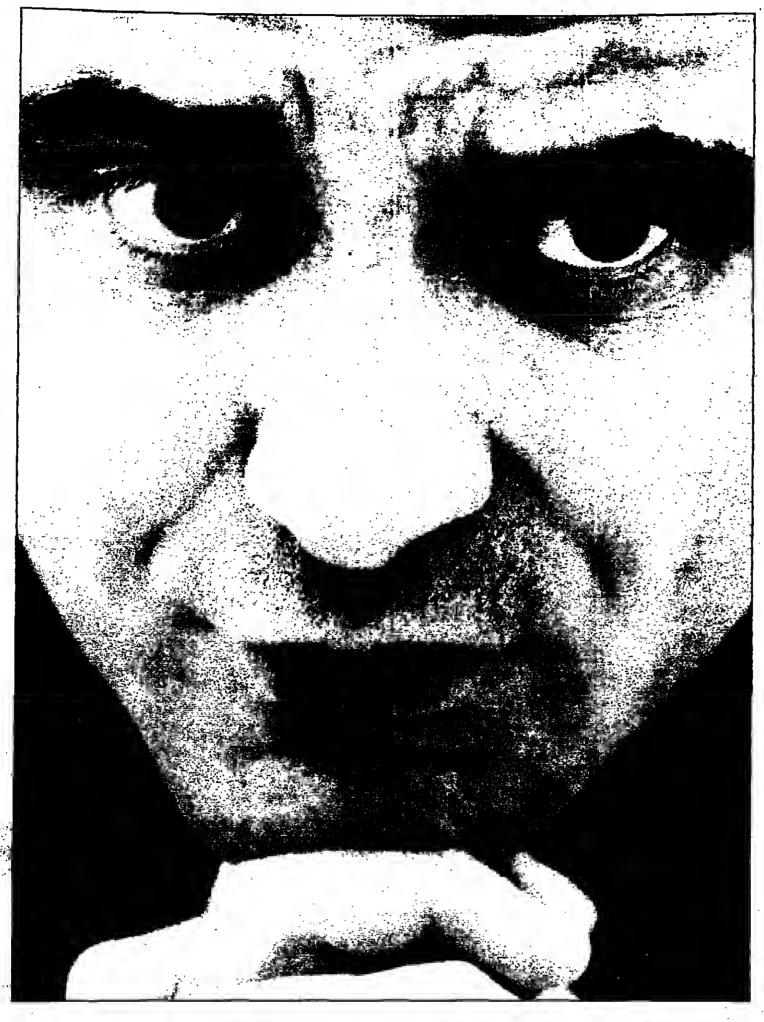
This rectorship business is actually Tony's first iob in two years, since be had a great, big, fat nervous breakdown. Some may say he had it coming. Even, perhaps, that it was necessary, in a strange sort of way.

"I'd had depression before and it's common and you deal with it," he explained. "It was bleak. I'd withdraw for a bit, but then it would pass. It was like the black dog got you, gave you a little shake, but then let you go. But this wasn't like that. The black dog got me in its jaws and just hung on for two years. It came out of the blue and got mixed up with all sorts of other things. Amphetamine abuse. Cocaine abuse. Complete lack of self-care. A sleep disorder started. The psychiatrists still haven't put their finger on this yet. It was almost periods of narcolepsy - I could sleep for three days at a time, but then wake up at the end of those three days feeling totally unrefreshed - and then I couldn't get to sleep for three days after, so I'd be pacing about with what they call psycho motor agitation.

"And in the depths of those horrible two years, I couldn't work, because I was incapable of turning up anywhere on time. It wasn't so much disorganisation. I might have a meeting or voice-over at 4pm. Pd be up, scrubbed, showered and ready to go by 8am, but then go into a sort of cataleptic trance. I'd sit there, absolutely motionless, just staring at a spot on the wall, or a hit of light on the floor, and then I'd snap out of it at ten to four, and panic. Did I have the right tie on? I'd go through all my drawers. Clothes went up in the air. I'd start to cry. The frustration made me later and later and more and more physically unco-ordinated. I'd eventually turn up with a cut or a bruise or something ... do you find my speech pattern very fast? I'm making up for two years of going for months on end

without saying a word... When did I first seek help? After a five-day period of sleep deprivation, and a close friend, who'd tried in vain to stay in touch, broke into my flat. My speech was disordered. I was very dehydrated from the drugs. My body was making constant jerking movements. I was in a state of hyper-vigilance. The smallest sound would make me jump. My friend said, 'In this state, you must go and see a doctor.' I went to a doctor and he said: Right. You are going to take a taxi and go to hospital' ... eventually, I saw a psychiatrist who said, 'You've lost it big time.' And then he said, 'I can feel more rage and anger coming from you than I have done in approximately

20 years of clinical practice, and now let's toast



The rage. Yes. I now realise it's what's always been most unsettling about him, this sense that deep down something black and nasty and really not very light-entertainment was going on. I can't think of any other reason why we didn't like him more. Certainly, he's handsome enough. Big, with good hair and very dark eyes. Verbally, he's fantastically dextrous. He can be very funny. He is now thinking about writing a pop-up book on psychiatry.

But that rage. That cruel and immensely unfunny rage, even. He's been known to stand up at award dos and say things like "Jeremy Beadle should be clubbed to death". He once punched a colleague of mine full in the nose for writing something unt entirely flattering about him. It did make him, yes, very hard to warm to, as he now seems to understand. "Perhaps people did sense that, as a person, there was something about me that didn't ring true. That inside this cheeky vaudevillian was something quite dark." And, in the end, that dark bit decided to rise and punch HIM full on the nose? Perhaps,

yes, he accepts. He doesn't know where the rage comes from. "It's still work in progress." He says he doesn't know why it eventually turned inward - in the form of selfhatred - and in effect blew him up. I suggest that perhaps he had to destroy himself, so he could start again as someone else, as someone truer. Perhaps

the breakdown was his mind's way of using the rage to de-construct the "telly tart" personality he'd become, and was necessary in that sense. He thinks about this then says: "I do think I'm now a deeper, more authentic person. I think the real me, whatever that is, did get huried under this lightentertainment, eheeky vaudevillian persona." Perhaps, I further suggest, this is why, for so long, he seemed to take any work that was offered, and ended up doing a ton of rubbish. If you become what you do, it's hard to stop doing it, because then who are you? "Yes! You're right. I was constantly pan-

icked by the thought of unemployment." We meet in the Rector's office in Dundee at 9.30am. Stephen Fry was the previous Rector, a hard act to follow, Tony knows. "I can't just step into his shoes. For a start, he takes a size 17 plus, and has a terrible fungal infection." Stephen was a very diligent rector until the Cell Mates business, and he went off the rails for a hit. What is it about you boys? I ask. What is it about you and Stephen and Paul Merton? What sends you all harking for periods? Is it the mismatch between who you are who the public want you to be? Tony says he doesn't know. All Tony knows is that when Paul Merton first saw a psychiatrist, the psychiatrist wanted to know if he ever spoke to people who weren't really in the room. Paul said: "Only when I'm on the phone..."

We go off to meet students in the various bars. You MUST come to me if you have ANY problems," he tells them all eagerly, and maybe even sincerely. A student tells me that she voted for him in the rectorial elections because, when he came to speak to them, "he just sounded so genuine". Genuine? See what I mean, about the breakdown perhaps having been the making of him? He says, earnestly: "I strongly believe this is the beginning of the second half of my life."

So why did the first half go so wrong? He remembers only a "gloriously happy" childhood. He is the son of Irish working-class parents who came to England seeking work after the Second World War. His mother, Margaret, was a home help while his father, Michael, worked nights at the Heinz factory. They lived on the Stonebridge Housing Estate in Willesden, north London. The fifth and youngest, Tony came after a sister, Marlene, then triplets -Stephen, Michael and Christopher. Marlene was quite a hit older. The triplets went about as a kind of unit, so Tony did spend a lot of time on his own. He can't recall minding but did invent a playmate: "He was called Fred. I made him with some old trousers and a dressing-gown but the only thing I could find for a head was a crieket ball. He lonked very Damien Hirst meets Gilbert and George."

He went to Gunnersbury Boy's Grammar in west

There was a time when Tony Slattery could be seen all over the TV schedules, but a massive nervous breakdown forced him to quit work: The black dog got me in its jaws and just hung on for two years' Photograph: Alan Richardson

London, then run by Jesuits, but he doesn't think his Catholic background or Catholic education left him with the usual baggage of guilt and repression, although when I ask him if be feels authentic when it comes to his sexuality - which has always seemed pretty mysterious to me - he comes back with one of the longest and most impenetrable answers I have ever had to stay awake through. It goes like this: "I don't feet politicised about whether I am gay. straight, bisexual, whether I change from month to month, whether I'm not anything at all, whether I'm interested in light-industrial farm machinery... whoever I've slept with, men or women, then for that periods of time of sexual activity you could perhaps define me, but beyond that it's a question I bave always found slightly amorphous in my own mind, and so the idea of taking catch-all phrases to say I'm this or this would actually he disinformation. The reality is that I know what I am and what I am is what I'm doing at the time, and that's the most I've ever said about this, because it's a private matter." So, gay then? "As I said, it's a private matter." But our sexuality is so central to our identity, isn't it? "Yes. Of course. But, hand on heart, it's the one area of my fragmented persona that is not an issue."

Truly? I wonder. Did you ever discuss your sexuality with your mum and dad? I ask. "Parents are curious, of course. And they want their children to be happy. But I think the moment a parent says 'I think I have a right to know is the moment the child can legitimately turn round and say Tell me, what was sex like with dad?' Parental and filial love is one thing, but independent sexual experience is another. Interestingly, the only people Tony made an effort to see during his breakdown were his mum and dad. He'd turn up for lunch once a week, as usual, having first gone down the chemist for make-up to hide the bruises. "I didn't want them to think I'd heen in a hrawl." He has always loved his parents. But, still, I wonder if his lack of authenticity comes from always having tried to be the son they want, rather than the person he is.

He won an exhibition to read medieval and modern languages at Cambridge and, until he met the Footlights brigade (Stephen Fry, Emma Thompson, Hugh Laurie etc) thought he might be an academic. However, he was persuaded by the agent Richard Armitage to give showbiz a go. For the next 13 years, he did not stop working. Never a holiday. Not once. You name it, he did it. Now, I can see, it wasn't so much about him being versatile, just that be could not stop. Until the breakdown made him.

How bad did it get? Very bad. He stopped seeing anyone, apart from his parents and the bailiffs who, because he didn't open post or pay bills, would turn up periodically to take away his furniture. He would apologetically write them a cheque. Such friends he once had just dropped away, "because I didn't answer their calls or their letters. I didn't open any letters for year. They just piled up by the door. And when someone writes to you 30, 40 times heginning with 'I'd love to see you...' then with that friendly irritation, 'why haven't you been in touch?' and then with genuine concern and worry, but you still can't reply because you are so withdrawn, then clearly they start to think, 'I'll stop embarrassing him and myself, and go away."

His psychiatrist thinks be won't break down again, that "he's used all his despair up". He is beginning to enjoy things again. His appetite is back, "and I make a very good shepherd's pie". His sleep patterns are returning to normal. He is interested in working again. He will not, he insists, "fall back into the light-entertainment pit". He now wants to see if he can cut it as a serious film actor. He's about to begin re-contacting his friends. "But, as the psychiatrist said, don't be distraught if they don't give you the response you'd get in an ideal world, if they don't go 'Welcome back, Tony. We're so pleased to see you.' I've changed, they've changed, and the friendships may not be recoverable."

He has changed, I think. I'm not saying he hasn't still got a tot of work to do, because he has. But,

# And the winner is... just about everyone actually

IES a glittery night at the Dorchester, and Lord Archer of Westonsuper-Mare is working the dinnerjacketed, frilly-frocked crowd. The clastic self-publicist schmoozes through the dressy throng, pressing flesh and Stapping backs with fashion mogals, TV presenters and pop divas. So what's new? Not much, except that these are the first ever Ethnic Minority Media Awards. Mr Would-be Mayor is chasing the non-white vote with all the frantic charm of a contender who knows very well that it accounts for a lifth of the London electorate.

With NatWest as the chief sponsor, Jeffrey Archer as a patron, and earnest goodwill messages from Blair and Hagner last Thursday's debin FMMAs sometimes felt more like an insiders' job than a platform for embattled wannabes. That was

deliberate, but also deceptive. The new awards for writers, broadcasters, advertisers and campaigners have to wrestle with the same paradox as the £30,000 Orange Prize for women's fiction, whose third winner will be announced tomorrow.

Make a splash, stuff the shortlists with established stars (at the EMMAs, that meant the likes of Ozwald Boateng, Martin Bashir, Meera Syal, old Uncle Trevor Mc-Donald et al), and people will wonder why you need separatist gongs at all. If the much-lauded and bestselling Carol Shields picks up the Orange for Larry's Party, the same doubts will arise. But shun the glitz, focus on the promising unknowns

- and you languish on the margins as another dull Worthy Cause. At the Dorchester, even the EMMA victors disagreed about the

value of the occasion. Shami Ahmed, the fashion entrepreneur who created the Joe

Bloggs label, responded to his award by asking whether the evening served the cause of segreeation rather than integration. Yet Martin Bashir - the BBC journalist to whom Diana, Princess of Wales, unloaded her secrets, and nobody's idea of a suitable case for special treatment - stressed how valuable it was "for someone from my background" to gain such recognition. For Maya Jaggi, an Indewho could do with an extra boost pendent reviewer and Guardian

writer who won the feature-writing EMMA, the event had as much to do with consumers as producers: "Black newspaper readers often have a lot of complaints about what they read on issues close to them. So to be rewarded by a panel of black judges is important."

Awards such as the Orange Prize for women's fiction create a ghetto mentality, its critics carp. Boyd Tonkin disagrees

As for the Orange, its short history has shown that grumbles about separatism will fade if first-class victors emerge and the contest takes the trouble to build a following. At the outset, Mitsubishi of Tokyo dropped their sponsorship after Simon Jenkins had thundered in the Times against the prize. Then the expanding mobile-phone group stepped in, with additional cash

Michaels won in 1996 and 1997, with novels that would rank highly in any company. Crucially, the Orange also broadened its base. It set up reading-groups, education programmes and a successful website - all part of a beart-and-minds campaign that can now protect it against the condescension of the columnists.

The standard objection to restricted-access prizes runs that they risk creating a ghetto mentality - a glass ceiling built by the victims themselves. In Britain (at least) there's precious little evidence that this sort of voluntary apartheid has ever taken root. Orange confrom an anonymous American tenders will not expect to suffer any

donor. Helen Dunmore and Anne discrimination in the Booker. (The other fancied runner for tomorrow's Orange, Pauline Melville's The Ventriloquist's Tale, has already proved its form in a gender-blind contest by winning this year's Whitbread prize for a first novel). As for the idea that an EMMA laureate would pass up on the chance to compete for (say) the British Press Awards - well, ambitious hacks don't act like that. Remember, too, that reserved honours often apply to age as well as sex or ethnic origin. Novelists can win the John Llewellyn Rhys Prize while under 35; at 60, though, they become eligible for the Sagittarius Award. Somebow the scourges of PC bave

Not all restricted awards work. They must have logic and transparency on their side. If not, their limits look like injustice or perversity. Take the Saga Prize, founded by the actress-turned-writer Marsha Hunt, to encourage black authors in Britain. This venture has been hamstrung by its stipulation that every entrant has to possess an "African ancestor".

All sorts of unlikely names would qualify on that score - from Aesop and St Augustine to the slave-descended Pushkin and the Creole Alexandre Dumas, But, as some wits spotted, this seemingly exclusive rule in fact flings the door wide open. Read any modern evolutionary science, and you wili soon grasp that we all have African ancestors. So even Jeffrey Archer could take part.

# INDEPENDENT

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## G8 fails victims of Third World debt

"CANCEL Third World debt" is an appealing slogan, but not a desirable policy. Half the debt owed to the British government by developing countries is owed by Nigeria, and what the Nigerian regime needs is a sharp lesson in human rights and democracy rather than the financial leeway to invest in more arms and repression.

However, the Juhilee 2000 campaign, which lobbied the rich countries' summit in Birmingham, was not asking for anything so simplistic. The campaign, which takes its name from the hiblical idea of the "juhilee" every 50 years when debts were forgiven, proposed modest and practical reforms to the debt-relief programme already agreed by the rich nations. As it stands, the programme requires that poor countries follow an IMF-approved "structural adjustment programme" for six years in order to qualify, if they drop out half-way through they have to start again at the beginning. Jubilec 2000 asked for the rule to be eased (except for corrupt, oppressive or high armsspending regimes), and to be dropped in cases like Rwanda and Liberia. which have just emerged from bloody conflict. It asked for the definition of "heavily indebted" to be widened: at present, poor countries have to be spending a quarter of their export earnings on paying debt interest to qualify. And it asked for more relief to be given to those countries which do qualify, Mozambique, one of the few countries granted relief, has so far been forgiven just 4 per cent of its debts, worth 27p per Mozambican per year - in a country which spends more on debt repayments than it does on health and education combined, and where child mortality and illiteracy are soaring.

The response from two of the G8, Germany and Japan, was particularly disappointing. The Germans in effect accused Tony Blair of hypocrisy, for lecturing them about debt relief when Britain has one of the worst records for writing off debts (partly because we have fewer to write off). The Japanese muttered about "honour" and the danger of "moral hazard" if obligations were not fulfilled. As a result, the summit was faced with a different moral bazard, that of inaction in the face of needless suffering.

Clare Short, in her sympathetic appearance on Saturday "on the side" of the demonstrators, hinted that something would be achieved at the summit at least for poor countries emerging from wars. But when we study the communiqué, what do we find? Mere words. The G8 supports "the speedy and determined extension of debt relief to more countries", but only within the terms of existing policy. And what about the so-called "post-conflict countries"? The G8 will "consider" ways to respond to their needs. If that represents, as the Prime Minister claimed yesterday, "a significant step forward", then we are living in an ethical Lilliput, in need of some seven-league boots.

## Rights are sacred except in church

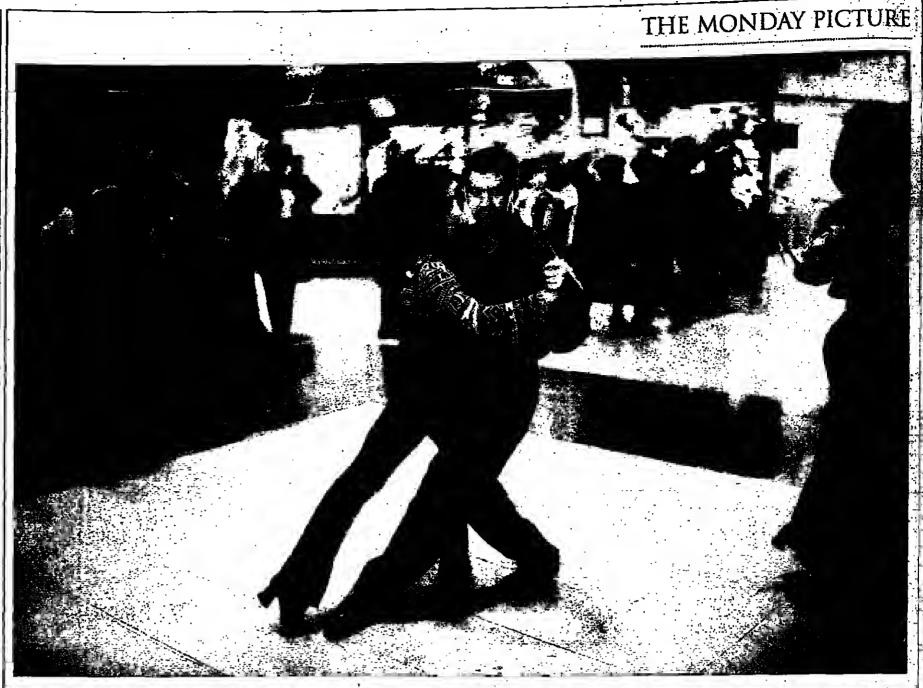
LABOUR'S MANIFESTO was clear: "Citizens should have statutory rights to enforce their human rights in the UK courts. We will by statute incorporate the European Convention on Human Rights into UK law to hring these rights home." It was a pledge that did not need any hedging, qualification or exemptions. Until certain men of the cloth squinted through their half-moon specs and actually read the Convention.

Article 14: "The enjoyment of the rights and freedoms set forth in this Convention shall be secured without discrimination on any ground such as sex, race, colour, language, religion ..." Never mind that Britain has been med up to this well-meaning stuff for the past 48 years, the idea that such a principle might be promptly and efficiently enforced by the British courts had the hishops choking. Why, that might mean courts forcing them to appoint women priests! It could mean forcing them to appoint atheist teachers in church schools! It might mean the churches having to face up to what "buman rights" are and whether they are consistent with their traditional practices. Horrors! Church leaders ran off to see the Home Secretary and told him that, much as they approve of human rights and that kind of thing (especially in the Third World), they were worried about some of the unintended and perverse effects of the Bill going through Parliament.

Jack Straw has now given in to this miserable special pleading. It was the same with the hoo-ha over a privacy law: some sections of the press got steamed up about the right to privacy enshrined in the Convention (Article 8), overlooking the balancing right to freedom of expression and information (Article 10). Mr Straw inserted a clause in the Bill asking the courts to give due weight to Article 10 when interpreting the Convention. Now some conservative clerics are up in arms over discrimination, overlooking the balancing right to freedom of religion (Article 9), and Mr Straw is promising to insert another clause drawing this to the attention of the judiciary. It may be smart politics, but it is not good law. If the churches do not like the European Convention, they should be forced to come out and say so, and say why.

#### A world on the phone

ANYTHING that can make mobile phones work better is to be welcomed. It is extraordinary that everyone seems to have one these days, even though they crackle and hleep and cut off and don't work at all in unpredictable dead spots. Or perhaps it is not extraordinary, in the sense that a talking dog may not talk very well but it is remarkable that it can talk at all. Tonight, the Iridium consortium launches the last of its array of "low earth orbit" satellites. This will eventually hring cheap mobile phones which work properly anywhere in the world. You can go to the Bahamas, climb the Himalayas or retreat to Wester Ross, and there will be no escape from that irritating guy phoning the office/wife/drinking partner to tell them where he is and by what mode of transport he is travelling.



Dancers demonstrating the tango at Chamatin railway station, Madrid

Photograph: David Rose A 9x12 print of this photograph can be ordered on 0171-293 2534

#### Battle of the sexes

Sir: Yes, men hold more positions of power than women and few men take equal responsibility in the home, but women have enhanced their opportunities enormously in the last twenty years. Even though there is still a long way to go to achieve equality in the "battle of the sexes" (16 May), I line up with David Aaronovitch in his debate with Suzanne Moore.

As feminists we do not advance our cause by making dismissive generalisations about men. Many men have little power over their lives. Most women wish to enjoy relationships based on love and respect with men, be they their fathers, brothers, lovers or sons.

In recent years, the Family Planning Association has been working with boys and young men to ensure their needs are met in sex and relationships education. In the past, these lessons have mainly responded to the needs of girls, and boys have felt excluded. Boys too should have the opportunity to explore their understanding of what it is to be male. to learn about their feelings and

about relationships. Focusing on women and brushing aside the issues faced by men will get us nowhere. We must value both men and women, if we are to achieve a better balance in our relationships. ANNE WEYMAN

Chief Executive Family Planning Association London NI

Sir: Sophy Robinson ("The things men do (and don't)", 13 May) is a typical example of the warped logic that vilifies men in general and lathers in particular. Her husband has a stressful job in the City in order to earn chough money to keep his fam-Ily in the style to which they are accustomed. He is also "a wonderful Dad" who plays an active part in family life by looking after the children. taking them out, reading to them, athouse repair and maintenance, and still he is made to feel guilty about the things be doesn't do.

A more productive (and fairer) approach would be if the Robinsons asked themselves whether they re-

#### **LETTERS**

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ally need all the trappings of a twoincome household. If they were prepared to do without their second car, the cleaner and the nanny, the skiing holiday and all the rest of it, he could seriously consider "downscaling" to a less stressful (part-time) job that would give him more time to take on some of the tasks she resents

**HANS BERTELS** 

Sir: Suzame Moore (Comment, 13 May) misses the point that women serving morality in public whilst practising immorality in private. If power and wealth are the aphrodisiac that drives this type of behaviour, then it is unsurprising that men more than women feature in the headlines. As more women gain the same public status, look for the statistics to change. This is not a gender issue, it is an issue of human frailty, regardless of sex. K CHARLESON

#### 'Cheating' on TV

Crieff. Tayside

Sir: You report on restaging of events by makers of television documentaries ("BBC tackles documentary 'cheating' ", 15 May). There is no way of guarding against "cheating" apart from the integrity of the person making the programme.

However straightforward the covernge of a subject may be, the viewpoint of the programme maker is always the message that the audience will receive. Making any programme involves decision-making and choice. tending school events, gardening. Place a camera out in an ordinary street and the producer is immediately involved in deciding which way to point it, what lens to use, when to turn it on and when to turn it off. Then when the time comes to edit, which bit will be used: which shot

comes before it and which after it? And all this happens before we write the narration. You don't see what you see, you see what the writer tells you that you see.

Face your producer with these oices in relation to a controversial subject and the process becomes very dangerous indeed. It always was and it always will be. When I worked on the old Tonight programme, producers and directors were chosen not only for their talent, but for their integrity as well. Values have unfortunately changed and we are now faced with the inevitable consein power can also face both ways, oh- quences. Don't blame the programme makers. Blame the people who employed them. RICHARD WADE

Oxfordshire

Sir: There is justifiable concern about the reconstruction of "events" in television documentaries. I hope that we can have a similar scrutiny of documentaries about travel in distant and hostile places.

When we watch the intrepid travcls of television explorers on foot, camel or hievele through a wilderness, why do we never see the camera crew and their transport? Should we not suspect the accompanying presence of several trucks and caravans so that our poor struggling travellers, after a few minutes' shooting, can retire to the comfort of their mobile home for rest and recuperation? This could be as dishonest as a reconstruction of the facts in "actuality" documentaries... ROBERTNAIRN London SEI

#### A united Ulster

Sir: Andrew Boyd (letter, 15 May) seeks to rubbish the Good Friday agreement by asking what kind of agreement asks Protestants to sup-

port the IRA, and Catholics to support the UDA.

The simple answer is that the agreement is inclusive. The tragedies of the last thirty years have their roots in the misguided fears of the two opposing communities; this agreement is a once-in-a-lifetime chance to walk away from division.

Most nationalists now accept that there will not be a united Ireland in the foreseeable future. With this in mind, is it too much to ask for people to work for a united Northern Ireland? OSCAR McCARTHY

#### Take the slow train

Sir. There is no way of realising James Murphy's dream (letter, 15 May) of a train journey between Newcastle and Paris taking only five hours. The total market for travel between the North-east and Greater Paris is relatively small. Air is always likely to be both quicker and cheaper than train. The potential demand for rail could never support an

adequate frequency of service. The current British fascination with high-speed trains contrasts with a growing disillusion with them on the Continent, High-speed trains are not environmentally friendly. Both fuel consumption and noise increase sharply with soced. If the trains require new tracks, they are immensely intrusive; if they use existing tracks, they very much reduce the capacity for freight and for local passenger trains.

The Channel Tunnel rail link is not the only high-speed rail project that should be urgently re-examined. The reconstruction of the West Coast main line to enable it to carry high-speed trains will cost at least £2bn. This is a huge diversion of resources from less glamorous but far more worthwhile rail investment. STEPHEN PLOWDEN

#### Be fair to Gates

Sir: Microsoft should be judged on its record. For several years, the company deserved its reputation for producing sub-standard products which, aggressively marketed, took market share from superior, more elegant rivals. Microsoft's main rival for massmarket PC operating systems, Apple, produces superbly engineered products which are objectively superior to Windows in Apple's key markets but markets them ineptly. As software developers for most sectors tended to favour the Windows platform, the competition has atrophied.

Adrian Gilbey (letter, 14 May) expects Microsoft to produce even more rickety, ill-conceived software now it has no effective competition in key areas. However, Microsoft's record has been the exact opposite: in the last two years its software has improved dramatically - in innovation, ease of use, stability and crossplatform compatibility. I don't think Microsoft is at all a pleasant company, but their record is confounding standard economic theory. TOM SAUL

London SE26

Sir: I have a modest web site www.orthodox.co.uk - which has received nearly a thousand visitors in the last month. They have come from all over the world, from countries including Japan, Chile, Iceland, and South Korea, as well from the US, Canada and Europe. The browsers used by these visitors divide roughly as follows: Netscape 66 per cent, Explorer 34 per cent. Clearly at least some users of the Internet are not being cowed by the mighty Mr Gates. ARCHIMANDRITE EPHREM

#### Price of India's bomb

Sir. The thousands of children who cke out a precarious existence in the streets and city dumps of Calcutta and Bomhay must be bemused; their government can afford nuclear weapons, but cannot find the money to feed and educate the nation's most precious possessions, ils children. JOHN O'SHEA Goal, London W3

### From little lad to old codger: my life measured out in Cup Finals



I WAS idly listening to two old codgers on radio 4's PM programme on Friday, being interviewed about the Cup Final - one an Arsenal supporter and one a Newcastle man. The reason they had been selected was that they had both been present at the last Cup Final meeting between these two clubs, in 1952. The odd thing was that I too had been present at that match, not as any kind of a codger, but as a small boy ....

My father was a brewer in Wrexham, and the brewery owned the Wrexham Football Club ground, the Racecourse, so my father found himself with his finger in small football pies - in fact, he was for a time Honorary President of the club, which was more to do with being the landlord than any knowledge of football. But one of the perks must have been that Cup Final tickets occasionally floated his way, and in 1952 he said to me, "Right, we're off to the Cup Final, you and me."

It was an all-day trip. We could have caught the train from Wrexham. I suppose, but Dad always preferred a faster route even if it took longer, so we had to leave home carly to drive to Crowe, where we caught the Irish Mail, speeding from Holyhead to

"They always do a damned good breakfast on the Irish Mail," he said. "I think they're trying to impress the people who have just got off the boot from Ireland, and haven't been to England before. Look at

that priest over there, tucking in ..." That is the kind of thing that fathers say which you believe implicitly for forty years, and then suddenly realise do not have a shred of truth in them, but which you go on believing anyway. Still, I was mightily impressed by the breakfast myself. The next memory I have is of walking up the big road to Wembley and of the amount of people trying to sell me rosettes of either red or black and white. I had never seen so many people trying to sell things. Nor had I seen so large a potential market - the population of Wem-hley Stadium that day was higger than that of Wrexham, by many thousands, and they were all crowded into one room, as it were. And as I was a small lad, they all seemed even higger than they were.

Wembley itself was like a white elephant, in every way. From a distance the domes were palatial, but when you got inside the place, it had all the charm of a multi-storey car park, bleak and functional. I clung to my father fairly tightly, aware that if I lost him, I would have to spend the rest of my life among these unfriendly city people with their shahby coats and their smelly outdoor lavatories - even now, I can remember that the Wembley gents was smelly. And then the came started....

About the game itself I cannot remember much except that the legendary Milhum did not seem that great. The Newcastle winger Mitchell (George Mitchell?) seemed a much better player to me, and I loved the way he jinked and side-stepped past player after player - he even set up the winning goal. But the moment I still remember best was when the Arsenal defender Wally Barnes had his leg badly hurt. He had to go off, and I think later on he came back on and limped around distressingly on the wing, but I remember asking my father why they couldn't replace him with another player. "Not allowed to," he said. "Got to stick

with the players you started with." "That's not fair," I said, "You should be able to bring on another one."

"That wouldn't be fair either," he said. "The new man would be fresher than anyone else."

"I tell you what," I said. "If one side loses a player, why not make the other side take one off as well?"

"Stupid boy," he said, as he normally did when I had a good idea.

It was a great day. We got back late, tired and happy. Many years later I met some Newcastle supporters in a train and got chating to them. I told them how I had once seen Newcastle United in a Cup Final. "Must have been some while back," said

one. "Who was playing? "Jackie Milhurn," said I. "And a winger

called Mitchell. He was wonderful." They looked blank. Then one of them reacted. "Aye, Mitchell," he said, "My father was

always on about how good he was." HIS father! I was now the same age as his father! I had become my own father. And that means that in 20 or 30 years' time I can

get in touch with Radio 4 and, assuming that Arsenal or Newcastle ever get back to the Final, volunteer my services as an old codger. Makes a chap think.

named Ed M.

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## Descending from the high moral ground to the G8 summit



#### PAUL VALLELY THE DEBT RELIEF THAT NEVER WAS

Martin's Church as Clare Short swept down the aisle. It echoed too from outside where thousands more protesters against Third to find someone to borrow to raise the inter-World Debt gathered around loudspeakers in the centre of Birmingham's Bull Ring around which 60,000 demonstrators had gathered on Saturday. "Please welcome," said Rev Michael Taylor, "our kind of Secretary of State for Development". By "our kind" the former director of Christian Aid - who is now president of Jubilee 2000, the organisation which had brought protesters to the G8 summit - meant one who speaks the language of the non-governmental organisations to which the protesters belong.

And speak it she did. She talked of the potency of symbolism. Of how today showed that compassion fatigue was far from dead. Of bow self-fulfilling cynicism must be banished. Of bow optimism and principle and determination could move mountains. Of bow, baving lost an empire. Britain had at last found a rule in working for justice in the developing world. Of bow world poverty could be halved within 20 years and eradicated within our life-

There was some good natured beckling when she got to the point of talking about the nations which qualified for relief under the Heavily Indehted Poor Countries Initiative (HIPC) which the rich world has agreed. "Not enough, Clare," a chap at the back shouted. And she was able to agree, but talked about progress in the right direction and outlined a five-point plan.

But then the time came for the final speech before the demonstrators were to pour out to form a human chain around the world leaders' conference centre. A quietly spoken man nomic liberalisation and privatisation named Ed Mayo, Jubilee 2000's chairman, who is director of the New Economics Fourdation, stood up and began to take issue with the five points.

mentum" on HIPC and yet there was no mo- which made progress for decades after colomenium. It was not working. Before he nialism - infant mortality, malnutrition and could finish the Secretary of State, who had sat shaking her head as he spoke, sprang to her feet and pushed him from the microphone to re-address the audience. Mr Mayo had got it wrong, she said, he was one of the cynics. He waited until she had finished and moved onto Point Two. Halfway through that she sprang up again. Then she did it a third time. The audience, which was expecting to be fired up and sent out onto the streets, was clearly

deflated by the untimely bickering. Yet the exchange was a paradigm of the debate on debt, in which everyone can agree on the sweeping statements about povertyreduction and yet fall out over the detail in which the devil is supremely to be found.

The trouble with Third World Debt is that it is an extremely complex issue. You would not think so from some of the ignorant comment on the subject this week which subjects the intricacies of international economics to the homespun nostrums of running a sensible household hudget. Platitudes like "where would we be if people did oot pay back what they borrowed" take no account of the imbalance of power which lies at the heart of the relationship between the First and Third

Yes, poor countries borrowed heavily in the Seventies. But they were persuaded to by Western banks and governments which pointed out that, as interest rates were lower than inflation, you'd be a mug not to borrow. Many of APPLAUSE filled the cavernous nave of St the loans were made recklessly by banks which were awash with money - deposited by oil producers after the oil price hikes - and needed est they needed to pay the oil depositors.

Why didn't they invest the money productively? True, corrupt Third World leaders stashed chunks of it away in Swiss and New York banks and about a quarter was speni oo buying arms. But in the early years most of the money was used buying oil at the newly-increased prices. The sums borrowed have been repaid. Yet the debt has increased exponentially from the build-up of unpaid interest following the massive increases in interest rates which occurred until the monetarist policies introduced by the West in the early Eighties.

This is not to say that Third World leaders bear no responsibility. Only that significant responsibility must be borne by others too - from reckless banks to Western politicians who deregulated international capital flows to the point where massive debts could be built up unchecked. There seems, in yesterday's resoundingly vacuous words from the G8 summit, no recognition of that at all. The measures which might realistically have been implemented are set out in the editorial opposite. Yet almost nothing was done. It is hard to resist the conclusion that deht has become too convenient a tool with which to coerce the Third World into turning over control of its economic life to Western multinationals.

What is clear is that the only people free of responsibility are the very ones being asked to bear the brunt of the economic adjustment which poor countries are undergoing to find the cash to pay the debts. It is the poorest people who are losing their jobs under the ecoprogrammes introduced at the behest of the IMF. It is they who suffer most from the axing of subsidies on staple foods. It is they wbo cannot afford the health and education Point One spoke of "maintaining the mo-fees now introduced. Today - in a continent illiteracy are rising to scandalous levels.

That is the baseline by which the policy details debated by Clare Sbort and Ed Mayo must be judged. St Martin's Church on Satnrday may not have seemed the best place for Mr Mayo to begin to piek boles in the detail of what the British Government seemed to be offering. But had the activists there known that, in the end, fine words were all that the weekend would offer, Clare Short might not have even raised the more muted applause which eventually marked her departure.

## Unionists are marching towards a No vote and bitter future battles

#### DAVID **M°KITTRICK**

THE IRISH REFERENDUM

THE IRA'S Balcombe Street gang did a great deal of deliberate damage to life, limb and property, killing 16 people in and around London in the mid-1970s. Last weekend they did another huge amount of damage, this time unwittingly, when they were feted almost eestatically at the Sinn Fein ard-sheis in Duhlin.

Their intention was to signal support for the peace process but, ironically, it appears they instead dealt a grievous blow to its chances of

Over the years that process has often looked doomed: one 1996 book by a respected academic has a whole chapter entitled "The end of the peace process", explaining how it died out that year. Yet still it moves, though the referendums to be held on Friday look likely to represent a setback rather than the momentum they were supposed to deliver. This is hecause a majority, or near-majority, of Unionists look poised to back the Rev lan Paisley's No cam-

The Good Friday agreement already represents an extraordinary achievement, winning as it has the endorsement of 95 per cent of nationalist Ireland, every British political party and of every involved international player, including Bill Clinton, Nobody likes all of it but all of them regard it as a fair and workable compromise.

The exception is Unionism, where the agreement has exposed a fracture in its ranks so fundamental that it may result in new party alignments. The main grouping, David Trimble's Ulster Unionist party, is clearly split from top to bottom, and so is the Protestant communi-

One gloomy scenario compares Mr Trimble to Captain Terence O'Neill, the reformist Unionist leader of the 1960s who concluded that change was necessary but lacked the political skills and support to bring his followers along with

Irisb nationalists were



Protestant bandsmen in County Antrim marching for a No vote

the Good Friday accord, given his record of rejecting almost all such compromises in the past. Initial amazement turned to delight as be robustly stood by his decision, but now it is turning to dismay as his capacity to deliver is cast in doubt.

If the opinion polls are correct, and if no reversal of present trends takes place before Friday, it seems that more than balf of Unionists will vote against the agreement. This stance is an informed one: the grass roots are attentively reading the papers and, especially, watching television programmes on the issues.

And the majority Unionist view, put with classic simplicity by a leader of the Orange Order, is: "We've looked at this agreement and we don't like it." In vain, it seems, have Mr Trimble, Tony Blair and President Clinton asked them to vote Yes; in vain has Gordon Brown visited Belfast distributing money. They just don't like it. In vain, the Yes campaign-

ers argue publicly that voting No means opting for the past rather than the possibility of a brighter future, and that No campaigners have advanced no feasible alternative. In vain, they argue, more privately, that a No vote would mean the world writing off Northern Ireamazed, to the point of shock. land as an intractable problem when Mr Trimble signed up for unworthy of further attention.

The Government itself has opted for offering plenty of carrots but hiding the stick. The agreement's virtues are lauded, but Mr Blair bas carefully avoided issuing even implicit threats about what a big No vote would mean.

If the question of prisoners was the only sticking-point something could be done to make the arrangements more palatable. But although it is the issue most highlighted by the Unionist critics, it is obvious that the opposition to the agreement goes much deeper. A senior Protestant cleric

said yesterday: "I haven't found one Presbyterian minister who is voting No, they will all be voting Yes. But a number of people in the congregations who were wayerers saw the Balcombe Street gang on TV and said: 'That's it, we're voting

There is an awful lot of bigotry about in Northern Ireland, and a good proportion of the No voters are not just antirepublican but frankly anti-Catholic. Then there are others who agonised about the decision but were swayed not by the Balcombe Street event itself but by what it symbolised: a whole new political dispensation, part of which is to be the entry of Gerry Adams into a new gov-

More than half the Protes-

block every vote and paralyse tants are, it seems, not prepared the agreement. to go out and vote for that, whatever political and financial

resources the Government de-

ploys to entice them. Most of

them want peace, but not at this

price; and some sound suspi-

ciously more at ease with the

old paradigm of conflict than

with the prospect of change.

put them into the Paisley camp,

and it is here that a possible

meltdown scenario heaves into

view: A vote of, say, 60:40 ou

Friday in favour of the agree-

ment will technically provide

the necessary endorsement for

it, but would also make clear

that a substantial majority of

tions to the assembly, which are

to be held on 25 June. Mr Trim-

ble is trying to ensure that his

in the referendum will make

tray Mr Paisley as a winner.

vous in the Unionist Yes camp

may give up the battle, for this

has certainly been the pattern

in the past. Absolute disaster for

the Government will come if a

coalition of Paisley members

and anti-Trimble Unionists

make up more than 60 per cent

of Unionists in the assembly,

for, under the rules, they could

At that point, the more ner-

The battleground will then immediately switch to the elec-

Unionists are opposed.

Voting No will automatically

While that is the Government's nightmare, the chances are it will not be so bad. It seems inevitable, bowever, that a civil war is beginning within Unionism between those who want a deal and those who don't. The new assembly will be the scene for many hitter battles.

It could take years to resolve this internal strife, with no guarantee that the Trimble camp will ever triumpb over their Paisleyite opponents. One Unionist Yes campaigner said mournfully yesterday: "From the Nos you get a focused, clear. direct, simple message - just say No. It's not like that for us, we bave to make complicated arguments."

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One astute nationalist commented: "The Unionist case for the agreement is hard to party selects pro-agreement make because it's actually negcandidates, but a strong No vote ative. It's hard for them to say to their people: 'Look, this is the best we could get, if we don't accept this, it will only get worse for us."

The campaign thus goes into its final week with the Paisley No camp in the asceodant and their opponents fervently boping for a dramatic reversal of fortune.

Once again, the peace process is in need of last-minute deliverance from those who

#### Can the Queen's garden party really be improved by television?

TV crews at the monarchy's latest on-screen flirtation may be in for a big let-down, says Ann Treneman

THE Queen has decreed that

in future royal garden parties are to be televised. So, as of July, you can see what goes on behind the gates of Buckingham Palace, Live! Raw! Uncut! Everyone I know is already setting their videos to see Her Majesty Unplugged and I will too. But, and I shouldn't really brag like this, some of do not

need a camera to show us what goes on at such events. Some of us, ahem, have had an invitanon.

The card was thick enough to be propped up somewhere unmissable in a casual sort of way. My mother-in-law was impressed. It must have been sent in error but serendipity rules fine by me. She talked of nothing but bats for the next month. There is something wrong about a country in which I, and not her, gets invited to such things. But that didn't stop me going.

I would be tying if I didn't say that it was exciting to actually walk through the gates at Buckingham Palace. This is because, until that hot summer's day, I had always been standing outside the gates watching the only entertainment going: a man in a funny hat who walked first one way. and then another. Not exactly

the Grand Prix. It is a testimony to the power of the monarchy that anyone comes back for more. The reasoo we do has to have something to do with the mystery of the institution itself. Pechaps the Queen has forgotten this. After all, TV has done the monarchy great harm already. They say the rot set in at her Coronation and continued with the first royal documentary. On the small screen, the creatures royal lnoked a bit too, well, buman. It's got worse. Prince Charles and Princess Diana told us their secrets and who could forget It's A Royal Knock-

out? Now we are to have cov-



The Queen in her 1997

erage of garden parties, investitures and banquets. It may be part of a drive to modernise but why modernise something that is; by definition, antiquated? Now the creatures royal will be seen to be human and bor-

How do I know? Well, on that summer's day not so many years ago, I strode through those mysterious gates and into the royal back garden. It wasn't small. I tried to imagine Philip out there with the Flymo, but couldn't. To one side are tents serving tea for us plebs. On the other were tents for important types, such as MPs, bishops and (other) men in skirts.

Never have I seen so many men in skirts. There were kilts for the Scots, robes for the religious, and wrap-around thingies for those men from the South Pacific who seemed to have arrived fresh from hula classes. There seemed to be an alarming number of these (one

good thing about a tiny Empire is that it all fits nicely into a garden party). Some of the military men were bedecked with so much frou-frou and feathers that a chorus line must somehow be involved.

So what actually happened? Well, we walked in a circle for a while and then we walked back the other way. We drank a cup of tea. We decided not to wait in the long snakey queue that had formed in anticipation of the Queen stopping by for a chat. Evidently, in the new modern monarchy, her Majesty will be accompanied on these journeys by a camera crew. What a docu-drama that will be. I can hear it now. Lights! Camera! Inaction!

And that, I suspect, may be a wrap for HRH TV.

#### It's such good What's health coverthe catch? With Primecare there isn't one.

plan together, we asked people what they really wanted from their health insurance. Yan don't want to worry about topping

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up surgeous' and anaesthetists' fees. So Primecare covers you in full for hospital costs. You don't want to have to wait to see a

specialist. So Primecare has out-patient consultations fally covered. Patients sometimes want cover for alternative treatments. So we've allowed

£1000 for things like chiropractic and

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in fact, from as little as 55p a day.

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#### A bad idea

While his Canterbury trial for "indecent behaviour" has been postponed until next month. Peter Tatchell and his gay rights' group Outrage! plan to distribute leaflets to the pupils of London Oratory School in Pulham this Wednesday. The Oratory is currently well-known for educating Euan Blair, son of the Prime Minister. In March, 14-year-old Euan was beaten up by some teenage thugs from another school. Now he will have to endure being handed a leaflet that asks "Are your teachers giving you the gay facts of life?" and includes pictures of kissing gay complex. Tatchell told one of Pandora's colleagues: "We're not interested in a particular numil. I don't know what Euan looks like

speak to him." Thank goodness for that, but Tatchell's claim to have chosen London Oratory simply because it's a well-known school doesn't convince Pandora. Why else send its press release to The Independent's political correspondent if not seeking to exploit the PM's son for publicity? In the name of something like decency, leave the kid alone.

and bave no intention of trying to

#### Bombs away!

Pandors knew there was a good reason to turn down that invitation to the Cannes Film Festival. According to a press release that arrived yesterday, "Thousand [sic] of copies of the European will be dropped on Cannes on Monday in

Andrew Neil's single-handed assault on the hollow celebration." No doubt the glittering crowds are mobbing Nice airport this morning in a desperate effort to flee Andrew's deadening attack. But what if the Palestinians hear of this devastating tactic and start dropping the European on Jerusalem? On the other hand, ticketless English and Scottish fans might blanket World Cup matches with the European in France this summer.

#### Windsor not

Sartorial protest is rare in British politics, despite Gordon Brown's

refusal to wear a dinner suit for his first Mansion House speech. But word comes of Rev Ian Paisley's new tie. Designed by his daughter, Rhonda, the neckwear features Union Jack colours, the Heart of Ulster and the fetching leitmotif "No", over and over again. While, reportedly, there is interest in retailing the tie, Pandora doubts if Paul Smith or Nermes are too

#### Taxis free

week. Rather than cripple the city, the reaction was one of universal joy. Gotham's streets were suddenly emptied of gridlock for a day. "We've gotten, surprisingly, a large number of calls saying that

New York's taxis went on strike last

days in a long time," Mayor Ginliani told the New York Post. Perhaps a London mayor could provoke similar industrial action?

this was one of the more pleasant

#### Remarkable twit

One final report from Belfast, as

Friday's referendum looms closer. After a delegation from South Africa's ANC, led by Cyril Ramaphosa, met with Sinn Fein prisoners in the Maze, they also talked to officials in the Northern Ireland Office. Asked what he thought of the South Africans, one Home Counties-type remarked: "It makes such a pleasant change to speak to people who speak English." Now, that's a remark that could unite all Irishmen.

# **Lord Cudlipp**

HUGH CUDLIPP, in his day, waving column". He commiswas the superstar of Flect Street, the editor with the greatest charisma. Over a span of 40 years, he poured into the Mirror newspapers all his passion, his abrasive charm, his crusading zeal and his exuberant personality.

Some of his rival editors were fine newspaper craftsmen. One or two others possessed political insight. But only Cudlipp, in his generation, was highly endowed with both gifts.

And there was more to it than that. All his life he was fired by his faith in the unique social purpose of the popular newspaper. A newspaper, Cudlipp said, must be inspired by a mission. A paper without a cause is but dress, brilliant though it may he.

When I first met Hugh Cudlipp he was just 17. On the top opeo deck of a Salford tram. he gave us an impression of Pastor Jeffreys, the Welsh revivalist preacher, winning souls in his Big Tent Missioo at Cardiff. There was more admiration than mockery in his act.

be Hugh's Big Tent, an editor's chair his pulpit.

His mission was to enlarge the knowledge, freedom and welfare of ordinary people. But to be effective the mission had to be carried out with fun as well as earnestness, with dramatic even sensational impact, as well as common sense. A good paper, Cudlipp wrote, must be an Open University. Yet it must also destroy taboos and foment

controversy. So, when Cudlipp took over the editorial direction of the Mirror, it was to remain what it had lately become, the candid, critical, yet constant friend of moderate Lahour.

Lord Cudlipp, as he became after his retirement from newspapers, took the Labour Whip in the House of Lords until December 1981. Then, like many others, who feared that Labour was too far down the road to exa reluctant Social Democrat.

Hugh Cudlipp was one of the boy wonders of the newspaper world when there was a fashion for boy wonders in the 1930s. At the age of 22 he was Features Editor of the Daily Mirror. At 24, he was Editor of the Sunday Pictorial (renamed the Sunday Mirnor) and before he was 40 he was editorial supremo of the whole organisation.

credit to Guy Bartholomew, to sing a note. He spent most no friend of his, the man who revolutionised the style and itating the great cooductors as policy of the Mirror with the help of a dozen men and women, hrilliant pioneers of the new journalism. Above all, he recognised his debt to Cecil King, who picked him out for promotion when he was 24, inspired him, guided him, educated him and sent him round the world. "He was my tutor," Cudlipp would say. About his own role, Kiog could be modest. He himself merely supplied the ballast, he once said. "The man who put the words on paper was Cudlipp."

They were the odd couple of Fleet Street. King was withdrawn and tacitum with a platform manner that was the despair of his speech writers. Cudlipp was an extrovert, a non-stop talker, a born orator. King knew all about the Top People, his own class. Cudlipp knew only about the rest of mankind, King had the political sophistication of an Oxford history scholar. Cudlipp had simply the swift political iostincts of a South Walian. King's radicalism was based on his sympathy for the underdog, as he put it. Cudlipp had actually been ao underdog and had deftly slipped out from uoder and vaulted to the top.

The year was 1938, year of appeasement, year of Munich. The Mirror papers attacked Chamberlain and demanded that Churchill be brought into the government. Guided by King. Cudlipp wrote what he called "a bellicose and flag-

sioned articles by Churchill and Lloyd George, Britain's foremost writers on warfare. It was the beginning of Cudlipp's political education. During the next 30 years, he was to become personally acquainted with every leading politician in Britain.

In 1940, after Churchill had formed the National Government, he complained that the highly charged articles Cudlipp was writing on Sundays, and Cassandra throughout the weck, to ginger up the war effort, appeared to him to be scurrilous and subversive. In times of military adversity they might even lead to defeatism.

The time had come for Cudlipp to leave journalism and go to war. "What are you?" asked a sergeaot. "A oewspaper editor." answered the recruit. "Get into that effing truck," the sergeant said.

A subaltero in the Rayal Sussex Regiment involved in the battle of Alamein, Cudling was ordered to report to Harold Macmillan, Britain's resident minister at Tripoli. Macmillan Years later, the Mirror was to asked him whether he could produce a Forces newspaper to match the American Stars and Stripes. Cudlipp said he could and it must obviously be named Union Jack.

The operation demanded all Cudlipp's organising skills and buccaneering boldness in laying hands on newsprint and ink. Towards the cod of the war there were five editions under Colonel Cudlipp's direction, plus the weekly magazine Crusader.

A natural rebel. Cudlipp found it hard to be the voice of authority. Occasionally he kicked over the traces and was in trouble with the military authorities for publishing a story about the bizarre sex life of an officer as revealed in the Divorce Court: or for suggesting that the soldiers in Italy should get more pay so that they could huy a drink for the younger sisters of the Italian girls the Americans were taking out to dinner. More tremism to return, he became seriously, he was carpeted reporting that the Americans were sweeping into Rome unopposed because the British and the Poles were rolling back the Germans in the Apennines.

Cudlipp was now entering his thirties. He had come a long way fast. The Cardiff boy I had met on the Salford tram was slim, dark haired, lustrous-eyed, a vounger Valentino. He had a fine speaking voice, but though of his nights in his bedsitter im-

he played his classical records. when he spoke of the depression he had left behind in South Wales to face the depression he now lonked on in Lancashire. But he was a happy young man too, with a warm home background. His father was a genial chap who travelled the Welsh valleys io groceries. His mother, a policeman's daughter, was, Cudlipp would recall, "volatile,

impulsive, a tireless racooteur".



journalism. All three Cudlipp boys were to get to the very top of their profession. It was a miracle. They enjoyed no privilege and no patronage and they had had only a meagre schooling. Their temperaments were different and they did not even look like brothers

Yet they shared newspaper genius. When Reg Cudlipp was made Editor of the News of the World at 43, Percy, aged 48, was the veteran Editor of the Daily Herald (he edited the Evening Standard at 27) and Hugh, now

had been fired by Bartholomew, but Cecil King had succeeded him as chairman and had res-He was an angry young man cued Cudlipp from two years of exile at the Sunday Express. Cudlipp became King's righthand man in the days when the Mirror Group was initiating merger after merger to become the biggest publishing house in the world.

was to succeed King, but in most painful circumstances. The year was 1968 and King was two years over the conveotooal retiring He had two elder brothers in age of 65. It was many months

since he had become disillusioned with Harold Wilson and had persuaded himself that a terrible national financial crash was imminent and inevitable.

King began using his position as top publisher to sound out eminent people about their willingness to serve in an emergency government which would hold itself in readiness for the call to steer the nation back to order and stability.

Cudlipp tells in his autohiography, Walking on the Water (1976), how King got him to 40, was Editor in Chief of the arrange a meeting with Earl Mirror Group with the title of Mountbatten of Burma so that By this time, Hugh Cudlipp serve as leader in such a govemment. Startled, Mountbatten quickly brought this comic opera interview to an end.

A day or two later, King wanted the Mirror to tell the Parliameotary Labour Party to sack Wilson and get a new leader. Cudlipp refused to commit the paper and headed King off by suggesting that he should write a page one per-Many years later, Cudlipp sonal piece. This King did and he made a sensational allegation that lies were being told about Britain's currency reserves.

King was a part-time director of the Bank of England and

this added weight to his charge. He had, however, to resign his directorship at once and a few weeks later the embarrassed board of the Mirror company took a unanimous decision to enforce his retirement.

They appointed Cudlipp in his place. King thought they had made a wrong choice of successor. Cudlipp was a first violin but no conductor.

"Just a Fiddler on the Roof," joked Cudlipp. But later he acknowledged that the chairmanship of a great international company was not his natural role. It was only five years before Cudling retired at the early age of 60. For years, there was an angry silence between the ter King's 80th hirthday, it was

brought to an end. One of Cudlipp's saddest tasks as chairman was to sell the Sun to Rupert Murdoch in 1969. The Mirror had acquired the Daily Herald in their absorption of Odhams Press seven years earlier. Cudlipp tried to stop its decline and in the end, in 1964, gave the Herald a new name, the Sun, and a new dress. But the Sun did not rise.

The time came wheo its losses could no longer be sus-

tained. Yet it could not be closed down to become a lost voice and a lost employer. Murdoch was the only first-class bidder and he had to win, though Cudlipp knew he would turn it into a rival tabloid and would employ talented ex-Mirror men to produce a shameless imitation of their old paper.

For Hugh Cudlipp personally the great decade of the Mirror began in 1954. The circulation went up to a record of five million copies a day. The King-Cudlipp partnership was at its best and was aided, Cudlipp recalled, by an editorial phalanx

The Mirror, long noted for its audacity and irreverence intwo old partners. But, shortly af- cluding its loyal and affectionate irreverence for the Royal Family - now won a new reputation for its insight into national and international politics. The Mirror hegan to win golden opinions from people in high places accustomed to sniff at popular newspapers. It became the first paper shrewd politicians read and ministers in the news would beg an early edition to find out before they went to bed whether the paper had bestowed on them a cuff or a caress.

> Pride grew as the papers moved from their humble and shabby abode off the bottom of Fetter Lane to the tall glass palace at the too that dominates Holborn Circus, When Cudling came down to the editorial floor it was sometimes difficult not to believe that we were all on a film set. The Valentino that was had filled out and his hair was greying. Now he looked more like Spencer Tracy though with a touch of Edward G. Robinson, as, cigar in mouth, head thrust forward, shoulders aggressively haunched, he marched purposefully into the Editor's room.

> Cudlipp was a great actor manqué. He would act out an anecdote with hrilliantly inveoted satiric dialogue and could hold and delight any company. Sometimes the acting was in the mind of a political leader at a time of crisis. Cudlipp would play the main part and we supplied the supporting cast. Io my time I played Home to his Heath, Brown to

his Gaitskell, Callaghan to his

Sometimes he would pace the room dictating a leading article as though it was a public speech, while we of the high command stood poised to leap in with word or phrase, whenever the spark failed.

It was not all sweetness and light. Brilliance has its price. Cudlipp had his black moods. Sometimes he would merely snap and snarl, but when the demon was really in him he would blow his top and assault with verbal violence somebody who had said the wrong thing. His contrition, after one of these attacks, never failed and was often expressed by a pay rise for the victim, or even promotion.

Cudlipp loved politics. High policy for the papers was made by King and him closeted together and away from it all on the ninth floor. Cudlipp brought to these meetings not only what he had personally learnt from the politicians, but also the knowledge and views of his scnior political staff. The problem was seldom what to say, but rather how it should be said and on what day.

There was, however, a famous clash over Suez. King would have supported Eden. Cudlipp, his resolution strengthened by Sydney Jacobson. then political editor, convinced King that if they took that course the Mirror would be on the opposite side to Labour and all progressive opinion in Britain. By its stand against Suez, the Mirror lost 70,000 readers hut soon won more than it had lost.

The most important innovation in Hugh Cudlipp's day was the "shock issue" in which page after page is dominated by type text, and a picture exposing some social evil. "I evolved it," Cudlipp said, "as an exercise in brutal mass education."

The first shock issue, in 1960, was a searing account of the suffering of horses shipped from Britain to the hutchers of Belgium and France. This was followed by exposures of the scandals of the poorly equipped youth clubs, cruelty to children, pollution, the suicide club of teenagers on ton-up motorbikes, and the neglect of old and lonely people.

Cudlipp's finest hours were, however, lived during the six General Election campaigns. which he led. He would summon the election team to his session, and, when the plan was formed, leap to the drawing-board, sketch the lay-outs and write in the headlines. He was in his element here as he never was among the balance sheets io the boardroom.

His most subtle campaign was his first, in 1955, just after Eden had become Prime Minister. The Tories were unbeatable. So the Mirror's message was Vote Labour and "Keep the Tories Tame".

Cudlipp began the critical week of Macmillan's 1959 "You never had it so good" electioo with a page one message "The Time has Come for the Tories to Go." "Why? - See Monday's Mirror." "Why? - See Tuesday's Mirror." Etc., etc.

But the most powerful campaign be fought was the election of 1964 which brought Labour and Harold Wilson to power after the Tories had ruled for "Thirteen Wasted Years". It was, however, the election that would not come alive. Cudlipp asked me to wade through the copy in search of a potential sensution that would rouse the electors.

The Tory government had recently been shaken by the Profumo scandal and there was a scurrilous whispering campaign linking Wilson with his political secretary Marcia Williams. At last the sensation came. It consisted of two lines. Asked at a meeting about Profumo. Quintin Hogg had answered: "If you can tell me there are oo adulterers oo the Froot Beoch of the Labour Party ..."

This was it. I must consult

Cudlipp. But he was dining with one of the Tory leaders, Teal Heath, who was being given a chance to put the Tory case in the pro-Labour but fair-playing Mirror. Heath had just moved to Albany and nobody knew his secret telephone number. The bour was late. So I went round to the flat, told Heath I had to see Cudlipp and he led me to him in the drawing-room. poured me a quadruple malt. and left us together.

On the top of his grand piano, we wrote the page one headline: "Hogy Blows His Top . . . Fantastic Smear Against Labour's Front Bench." When Heath came back we explained in some embarrassment what we had been up to and shamelessly asked to use his telephone to give instructions on the treatment of the story. The election was awake at last. The irony was that Hogg had oever heard the gossip about Wilson but was thinking of an ancient longforgotten scandal.

Outside public affairs and newspapers. Hugh Cudlipp's interests were narrow. He had little time for sport, literature. or the theatre. If he went to the races it was for the fun of the champagne party and not for the horses.

Yet he was an animal lover. He once had an Afghan hound that was the terror of every office messenger. And he had a famous parrot, a wayward bird. that flew ashore from Cudlipp's boat in a French harbour. causing every Mirror correspondent in northern France to be alerted.

The boat was Cudlipp's great hobby, first a petrol then a diesel motor-cruiser, with necommodation for six. Each year he took it across the Channel and many tales were told of the hazards of fog and gale and Captain Cudlipp crying "Grog all round, my hearties" as each

peril was surmounted. What Cudlipp really loved was human society. He could not endure solitude. He needed to lead the conversation over the drinks, or over the dinner table. An earnest challenging confrontational conversation.

It could, of course, get rough, as on the night when he made the Prime Minister of Peru face the poverty of his people, or the night at the Dorchester when Cudlipp and George Brown gave a frank reading of one another's character.

Hugh Cudlipp would have marriages eoded tragically. In his third, to Jodi, who had a rare combination of wit and compossion, he found the warm companionship he needed. So he mellowed. In his retirement. he wrote two books about newspapers and broadcast and televised from time to time. He did not use the House of Lords as a platform as he might well have done but he did live a congeoial and useful social life in Sussex. serving on the Committee of the Chichester Festival Theatre.

Yet, without a newspaper to run, he was a man deprived. Newspapers, Always Blondy Newspapers" was the chapter heading of one of his autohiographical books.

John Beavar

Hugh Cudlipp, journalist: born Cardiff 28 August 1913; Editor, Sunday Pictorial 1937-40, 1946-49; OBE 1945: Managing Editor, Sunday Express 1950-52; Editorial Director, Daily Mirror and Sunday Pictorial, 1952-63, joint managing director 1959-63; director, Associated Television 1956-73; chairman, Odhams Press 1961-63; chairman, Daily Mirror Newspapers 1963-68; deputy chairman, International Publishing Corporation 1964-68, chairman 1968-73; deputy chairman (editorial). Reed International 1970-73; Kt 1973; created 1974 Baron Cudlipp; married three times, secandly 1945 Eileen Ascroft (died 1962), thirdly 1963 fodi Hyland; died Chichester, West Sussex 17 May

· John Beavan (Lord Ardwick) died 18 August 1994



ROYAL ENGAGEMENTS ROYAL ENGAGEMENT'S
The Queen & The Duke of Edinburgh visit the Create a Flower Show at the Royal Hospital, Chelesa, Lendon SW3, The Prince of Wales. The Duke of York. The Princess Royal. The Duke of Kent and Princess Alexandra also attend. The Princess Royal, Patron, The Basic Salla Agency, visits a "Storyands" project at Westles County Princess Cook. Lancestone Way, Westles Down, Synalon, Westlein's and as Patron, Sense, altends a Reception and Dinner at the Chelses Flower Show.

Changing of the Guard The Household Cavairy Mounted Regiment mounts the Ousen's Life Guard at Horse Guards, 11 3thm; Int Battalion Webb Guard mounts the Quern's Guard, at Burchingham Palaces, 11 30am, road provided by the Webb Guard.

For Gazette BIRTHS, MARRIAGES & DEATHS, please telephone 0171-293 2011 or fax to 0171-293 2010.

Birthdays Pope John Paul 11, 78; Sir Richard

Body MP. 71: Mr John Bruton, Prime Minister of the Republic of Ireland, 51: Miss Caroline Charles, fashion designer, 56; Mr Perry Como, singer, 86; Sir Patrick Cormack MP, 59: Mr Graham Dilley, cricketer, 39; Professor Sir Anthony Epsteln. pathologist, 77; Sir Anthony Fell, for-mer MP, 84; Mr Brian Fleicher, former jockey, 51; Professor Geoffrey Hall, nuclear scientist, 70; Rear-Admiral Peter Hammersky. 70: Lord Hartwell former chairman and Editor-in-Chief. the Daily Telegraph and Sunday Telegraph, 87: Mr Keith Hellawell, chief constable, West Yorkshire, 56; Mr David Jamieson MP, an Assistant Whip, 51; Mr

George Kitson, former principal, Central School of Speech and Dra-ma, 76: Professor Malcolm Longair, astronomer, 57; Miss Miriam Margolyes, actress, 57; Lord St John of sley, author, barrister and former MP, 69; M Jacques Santer, President of the European Commission, 61; Mr Norbert "Nobby" Stiles, feetballer, 56; Mr Rick Wakeman, rock keyboard player and composer, 49; Miss Toyah Willcox, singer and actress, 40; Mr Charles Wintour, former editor, the Evening Standard, 81.

**Anniversaries** 

Births: Bertrand Arthur William Russell, Third Earl, philosopher, 1872. Deaths: Elias Ashmole. antiquarian, 1692: Gustav Mahler, composer, 1911. On this day: Napoleon was proclaimed Emperor of France 1804; India exploded her first nuclear bomb, 1974; in Washington State, US, Mount St Helens erupted in a power blast 500 times more powerful than the Hiroshima atom bomb, 1980. Today is the Feast Day of SI Elgiva. St Eric, king of Sweden, St Felix of Cantalicio, Si John L pope, Si Potamor and Saints Theodotus and Thecus

Lectures

Tate Gallery: Lawrence Ferlinghetti, Michael Horovitz, Bernard Kops and Barbara Read, "Painting and Poetry: the work of Kenneth

#### CASE SUMMARIES: 18 MAY 1998

Reports.

Criminal appeal

R v lackson; CA (Crim Div) (Rose I.L. Butterfield, Richards JD 28 April 1998. Where a single judge considto appeal against conviction or (CPS) for the Crown.

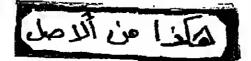
The following notes of judg- sentence to the Court of Apments were prepared by the re- peal, Criminal Division grantporters of the All England Law ed leave on some grounds but specifically refused it on others, the grounds on which leave had been refused might only be pursued with the leave of the Full Court.

Mart Willers (Registrar of Criminal Apering an application for leave peak) for the appellant; Hugh Davies

Eastbourne Town Radio Cars Ltd v Commes of Customs & Excise; CA (Smon Brown, Swinton Thomas, Potter Ljj.) 7 May 1998 A constitution adopted by an as-

sociation formed by taxi drivers to provide administrative facilities to its members specified that the association acted as association; Melanie Hall, Phillips With agent for the individual mem- plc (Solicitor, C & E) for the Crown.

bers. The reality, however, was that "facilities or advantages" were provided to the members by the association within s 94(2) of the Value Added Tax Act 1994. Skilful drafting did not alter the position that the association was liable for VAT loe Smouha (Bruchers, Muidstone) for the



# Greenalls' results set to ferment bid speculation

THE WEEK



DEREK PAIN

TWO of the stock market's through high voting shares, entakeover favourites are due to sured Greenalis survival.

roll out profit figures this week. Greenails is probably the most bewhiskered hid candidate of them all; Compass has emerged as the hot tip from the boys in dark glasses in the past

The hotels and pubs chain has been in the takeover spotlight since it arrived on the market in the 1950's. For a long while Greenalls was Britain's biggest regional brewer and, in the corporate ferment which engulfed the beerage in the 1950's and 1960's, seemed destined to fall to one of the takeover marauders.

Indeed it nearly did - several times. Talks at its Warrington beadquarters went on through out the night on more than one occasion with door-

Greenall now running the business, thought ending the group's brewing heritage, datthe tedium of takeover speculation he was sadly mistaken.

Since retiring from browing it has frequently felt the heat of bid rumours. Its hotels and extensive pubs chain are seen as ideal targets for growthbungry hrewers. Indeed, one of the more recent stories was that Whitbread was prepared to give up brewing, thereby throwing off the Westminster shackles on its pub ownership, if it could accommodate Greenalis.

And concentrating on retailing, with liberal dashes of distilling and wholesaling, has

which left its exposed to pres-If Lord Daresbury, the sures from aggressive rivals.

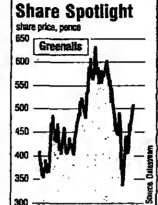
Now it is busy spending to redress its misguided policy and putting increasing eming back to 1762, would relieve phasis behind its branded concepts such as Miller's Kitchen and Henry's Cafe Bar.

> Greenalls was a Footsie constituent. Membership of the exclusive club coincided with its fall from grace. In a year its shares halved 315p. Signs Lord Daresbury and his learn are getting to grips with the problems - plus rumours of bids and the disposal of the upmarket hotel chain - have helped the shares to around 500p. The interim figures will not offer any inspiration. A little changed £64m is likely. With year's

membership in next month's re-

21/SHARES

Bid speculation should help. Il is not difficult to find market nperators who believe Compass will have great diffi-For just three months culty retaining its independence. Rentokil Initial, the environmental group, has



caterer, arrived in Footsie in is due, on past form, to make splashed out £1.8bn on Inter-March. 11 should retain its a big acquisition. And contract catering would be a natural expansion.

Intriguingly, Rentokil's Sir Clive Thompson, has said: "One of the benefits of good rumours is that they mostly have some sense in them." He said there was sense in Rentokil looking at Compass and two other rumoured targets. "We will continue to look at these businesses and many others".

In the meantime, Compass, a buyout from the old Grand Metropolitan nine years ago, is continuing to develop its catering muscle although its lowermargin operations present a challenge. Interim profits could be sharply higher, perhaps £75m against £56.4m.

Continental Hotels.

It also directly returned £850m to shareholders - have been snuggling up to US through a buyback of specially

created shares. Such an upheaval will not produce a distinguished profits gain - around £325m is expected against £318m.

Marks & Spencer is another unlikely to produce a majestic display. Year's profits of the high street supremo will be decidedly pedestrian - say £1.12bn against £1.1bn. Recent trading has been tough with clothing margins squeezed and food sales suffering from increased competition. Overseas profits, previously one of the growth avenues, will be rather dull.

BT will also ring in with

Compass, the contract looked closely at the group. It tenanted pubs estate and prompted analysts to slash profits forecasts; around £720m against £718m is now expected. PowerGen, which is thought to utility Hauston Industries, is due to produce some £600m against £576m.

Carlton Communications' balf-year figures will be down, say £145m against £163m. But attention will focus on its British Digital Broadcasting television joint venture with Granada which is due to start

A BDB investment presentation earlier this month was well received, with the market impressed by expectations the venture will break even with 2 million subscribers and make profits of £250m with 5 million.

Royal & SunAlliance will show storm damage with first-

> the had can-



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2 % 1.0 1.54 2.59 2.59 2.50 2.50 4.60 4.60 365 367 369 369 369 369 369 369 369 369

source: Bloomberg

# Asda and Kingfisher call off talks Hopes of BA order

By Nigel Cope Associate City Editor

MERGER talks between Asda and Kingfisher broke down at the weekend after the two sides failed to reach agreement on a £13bn deal. Talks were said to be "completely at an end" and, although neither side would rule out a return to the negotiating table, insiders said it was unlikely.

Asda, bowever, claimed the talks had only been exploratory "low key" discussions about how the two companies might have worked together in the UK on areas like clothing, entertainment and pharmacy. It said merger terms bad not been discussed.

"They never were merger talks. They were really discussions about ways of working together and considering those areas of overlap between us," a spokeswoman said. The suggestion was that the talks centred on the possibility of Asda selling its "George" clothing range through Woolworths with branches of Superdrug and Comet opening in Asda superstores.

However, other sources indicated that the discussions were specifically about a merger of the two companies which would have created a new retail powerhouse with interests spanning food, clothing, DIY, electricals and pharmacy. It is understood that management roles were discussed and that Sir Geoff Mulcahy, Kingfisher's, chief executive, would have been executive chairman of the combined group. Allan Leighton, Asda's chief executive, was likely to take the chief executive position.

"I can see Allan and Geoff working together and I can see synergies between the two groups," said Nick Bubb, retail analyst at SG Securities. "It would be a merger of equals but in a way it is surprising because Kinglisher has a very solid strategy of going into electrical retailing and DIY in Europe."

Mr Bubb said that linking up with Woolworths would be a way for Asda to fulfil its stated ambition of making its George clothing label the UK's number two clothing brand after Marks & Spencer.

Talks between Asda and Kingfisher started about two weeks ago with the initial cootact being made between Sir Geoff Mulcahy and Archie Norman, Asda's chairman. Mr Norman used to work with Sir Geoff as Kingfisher's finance director until joining Asda in 1992. Though both sides claim the other made the initial approach. the subsequent talks were held between Sir Geoff and Mr Leighton. The final meetings were all-day talks in Londoo on Friday.

Though neither side would comment on the reason for the collapse of the talks, it is understood Asda was worried by complications that could have arisen because of the level of integration between Kingfisher's UK and international businesses.

A merger between the two would have created a huge business which would have been Britain's second largest retailer after Marks & Spencer. Kingfisher has more than 2,000 stores spread across a variety of formats including Woolworths, B&Q, Comet and Superdrug. It owns the Darty electricals business in France and the MVC and Entertainment UK music and video businesses. Kingfisher's shares have soared over the last three years after a radical boardroom overhaul three years ago.

Asda has become a big success story in the supermarket sector after teetering on the brink of collapse in 1992. It has now established itself as Britain's third largest supermarket group after Tesco and Sainsbury's. Its sales growth is the best in the industry.

As well as cross fertilisation of products in each other's stores, a merger would have generated cost savings through greater buying power in certain sectors like clothing,



Asda's chairman, Archie Norman (left), was involved in initial discussions with Sir Geoff Mulcahy two weeks ago

nesses have similar trading philosophies as Kingfisher pioneered the "every day low prices" approach. They are also of similar size. Kingfisher is the larger company in terms of market value, with a capitalisation of £7.2bn compared with Asda's £5.5bn. But Asda is the larger in sales with turnover of £7bn against Kingfisher's £5.8bn.

Kingfisher's acquisition activity has been centred on the Continent most recently, with deals in France and Germany. Asda, though,

entertainment and pharmacy. The two businesses and entertainment and pharmacy. The two businesses and according to some analysts. It looked at buying the Welcome Break service stations in a £400m deal a few years ago. Then last year news broke that it in talks with Safeway about a possible £10bn merger, although the tie-

> would be subjected to a long and disruptive investigation by the competition authorities. A deal with Kingfisher would be unlikely to encounter regulatory problems. However, there might be problems over the dif-

up foundered on concerns that the deal

who might take the top jobs. ...

Asda has a very informal management style with open plan offices in Leeds and first-name terms among managers. Kingfisher is a more formal company with a London head office that delegates much of day-to-day operations to the individual businesses. At board level, some analysts say it would be difficult to see Sir Geoff or Mr Leighton wishing to play second fiddle to the other in an enlarged group.

more games in its branches by mounting

televisions on walls. It reckons wall-

mounted TV displays will help demonstrate

the qualities of digital TV sets as they come

ket was worth £624m last year and is grow-

ing fast. Dixons says 19 per cent of UK

housebolds own a PC and that consumers

buy six to eight games a year on average.

The market is at present dominated by

The UK entertainment software mar-

on stream later this year.

# fade at Airbus

By Michael Harrison

HOPES are fading at Airbus that British Airways will break with tradition and award the European jet manufacturer an order worth £2.4bn for up to 100 new jets.

Reports in recent weeks suggested that Airbus was ahead of its US rival Boeing in the race for the prestige deal. But sources in the European consortium, in which British Aerospace has a 20 per cent stake. believe this was merely a ruse to get Boeing to return with a more aggressive tender. Indeed, as recently as last month there were suggestions that Airbus executives were

angry at being given "the runaround" by BA. The choice is between the Airbus A320 family and Boeing's New Generation 737 series, launched at the beginning of last year. BA plans to use the new jets to operate regional services from the UK to short-haul and medium-haul European destinations. The order is due to be placed in early April.

BA has never ordered Airbus aircraft before - something which has led it to being christened Boeing Airways at the Toulouse headquarters of the European consortium.

Although senior BA sources maintained last week that Boeing and Airbus had an equal chance of winning the order, Airbus believes that the US manufacturer will pull out all the stops to clinch the deal.

"It is more important for Boeing to keep BA as a customer than for Airbus to win its first order," one observer said. Boeing has ramped up production rates of the new 737. at its Seattle factories after incurring more. than \$1bn (£614m) of charges and will be anxious to secure BA's order. Airbos is also considering raising production rates again from 236 this year to 300 in 1999. That would take output of the A320 family to 17-18 a month.

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As part of its attempt to secure the order, Boeing has been conducting a lobbying campaign highlighting the UK jobs it provides and the number of suppliers that work on the 737 programme. It says that if selected, it will create work for 25 UK suppliers including BAe, British Aerospace, GEC-Marconi and Smiths Industries. According to Boeing executives, more than 30 major components, ranging from the rudder and dorsal fin to electronic instrumentation, are manufactured in the UK.

Observers also believe Boeing will be keen not to lose such a prestige customer as BA if it decides to press ahead with the develneni oi a super-jumbo, boeing sneived plans to build a stretched version of its 747 jumbo jet last year, claiming the market was too small. The announcement took observers by surprise and, for the time being at least, left Airbus as the only jet manufacturer preparing to launch a super-jumbo.

Airbus, which has been working with 20 airlines including BA on the development of its 650-scater A3XX, intends to finalise the design later this year and start signing up customers in 1999. This may oblige Boeing to spell out its plans. BA is one of the most enthusiastic backers of the concept but Boeing puts demand at only 470 whereas Airbus estimates it at 1.360.

Five years on

from the

launch of

Hollywood

and his wife

to combine

cinema and

restaurants in

Megaplex sites

across the UK

again planning

Trish are

**Planet** 

#### **BP** in calls for cut in Rosneft price

BRITISH businessmen yesterday urged Russia's president, Boris Yeltsin, to reduce the starting price for the sale of the Russian state oil company Rosneft, Russian officials said. Mr Yeltsin had not responded directly to the request, made when he met British executives after the Group of Eight summit in Birmingham, but the request was being considered. British Petroleum and Royal Dutch Shell are among companies which have expressed interest in buying the 75 per cent stake, plus one share, which is to be auctioned off in Rosneft. A BP official took part in the meeting with Yeltsin, Russian officials said. The potential bidders have said the starting price of \$2.1bn is too high in the light the fall in world energy prices. - Reuters

#### WPP 'gazumped'

WPP Group is suing the Canary Wharf property complex in London's docklands for £17m after allegedly being gazumped in the battle for office space. WPP had been planning to move all its Ogilvy & Mather advertising business to Canary Wharf but found the space was let instead to the Financial Services Authority. WPP is claiming for wasted costs and lost savings on rent.

#### Japan thanks G8

JAPAN, fresh from a record package to revive its flagging economy, will consider a review of private consumption taxes from "a hroad perspective", Ryutaro Hashimoto, the Japanese Prime Minister, said yesterday. Speaking at the close of the ananal summit of the Group of Eight nations, Mr Hashimoto said he bad not expected the G8 to give such a strong welcome for last month's 16 trillion yen package. As well as paying tribute to Japan's stimulus measures, world leaders stressed in a statemeot released oo Friday the oced for Japan to overhaul its ailing banking sys-

#### **HSBC** denies sale

HSBC Holdings, the UK's largest hank, said it has no plans to sell its investment banking unit, as rivals Barclays and National Westminster Bank have done after failing to compete with world-class US investment banks. Alex Cheeseman, spokeswoman for HSBC, denied weekend press reports that a sale of HSBC Investment Bank was being considered and a decision was likely within weeks. -- Bloomberg

# Dixons plans attack on computer game market

By Nigel Cope

DEXONS is planning an assault on Britain's rapidly growing computer games market in an attempt to become the dominant retailer in the sector. It sees entertainment software as a key driver of growth backed by the continued rise in the number of UK households which own a personal computer. Dixons proposes to more than double

the space allocated to computer games in each of its 340 outlets. The number of Sony Playstation games will be increased from 60-160 in all its stores over the the summer.

A BIDDING war could break out for the

various parts of the Hillsdown Holdings

food conglomerate after it emerged that

Unigate has had a £1.5bn offer for the group

ness with a cash pile of £280m, made the of-

fer at the beginning of the year in an attempt to pre-empt the individual sale of Hillsdown's

businesses, which are being demerged into

three different quoted companies.

Unigate, the milk and fresh food busi-

electrical retailer will be a blow to the spe- claims to have a growing share of the UK cialist games groups like Electronics Boutiques and Game, which have been growing quickly on the back of a booming market and the success of games like Tomb Raider.

The timing of Dixons' attack could affect the placing of Game's £140m flotation, which is due to be announced in two weeks time. Game had boped to float at a significant premium to the market helped by the surging share price of Electronics Boutique, whose shares have trebled since

Dixons has sold £100m of computer The aggressive move by Britain's largest game hardware and software this year and

foods business, which is a big supplier of

ready-made meals to Marks & Spencer. It

would have sold off unwanted parts such

as Hillsdown's furniture and housebuild-

ing operations, which have been the sub-

ject of interest from trade and financial

However, analysts say rival offers for the

food operations could come in from

entertainment market. It has been pleased with the performance of its new "mega" store format at Cribbs Causeway in Bristol, which opened two months ago and devotes substantial space to computer and video games. The store also has other features such as a photo-processing centre, which may be added to more stores.

Jonathan Hart, Dixons' managing director said: "We see games as a large and growing market. That's why we're responding to our customers' demands for the

best range and choice Dixons can offer."

Hillsdown's share price this morning, the

company may be forced to make a

statement about the offer to the Stock

Hillsdown. This would have to be a sig-

It is possible that Unigate could come

specialists like Game and Electronic Boutiques. Other strong players in the market include music megastores like Virgin The company will create the space for and HMV.

Hillsdown rejects £1.5bn offer from Unigate Unigate is interested in the chilled and Danone, the French foods company. of Friday's closing price of 185.5p. How-Depending of the movement in ever, it is more likely to make an offer for the chilled foods business, which is con-

> Unigate has sufficient cash resources to finance an offer. Meanwhile, it is possible Unigate would spin-off its dairy opback with a higher offer for the whole of erations into a separate company, or merge them with Express Dairies, the renificant increase on the previous bid as cently demerged milk operation of Northcompanies such as Northern Foods, Geest Hillsdown is currently valued at £1.35bn as ern Foods.

sidered the jewel in Hillsdown's crown.

# Robert Earl plans Megaplex chain

By Andrew Yates

AS LONDON's Planet Hollywood restaurant gears up to celebrate its fifth birthday, Robert Earl, the Orlando-based English impresario behind the famous eaterie, is about to unveil a huge expansion plan throughout the UK. The charismatic cockney is on the verge of announcing his group's first "Megaplex" cinema complex. A new music themed restaurant is also about to be opened in Leicester Square, a coorept that could be rolled out around the world.

At least eight megaplexes, incorporating rinemas and restaurants, are on the menu, Movie goers could sooo be presented with a choice of themed restaurants as they make their way to up to 30 cinema screens. Mr Earl, the group's founder and chairman, has already found a venue in Manchester and bas shortlisted sites in seven other British cities. The new wenture raises the possibility price fell down to earth last year after its ex-

that a chain of Planet Hollywood restaurants will be established around the UK, sitting alongside all-star cafes, the group's new sports restaurant chain, and Cool Planet ice-cream parlours. The group recently raised \$250m to build 1,000 screens by 2000 with AMC entertainment, a Kansas-based cinema operator. Planet Hollywood Hotels could be next.

Speaking from Orlando, Mr Farl said he did not see himself as a mere restaurateur. "This is all about building world-wide trade marks around movies, sports and music, the three things every household in the world can identify with.... I am a brand builder."

But Mr Earl's brand-building efforts have not gone entirely to plan. Backing from Hollywood icons such as Arnold Schwarzenegger, Bruce Willis and Sylvester Stallone. ensured that Planet Hollywood was launched in a blaze of publicity. But its profits and share

parsion plans failed to live up to expectations. Now Mr Earl seems more determined than ever to prove his critics wrong. "Planet

Hollywood has moved from its hype to a level of establishment. Average sales are still the highest in the world," he insists. Mr Earl suggests last year's problems

were caused by growing 100 fast too soon. We opened 30 new places to get to 80 in 1997. That takes up a lot of time for celebrities. We got the best sites for the future but the expense in the short term was that I took my eye off the hall. We are still market leader and are now getting back to basics." Mr Earl believes Planet Hollywood

can thrive and he is ready to invest a lot of money betting it will. "The themed restaurant sector is still growing about 15 times more dynamically than any other sector." And be is keen to point out that Planet Hollywood remains the highest-grossing restaurant in London and, for that matter, Paris.



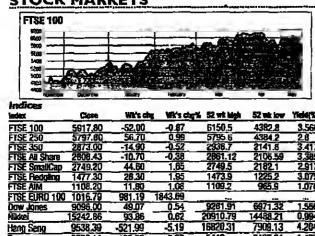
In a business that uses no advertising, much depends on the celebrities involved. And, with the value of their 17 per cent stake in the group falling sharply last year, the founding movie stars have a big incentive to get Placet Hollywood back oo track.

Only last week Arnold Schwarzenegger was opening the first Planet Movies megaplex in Ohio and Bruce Willis is plan-

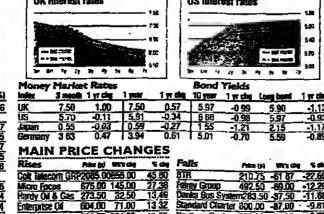
ning to play in London when the fifth anniversary of Planet Hollywood is officially celebrated later this mooth. Mr Earl is convinced his brands must

work. "In life, as we get more and more intense, we need more escapism." Planet Hollywood is Mr Earl's own brand of escapism. I never get bored. Being creative is. the biggest excitement you could ever have."

#### STOCK MARKETS



#### INTEREST RATES



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France (francs)	9.4697
Germany (marks)	2.8330
Greece (drachma)	485.67
Hong Kang (S)	12.26
ireland (punts)	1.1175
Indian (rupees)	61.12
Israel (shekels)	5.5578
italy (lim)	2797
Japan (yen)	214.92
Malaysia (rinonits)	£ 0034

Malta (Gra)	0.8176
Mexican (nuevo peso)	12.59
Natherlands (guilders)	3.1794
Kew Zealand (\$)	2.9422
Norway (krone)	11.92
Portugal (escudos)	287.90
Saudi Arabia (rials)	5.9474
Singapore (S)	2.5845
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DAVIES ON WHY FISCAL EASING DOES NOT ALWAYS BOOST **ECONOMIES** 

# Tax cuts are not a simple solution for Japan

ECONOMISTS, especially macroeconomists, frequently complain that their work is handicapped by a lack of laboratory experiments. This is why it is so fascinating to study what is going on in Japan - a laboratory experiment in how much damage an egreginusly misguided macroeconomic strategy can do to a developed economy.

Last week, this column argued that Japan now stands at a crossroads, with the US urging the Hashimoto government to adopt a further easing in fiscal policy, while the Bank of Japan is apparently flirting with the notion of opening the monetary floodgates. There are no apologies for returning to this topic this week, since the entire world economic outlook could hinge on which of these policy options is chosen.

The US recommends fiscal action because it would boost Japanese domestic demand, and alleviate the Asian crisis without devaluing the yea. But influential voices are now arguing that fiscal stimulus is not sufficient, and that it may become necessary, as a last resort, for the central bank to take to the printing presses.

Paul Krugman of MIT is one such voice, as his insightful new article on Japan's Trap (posted on his personal website, http://web.mit.cdu/krugman/www/) explains in detail. He reckons that real interest rates are simply too high to allow private sector spending to rebound, and says that this will remain the case until the central bank generates the expectation of future inflation by announcing a permanent increase in monetary growth. But if the printing presses really were switched on, the consequent devalution of the yen would push China and the rest of Asia into much deeper trouble.

Japan's problem has many dimensions, but at present the key elements are severe debt deflation, along with a liquidity trap which prevents interest rates from falling. What does this combination imply? As recession deepens, and prices fall, the real burden of debt increases, crippling an already-weakened banking sector. The appropriate response from the central bank is obviously to reduce real interest rates, but this cannot he done since nominal interest rates cannot go below zero. In fact, real interest rates - perversely - rise as inflation goes negative.

The traditional analysis of liquidity traps, which dates back to Keynes and Hicks in the late 1930s, emphatically suggests that an easing in hudgetary policy, not monetary policy, is the correct way out of this problem. In fact, increases in the money supply are usually thought to be entirely pointless when a liquidity trap exists, because the demand for money becomes infinite. Nominal interest rates on bonds are driven to such low levels (not necessarily zero but probably pretty close) that money absolutely dominates bonds as a medium for savings. If the central bank atlempts to pump more money into the system by buying bonds, the money is simply accepted by the private sector with interest rates remaining unchanged at very low levels. Nothing else changes.

Not only is it pointless to attempt to use monetary policy, but budgetary expansion can become extremely powerful in a liquidity trap, assuming that it can affect aggregate demand. This is because interest rates do not rise as demand increases, so there is no crowding out of the extra budgetary spending through tighter monetary conditions. Overall, then, the tra-

ditional theory seems to support the case for liscal, not monetary, medicine in Japan

Unfortunately, however, there are genuine reasons for doubting whether this traditional analysis holds. This is because fiscal expansion might not even get as far as increasing aggregate demand in the first place, so the absence of any crowding out through rising interest rates becomes irrelevant.

Here we come to another building block of macroeconomics, the theorem of Ricardian equivalence. This states

that, under certain very restrictive assumptions, tax cuts will not stimulate demand. This is because rational consumers will observe that the build-up in public debt necessary to finance the original tax cuts must imply that higher taxes will be needed to service the debt in future. Since households are no better nff in the long run, there is no reason why they should raise their spending in the first place:

Usually, full Ricardian equivalence can be safely discarded as a curiosum of the textbooks, but that is not necessarily the case in Japan today. The extremely severe nature of the public sector debt problem, the high profile it has been accorded in political debate, and the imminence of demographic ageing, all imply that consumers may be very sceptical about whether tax cuts can be safely afforded by the government.

Even if they are described by politicians as "permanent", such tax cuts may therefore be viewed by households as very temporary, and might therefore have rel-

Japan's fiscal predicament 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 % of GDP 15 -1.5 -2.3 -3.6 -4.3 -3.4 -5.0 general government -2.0 -4.8 -5.1 -6.5 -6.8 -5.5 -7.0 excluding social security points debit to prote 81.1 64.8 70.9 78.4 82.6 86.7 91.7 gross debt 4.2 5.2 8.0 11.8 15.8 18.4 23.4 07 -06 -01 11 -12 +157 -15 2015 budget deficit met debetGDP radio 2.5 -10.2 102 25 3.7

> atively little effect on spending. This perception is likely to be strengthened by the existence of the Fiscal Structural Reform Law, which insists that the budget deficit must be reduced to under 3 per cent of GDP by 2005. This means that tax payers can anticipate a fiscal tightening of over 4 per cent of GDP in the first five years of the next century - quite a dampener on consumer confidence -- even in the absence of more tax cuts in the next 18 months.

As the table shows, the Japanese government is already running a deficit of about 7 per cent of GDP, excluding the (temporary) surplus in the social security hudget. The ratio of gross public debt to GDP is close to 90 per cent, and although the net debt ratio looks comfortable at only 23 per cent, this is because the social security system temporarily holds financial assets which will quickly disappear as the population ages. The full severity of Japan's fiscal problem is demonstrated by the figures at the bottom of the table which

show that, on present policies, the budget deficit and debi ratios will truly explode in the first third of the next century.

This, of course, is why the the Ministry of Finance has been reluctant to "go for broke" with a massive fiscal easing. From 1992-96, the cumulative fiscal stimulus was about 3.7 per cent of GDP. and according to the OECD this managed to boost the level of GDP at the end of the period by only 12 per cent of GDP. In other words, the long-run multiplier from the

fiscal boost to final spending was less than one third, which is extremely mediocre by normal international standards.

Notwithstanding these genuine reasons for doubting whether tax cuts will work in present circumstances, there is a strong case for having one more attempt at a huge fiscal package this summer. To have any chance of success, these tax cuts must be described as permanent (which means amending the Fiscal Structural Reform Act); they must be much larger than anything so far contemplated; and they must involve cuts in marginal tax rates at the upper end of the income scale which are not offset by increased taxes lower down. None of these requirements will be easy to achieve. Indeed, the past record of the Hashimoto government suggests that such decisive action is only a remote possibility. If so, Japan may soon face Krugman's

trap, in which the last resort policy of massive and permanent monetisation may begin to look like a gamble worth taking.

TWO of Britain's most eminent businessmen who have warned against excessive boardroom pay are accused of presiding er "fat cal" share option schemes at their own blue chip companies in recently submitled union wage claims, writes

Barrie Clement. In contrast with the "moderate" pay rises enjoyed by employees, a senior union negotiator points to the "excessive" earnings of directors at the chemicals giant ICI, and the

#### Greenbury in 'fat cat' row

chaired a committee into top are considering intervention to pay three years ago, is also enforce moderation. Last week chairman of the remuneration an Institute of Management senior national official at the committee at Zeneca, and Sir Ron Hampel, chairman of ICI, hetween the boardroom and was the author of a report into the shopfloor was continuing to corporate governance published last August.

The criticism of boardroom - up from 7.9 per cent last year

pharmaceuticals group Zeneca. pay polices at ICI and Zeneca - compared with a 4 per cent Sir Richard Greenbury, who emerge at a time when ministers growth in earnings elsewhere. report showed that the gulf widen, with directors enjoying an average pay rise of 10.2 per cent yielded by share option schemes.

In wage claims submitted to ICI and Zeneca, Fred Higgs, a Transport and General Workers' Union, points to a gulf between

the increases his members are expecting and the "huge" sums

his members had to justify a pay increase in terms of their productivity. In the wage claim it was pointed out that three directors received ex-gratia payments instead of share options because they were aware of unpublished price-sensitive information. The union complains that the payments were in anticipation of share performance over the next three years and were paid out regardless of competence or whether the ex-

#### Treasury to publish ISA bench-marks

By Nic Cicutti

THE TREASURY is today expected to publish a henchmarking system for its proposed new tax-free Individual Savings Account (ISA) in an attempt to . ensure consumers are protected from excessive charges and disadvantageous returns.

CAT standard to be applied to acronym of the three areas the Treasury wants to see covered by the CAT: reasonable costs. easy access and decent terms.

The proposals come despite warnings by Howard Davies. chairman of the Financial Ser-At ICL, Mr Higgs says that ecutives stayed at the company. The Treasury paper con-vices Authority, the City watch-

tains proposals for a so-called dog expected to police the CAT standards, that such a move ISAs. The name is based on an might not work if it implies a guaranteed return or general suitability to investors.

But the Treasury believes its proposed system will stop short of such guarantees. The aim will be to ensure that consumers do not find the products they buy

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# INVITATION TENDER



As the driving force in the economic success of the Warrington, Vale Royal and Halton area, North and Mid Cheshire Training and Enterprise Council have undertaken a strategic review in the delivery of its services.

Our proposal is to establish new Centres of Excellence for Workforce Development, commencing with the Halton region.

This exciting new approach will best meet the needs of the people and businesses in Halton, by providing a single point of access for a complete range of job related training and workforce development programmes.

We would like to invite organisations with the ability and experience to achieve our vision to put forward their proposals to operate the Centre of Excellence for Workforce Development and join with us on this exciting new adventure.

A local launch of the Tender Document will be held at

Forte Posthouse, Runcorn 11.00am on 21st May 1998

reserve a place at the launch, please contact Sarah Ellis on 01925 826515

To apply for a copy of the Tender, please apply in writing to: Mr.A. Turley, North & Mid Cheshire TEC Ltd, Centre of Excellence Proposal, Spencer House, Dewhurst Road, Birchwood. Warrington, WA3 7PP

The closing date for returning completed Tender documents is 3rd July 1998



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# Heart is ripped out of an ancient gypsy fair



A row over caravan parking threatens a rural horse show. Mark Oliver reports

A YOUNG boy rides bare- sentenced to up to 14 days in horse fair in the Cotswolds. But over the fair's future. such evocative rural scenes are village of Stow-on-the-Wold.

The gypsies say the move has ripped the heart out of one of signs to that effect in the area. their most cherished traditions, braving the law each year.

A group of gypsies owns the land, but was refused planning permission to park caravans there and in 1996, the council won a High Court incaravans from the site.

This year, it is threatening to

back at a 500-year-old gypsy jall. It could also spark fears

Before last week's annual under threat from the local two-day fair, which was estabcouncil which plans to take le- lished by royal charter in 1476, gal action to jail travellers for the council placed an adverparking their caravans on the tisement in Horse and Hound stile, just varishe the phetaresque arequestion, which is read by travellers, warning of the possible jail threat and put up

The result was a fall in the with falling numbers of caravans number of caravans that turned up-only 77 when four years ago there had been 450.

It's a long-running battle and a classic case of the liberty of the gypsies versus varying degrees of aggravation to the lojunction banning residential cal community. The council says that local residents have complained of theft, intimidaenforce the ruling. Any gypsy or tion, drunken belligerence, and traveller breaking it could be eveo excrement being left in a



field one year when they claimed the gypsies did not for them, it's like their Christbring "facilities".

"I'm going to fight to the silly and the council are hoping they will stop them from coming," said Vera Norwood, a parish councillor sympathetic to the travellers' cause.

"It's such a wonderful day mas, they meet up with all of their family and there are death because the injunction is loads of engagements. The around." girls dress op in all their bangles and have their long hair done and the young meo do

their courting. "I'm not saying there is

never any trouble, but I feel agenda - we are just trying to ter atmosphere this year." Mrs much safer there than when I stop the travellers from stay- Norwood said the fair had pop out to the post box with the ing there and turn up on the local skateboard kids hanging

environmental health at Cots- among the gypsies and anger wold District Council, said: at the decision of the local pubs "We are not trying to stop the to close this year. But he fair - it's not even our hiddeo added: "I feel there was a bet-

day instead."

Mr Brennan conceded that Maurice Brennan, head of there had been "resentment"

been wonderful but lamented: "There was only half the amount of people that should have been there and I think the stallholders were unhappy with

The police said this year's

quiet" in terms of complaints. There had been some parking offences, reports of suspicious persons and two thefts.

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But the most notable complaint was the theft of one of the travellers' £18,000 caravans. Unlikely, one assumes, to have been perpetrated by one of those "thieving g'poes".



Following in a centuries-old tradition, young boys enjoy a lighthearted fight at the annual two-day horse fair, which was set up by royal charter in 1476

